

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Requestor's
Name:

Spivack

70400

Serial
Number:

09-995277

Date:

1-16-63

Phone:

2 DOS

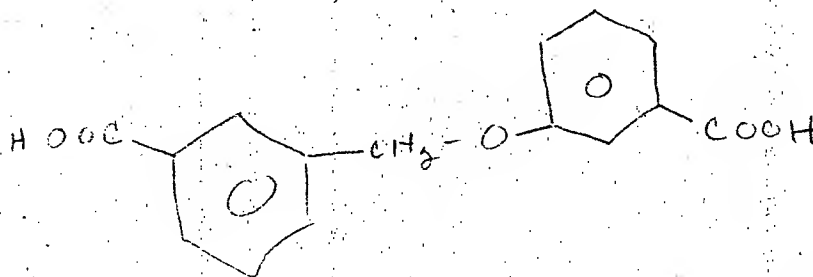
Art Unit:

1614

Search Topic:

Please write a detailed statement of search topic. Describe specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, keywords, etc., if known. For sequences, please attach a copy of the sequence. You may include a copy of the broadest and/or most relevant claim(s).

9/11/98

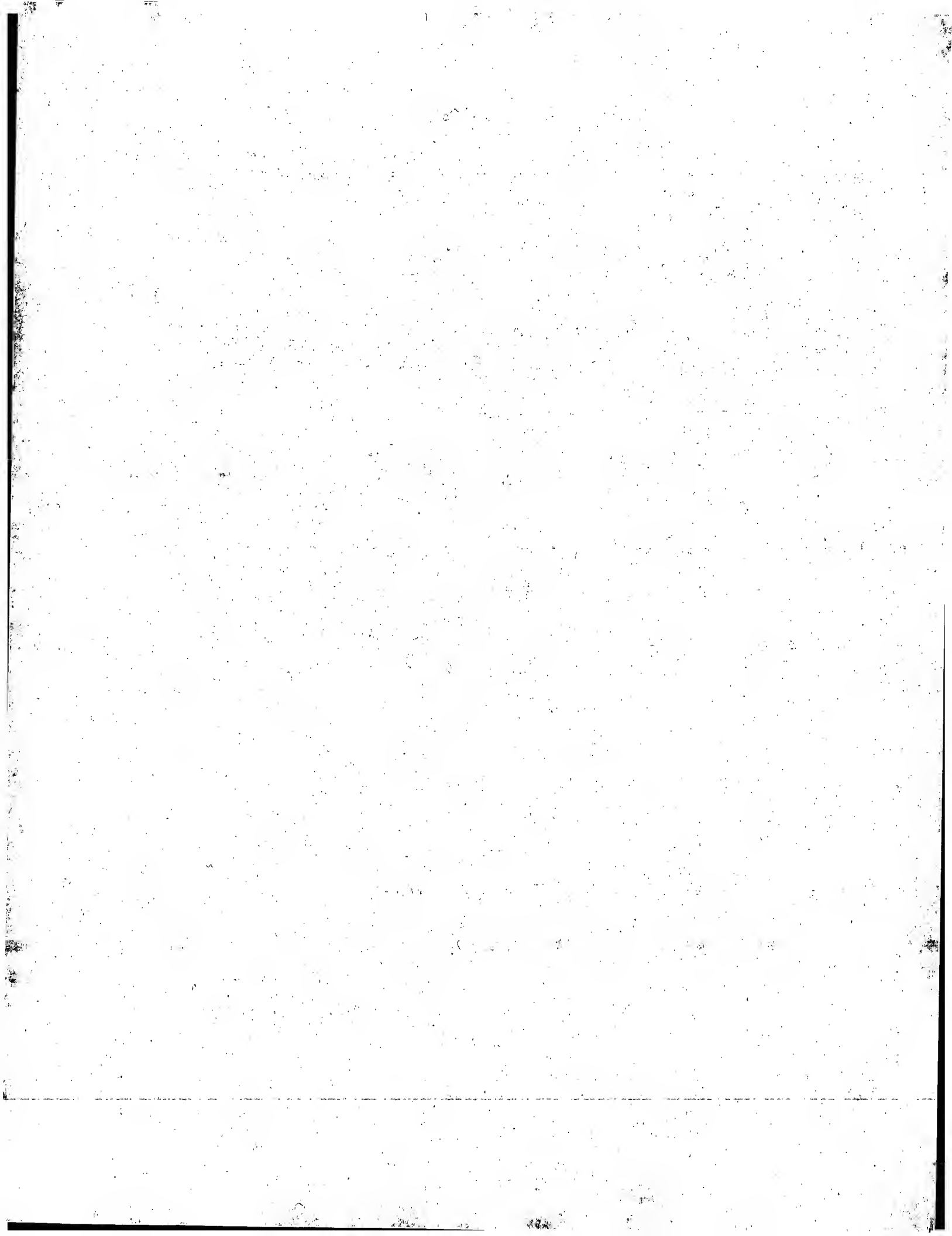


in Marpat

7.186

Point of Contact:
Barb O'Brien
Technical Information Specialist
STIC CM1 6A05 308-4291

*717
137*



=> fil marpat; d stat que 13

FILE MARPAT ENTERED AT 08:37:20 ON 17 JAN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE CONTENT: 1988-PRESENT (VOL 104 ISS 15-VOL 138 ISS 2) (20030110/ED)

MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM FIVE MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES
(COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

US 6495149 17 DEC 2002

DE 20211496 19 NOV 2002

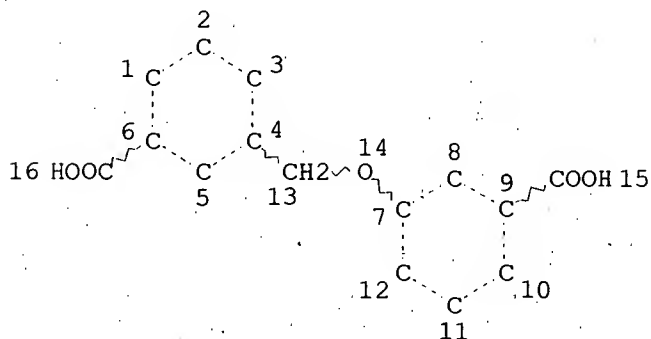
EP 1264847 11 DEC 2002

JP 2002363748 18 DEC 2002

WO 2002099435 12 DEC 2002

Structure search limits have been raised. See HELP SLIMIT for the new, higher limits.

L1 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 1
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 3
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 8
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 10
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11
CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 12

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

MLEVEL IS CLASS AT 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 16

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 57 SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L1

L3 55 SEA FILE=MARPAT ABB=ON L2/COMPLETE

=> d ibib abs hit

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:346134 MARPAT

TITLE: Anti-infective agents and drug efflux pump inhibitors

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

Ex. Spivack,

As I mentioned, Marpat structures are difficult to read. My recommendation would be to look at the abstracts & dates. If you find a reference that looks promising, get a

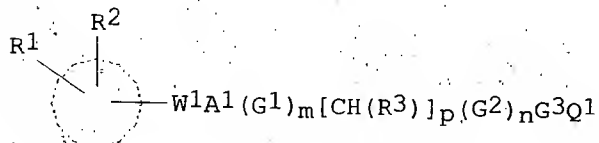
copy of the patent & evaluate the structures in it

Barb

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

INVENTOR(S): containing heteroaromatic compounds and
Hoshino, Kazuki; Ishida, Hiroko; Omovskaya, Olga;
Dudley, Michael; Rleger, Roger; Watkins, William John;
Zhang, Jason Zhijia; Renau, Thomas Eric; Lee, Ving
Jack; Ota, Toshiharu; Nakayama, Kiyoshi; Ishida,
Yohei; Otsuka, Masami; Kawato, Haruko
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daiichi Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan; Microcide
Pharmaceuticals Inc.
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 95 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002322054	A2	20021108	JP 2001-130247	20010426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			JP 2001-130247	20010426



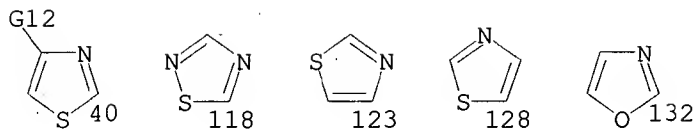
I

AB The pharmaceuticals, which are used for prevention and/or treatment of infections as mixts. with .gtoreq.1 antimicrobial agents, contain heteroarom. compds. I [R1, R2 = H, halo, CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, (un)substituted amino, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, R1 and R2 may be bonded together to form a 5-7-membered (un)satd. ring; R3 = H, OH, alkoxy; J1 = 5-6-membered heteroaryl; W1 = CH:CH, C.tplbond.C, CH2CH2, OCH2, SCH2, OCH2O, CH2O, CH2, CO, (CH2)3, CH2NH, NHCH2, CH2S, CONH, CH2SCH2, CH:CHCONH, CH2OCH2, direct bond; A1 = (un)substituted phenylene, heteroarylene such as pyridinediyl, furandiyl, benzo[b]thiophenediyl, benzoxazolediyl, quinolin-4-onediyl, thiazolo[3,2-a]pyrimidinediyl, etc.; G1 = O, CO, ethynyl, CH:N, NR4CO, CH2NR5CO, NR6, etc. (R4-R6 = H, OH, alkyl); p = 0-3; G2 = (un)substituted phenylene, heteroaryl such as furandiyl, pyridinediyl, thiazolidinediyl, etc.; G3 = CH2, direct bond; m, n = 0, 1; Q1 = acidic group], their physiol. acceptable salts, or their hydrates. The pharmaceuticals are esp. useful for treatment of infections with resistant bacteria. Cooperative effect of I, e.g. 2-[2-oxo-2-3-[(E)-2-(4-phenyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1-ethenyl]anilinoethyl]benzoic acid (prepn. given), with levofloxacin or aztreonam on Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAM1723 which highly expressing drug efflux pump was shown.

MSTR 1

G1—G3—G9—G10
1 2 3 4

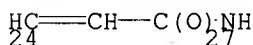
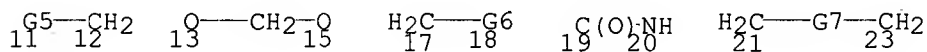
G1 = heteroaryl<EC (3-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (-2) G2) / (EX 40 / pyridyl / 118 /
2-furyl / 123 / 128 / 132 / 2-thienyl)



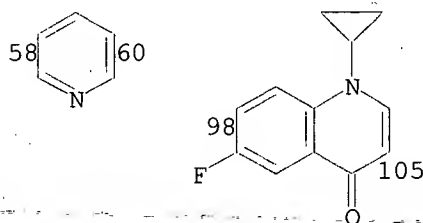
G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-8)> /
 cycloalkyloxycarbonyl<(3-8)> / NH₂ (SO) / alkyl<(1-8)> (SO) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> (SO) / aryl<(-14)> (SO) /
 Hy<EC (3-8) A> (SO)
 G3 = phenylene (SO) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO) / 9-1 10-3

G4-G8
 9 10

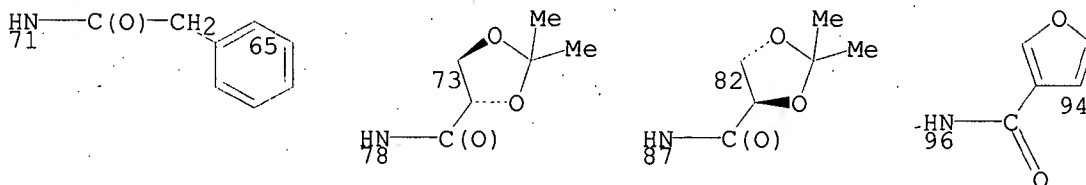
G4 = CH=CH / ethynylene / CH₂CH₂ / 11-1 12-10 /
 13-1 15-10 / 17-1 18-10 / CH₂ / C(O) / CH₂CH₂CH₂ /
 19-1 20-10 / 21-1 23-10 / 24-1 27-10



G5 = O / S / NH
 G6 = O / NH / S
 G7 = O / S
 G8 = phenylene (SO) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO) / (EX 58-9 60-3 /
 98-9 105-3)

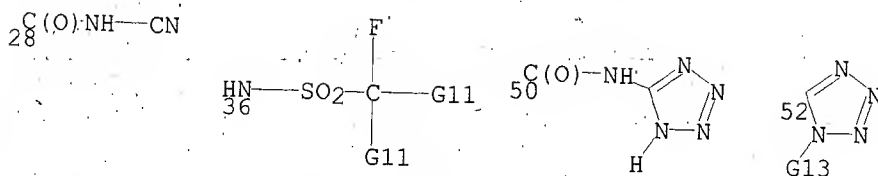


G9 = NULL / R<TX "linking group"> / (EX 71-2 65-4 /
 78-2 73-4 / 87-2 82-4 / 96-2 94-4)



G10 = R<TX "acidic group"> / (EX CO₂H / 28 / 36 /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-8)> (SO) / cycloalkyloxycarbonyl<(3-8)>

(SO) / 50 / 52)



G11 = H / F

G12 = Ph / Pr-i

G13 = H / R

MPL: claim 1

NTE: or physiologically acceptable salts and hydrates

NTE: additional ring formation also claimed

=> d ibib abs hit 2-55; fil hom

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:337773 MARPAT

TITLE: Immunosuppressant benzothiophene derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Nishi, Takehide; Shiroshima, Takaaki; Shimozato, Ryuichi; Nara, Futoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 67 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

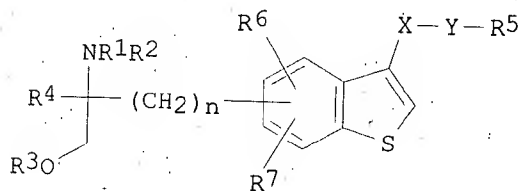
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002316985	A2	20021031	JP 2001-122867	20010420
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			JP 2001-122867	20010420



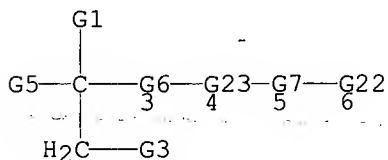
I

AB The derivs. I [R1, R2 = H, amino-protecting group; R3 = H, hydroxy-protecting group; R4 = lower alkyl; n = 1-6; X = CH₂CH₂, CH:CH, C.tplbond.C, DCH₂ (D = CO, CHOH, O, S, N), aryl which may be substituted with .gtoreq.1 selected from (a) (definition given); Y = direct bond, C1-10 alkylene which may be substituted with .gtoreq.1 selected from (a) and (b) (definition given) and/or contain O or S in the chain; R5 = H, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, which may be substituted with .gtoreq.1 selected from (a) and (b); R6, R7 = H, any group selected from (a); if R5 = H, then Y = any group other than direct bond, n-C1-10 alkylene], their pharmacol. acceptable salts, their esters, and their derivs. show low

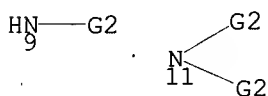
Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

cytotoxicity and are useful as immunosuppressants. Prepn. of (2R)-amino-4-[3-(4-cyclohexyloxybut-1-ynyl)benzo[b]thiophen-6-yl]-2-methylbutan-1-ol was given. I showed high suppressive activity on host vs. graft reaction in rats.

MSTR 1



G1 = NH₂ / 9 / 11

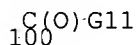


G2 = R<TX "protecting group"> /
(SC alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / alkoxycarbonyl (SR (1-) G26))

G3 = OH / 16



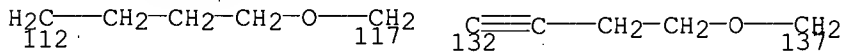
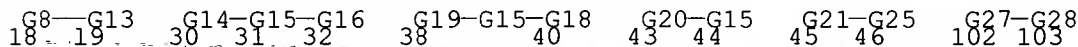
G4 = R<TX "protecting group"> / (SC 100 /
arylcarbonyl<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9))



G5 = alkyl<(1-6)> / (SC Me / Et)

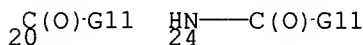
G6 = (1-6) CH₂

G7 = 18-4 19-6 / arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
Ak<EC (2-12) C, BD (-1) D (-1) T> (SO (1-3) G12) /
30-4 32-6 / 38-4 40-6 / 43-4 44-6 / 45-4 46-6 /
(SC 102-4 103-6 / 112-4 117-6 / 132-4 137-6)



G8 = C(O) / CHOH / O / S / NH

G9 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CO₂H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / OH / 20 / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 24 / CN / NO₂



G10 = F / Cl / Br / I
 G11 = H / Ak<(1-6)>
 G12 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CO₂H /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / OH / 25 / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 29 / CN / NO₂ /
 cycloalkyl<(3-10)> (SO) / aryl<(6-10)> (SO) /
 Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO)

$\text{C}(\text{O})\text{G11} \quad \text{HN} \text{---} \text{C}(\text{O})\text{G11}$
 25 29

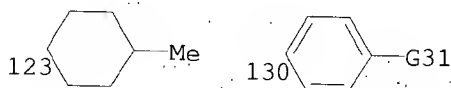
G13 = alkylene<(1-11)> (SO (1-3) G12) / 35-18 37-6 /
 41-18 42-6

$\text{G17-G15-G18} \quad \text{G16-G15}$
 35 37 41 42

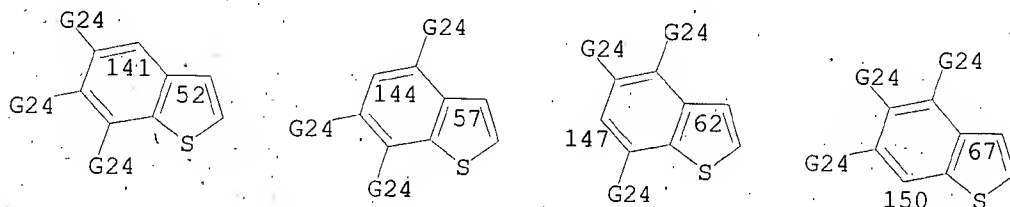
G14 = CH₂CH₂ / CH=CH / ethynylene / 33-4 34-31 /
 arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9)

G8-CH_2
 33 34

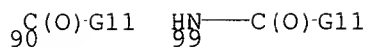
G15 = O / S
 G16 = alkylene<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G17 = alkylene<(2-10)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G18 = alkylene<(1-9)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G19 = Ak<EC (3-11) C, BD (-1) D (-1) T> (SO (1-) G12) /
 arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G20 = Ak<EC (3-11) C, BD (-1) D (-1) T> (SO (1-) G12)
 G21 = arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9)
 G22 = H / cycloalkyl<(3-10)> (SO (1-3) G12) /
 aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G12) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-3) G12) / (SC cyclohexyl / Ph (SO (1-3) G30) / 123 /
 130)



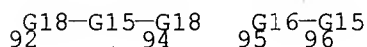
G23 = 141-3 52-5 / 144-3 57-5 / 147-3 62-5 / 150-3 67-5



G24 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CO₂H /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / OH / 90 / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 99 / CN / NO₂

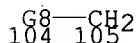


G25 = alkylene<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G12) / 92-45 94-6 /
95-45 96-6

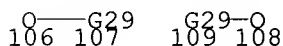


G26 = aryl (SO (1-3) G9)

G27 = CH₂CH₂ / CH=CH / ethynylene / 104-4 105-103 /
arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9)

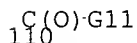


G28 = CH₂CH₂ / CH₂CH₂CH₂ / CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂ / 106-102 107-6 /
109-102 108-6



G29 = (1-3) CH₂

G30 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / 110 / Me / CF₃ / OMe / COMe



G31 = Et / SMe

MPL: claim 1

NTE: or pharmacologically acceptable salts or esters

NTE: additional heteroatom interruptions also claimed

NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:196991 MARPAT

TITLE: Stable preservative formulations comprising
antimicrobial halopropynyl compounds and
butoxydiglycol solvent

INVENTOR(S): Borokhov, Olga; Lutz, Patrick Jay; Maroski, John G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002067685	A1	20020906	WO 2002-US6193	20020226
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO,			

RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US,
 UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
 CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

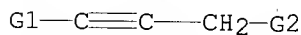
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2001-271760P 20010226

AB Liq. broad spectrum preservative formulations comprise (a) an antimicrobial halopropynyl compd, such as YC.tplbond.CCH2X (Y = halo, X = org. group contg. O,N,S, or C) and (b) a butoxydiglycol solvent, and, optionally, (c) (i) an alkanol substituted dialkylhdantoin formaldehyde donor, (ii) an antimicrobial isothiazolone deriv., and (iii) a stabilizer. The invention is also directed to methods of use of the preservative formulations for inhibiting or retarding the growth of bacteria or fungi.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MSTR 1

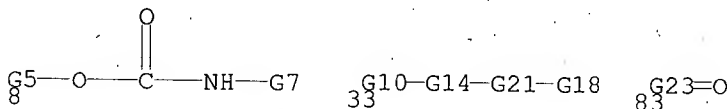


G1 = X / (SC I)

G2 = R<TX "organic group",

EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0-) C> / (SC OH (SO) / CO2H (SO) /
 OCHO (SO) / OCONH2 (SO) / NH2 (SO) / CONH2 (SO) / 6 / 8 /
 33 / Ak<BD (0-) D (0) T> (SO (1-) G19) / 83)

G3-G4



G3 = NH (SO)

G4 = CHO (SO)

G5 = alkylene<EC (1-3) C, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G6)

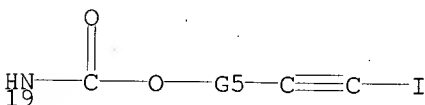
G6 = alkyl<(1-20)> (SO) / aryl<(6-20)> (SO) /

alkyl<(1-14)> (SR (1-) aryl<(6-19)>)

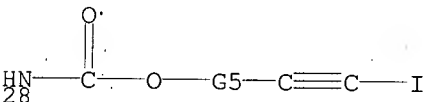
G7 = alkyl<(1-20)> (SO (1-) G8) /

aryl<(6-20)> (SO (1-) G8) / alkyl<(1-14)> (SR (1-) G9)

G8 = R / 19



G9 = aryl<(6-19)> (SO (1-) G8) / R / 28



G10 = NULL / alkylene<EC (1-16) C, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G6)

G11 = Ak<BD (0-) D (0) T> (SO (1-) G19) / 85 / 87

G23=O 85 C(O)G20 87

G12 = alkyl / cycloalkyl<(3-12)> / alkenyl /
 cycloalkenyl<(3-12)> / aryl<(6-15)> / alkoxy / NH2 / CO2H /
 X / OH / COSH
 G13 = Hy<EC (5-15) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S> (SO (1-) G12)
 G14 = 43 / cycloalkylene<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G15) /
 cycloalkenylene<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G15) /
 arylene<(6-15)> (SO (1-) G15) /
 Hy<EC (5-15) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S> (SO (1-) G15) / 45 /
 48 / 51

G11-C₄₃-G11 G16=O G17-C₄₈-G11 G17-C₅₁-G17

G15 = alkoxy / NH2 / CO2H / X / OH / COSH
 G16 = Cb<(3-15)> (SO (1-) G15) /
 Hy<EC (5-15) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S> (SO (1-) G15)
 G17 = H / cycloalkyl<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G12) /
 cycloalkenyl<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G12) /
 aryl<(6-15)> (SO (1-) G12) / Hy<EC (5-15) A (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S> (SO (1-) G12) / 40 / alkoxy / NH2 / X / OH

G13=O
 40

G18 = 54 / 57 / 60 / 63 / 66 / 69

G11 G11 G11 G17 G17
 | | | | |
 G11-C₅₄-G11 G17-C₅₇-G11 G17-C₆₀-G17 G11-C₆₃-G11 G17-C₆₆-G11

G17
 |
 G17-C₆₉-G17

G19 = cycloalkyl<(3-12)> / cycloalkenyl<(3-12)> /
 aryl<(6-15)> / alkoxy / NH2 / 77 / X / OH

C(O)G20
 77

G20 = OH / SH
 G21 = O / NH / 79

N-G22
 79

G22 = cycloalkyl<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G12) /
 cycloalkenyl<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G12) /
 aryl<(6-15)> (SO (1-) G12) / Hy<EC (5-15) A (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S> (SO (1-) G12) / 81 / Ak<BD (0-) D (0) T>
 (SO (1-) G19)

G13=O
81G23 = Ak<BD (0-) D (0) T> (SO (1-) G19)
MPL: claim 2

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:93763 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of chiral pyrrolidine derivatives as VLA-4 inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Nakayama, Atsushi; Machinaga, Nobuo; Yoneda, Yoshiyuki; Sugimoto, Yuichi; Chiba, Jun; Watanabe, Toshiyuki; Iimura, Shin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daiichi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 737 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002053534	A1	20020711	WO 2001-JP11641	20011228
WO 2002053534	C1	20020919		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-402890 20001228
JP 2001-149923 20010518

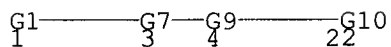
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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

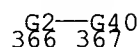
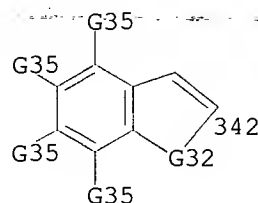
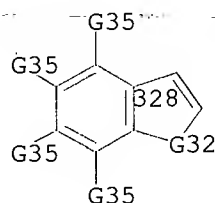
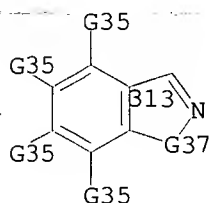
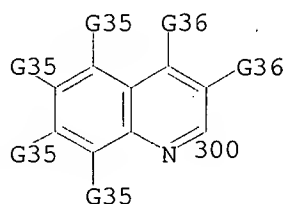
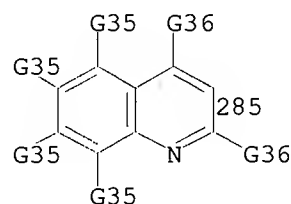
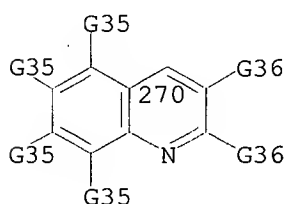
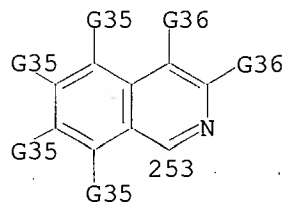
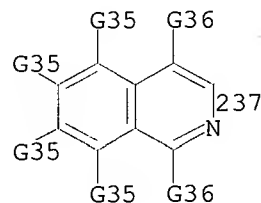
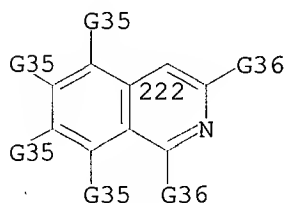
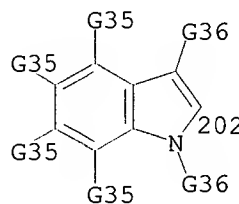
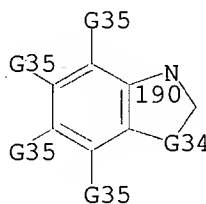
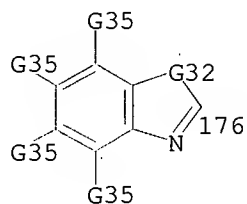
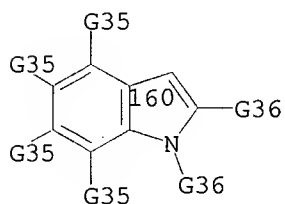
AB Title compds. [WRXM; W = WAA1WB; WA = optionally substituted aryl; A1 = NR1, single bond, C(O); WB = is optionally substituted arylene; R = single bond, NH, OCH2, alkenylene; X = C(O), CH2; M = group represented by the general formula I; R11, R12, R13 each independently = hydrogen, hydroxyl, amino, halogeno; R14 = hydrogen, alkyl; Y = CH2O; Z = optionally substituted arylene; A2 = single bond; R10 = hydroxyl, alkoxy; Q = CH2, S, O, NH], salts thereof, and medicines contg. the same are prepd. as VLA-4 inhibitors. Title compds. or salts selectively inhibit the binding of cell adhesion mols. to VLA-4 and exhibit high oral absorbability, thus being useful as preventive and/or therapeutic drugs for inflammatory diseases, autoimmune diseases, cancerous metastasis, bronchial asthma, nasal occlusion, diabetes, inflammatory enteric disease, arthritis, etc. The Title compd. II was prepd. from Et 4-amino-3-chlorophenylacetate, indoline, and Me [(4S)-fluoro-(2S)-pyrrolidinylmethoxy]cyclohexylcarbonate and the title compd. III was prepd. from Me 3-hydroxy-4-nitrophenylacetate, Ph isothiocyanate, and Me 4-[(4S)-fluoro-(2S)-pyrrolidinylmethoxy]benzoate.

REFERENCE COUNT: 143 THERE ARE 143 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

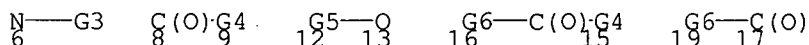
MSTR 1



G1 = aryl<(6-18)> (SO) / Hy<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-)
O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-)> (SO) / 366 / (SC 160 / 176 /
190 / 202 / 222 / 237 / 253 / 270 / 285 / 300 / 313 / 328 /
342)



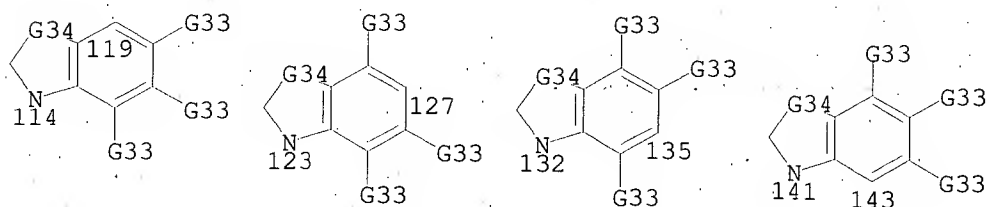
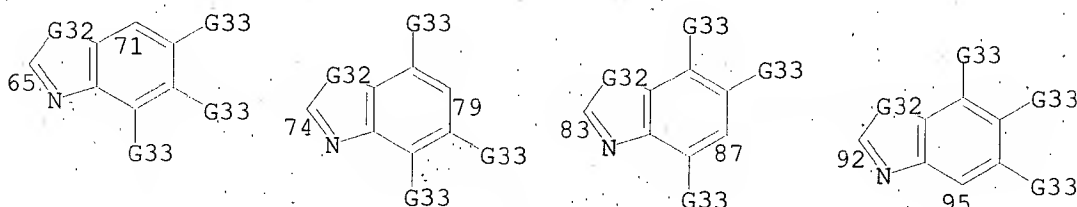
G2 = NH / 6 / C(O) / 8-367 9-3 / CH=CH (SO) /
ethynylene / 12-367 13-3 / 16-367 15-3 / 19-367 17-3



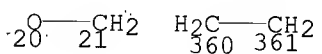
G3 = alkyl<(1-8)>
 G4 = NH / 10

N—G3
 10

G5 = alkylene<(1-)>
 G6 = alkenylene<(2-)>
 G7 = arylene<(6-18)> (SO) /
 Hy<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-)> /
 (SC 65-1 71-4 / 74-1 79-4 / 83-1 87-4 / 92-1 95-4 /
 114-1 119-4 / 123-1 127-4 / 132-1 135-4 / 141-1 143-4)



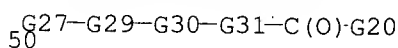
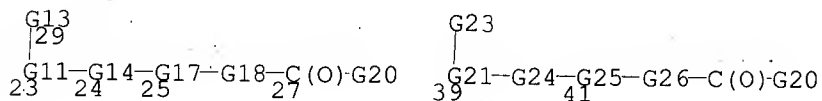
G8 = NH / 20-3 21-359 / alkenylene<(2-12)> / CH2 /
 360-3 361-359



G9 = C(O) / CH2 / SO2 / 358-3 359-22

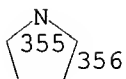
G8—G38
 358 359

G10 = 23 / 39 / 50

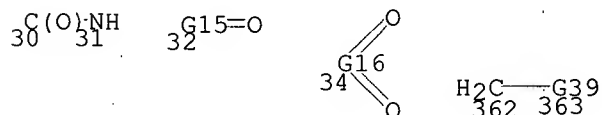


G11 = Hy<EC (4-7) A (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 AN (1-) N (1-) C, RC (1), RS (0-) E4 (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-)
 E7 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-3) G12) / Hy<EC (5-12) A (1-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2), RS (0-) E3 (0-) E4 (0-) E5 (0-)

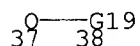
E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO (-1) G12) /
(SC 356-29 355-4 356-24)



G12 = OH / NH2 / F / Cl / Br / I / CN / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl / CONH2 / alkylaminocarbonyl /
dialkylaminocarbonyl / alkyl<(1-12)> (SO) /
aryl<(6-18)> (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-)> (SO) / alkoxy (SO) / alkylamino (SO) /
dialkylamino (SO) / cycloalkylamino<(3-10)> (SO) /
alkylsulfonylamino (SO) / arylsulfonylamino (SO) /
aryloxy (SO) / heteroaryloxy<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-)> (SO) / OCH2Ph (SO) / alkylthio (SO) /
cycloalkylthio (SO) / arylthio (SO) / alkylsulfonyl (SO) /
cycloalkylsulfonyl (SO) / arylsulfonyl (SO) .
G13 = H / alkyl<(1-8)> (SO)
G14 = NULL / C(O) / 30-23 31-25 / Ak<(1-12)> / 32 / 34 /
(SC 362-23 363-25 / CH=CH / ethynylene)



G15 = Ak<(1-12)>
G16 = R<TX "aliphatic chain containing sulfur atom">
G17 = **arylene<(6-18)> (SO)** /
heteroarylene<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-)> (SO) / cycloalkylene<(3-10)> (SO)
G18 = NULL / alkenylene<(2-12)> /
alkynylene<EC (2-12) C, BD (1) T> / G19 / O / 37-25 38-27



G19 = (1-3) CH2
G20 = OH / alkoxy<(1-8)>
G21 = Hy<EC (4-7) A (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
AN (1-) N (1-) C, RC (1), RS (0-) E4 (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-)
E7 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-2) G22)
G22 = OH / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-12)> (SO) /
alkoxy (SO)
G23 = H / alkyl<(1-12)> (SO)
G24 = O / S / SO2 / 46-39 47-41 / NH / 48

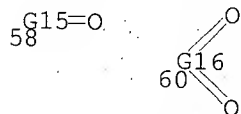


G25 = **arylene<(6-18)> (SO)** /
heteroarylene<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-)> (SO) / cycloalkylene<(3-10)> (SO)
G26 = NULL / alkenylene<(2-12)> (SO) /
alkynylene<EC (2-12) C, BD (1) T> / G19
G27 = NH / 56

N—G28
56

G28 = alkyl<(1-12)> (SO) / cycloalkyl<(3-10)> (SO) /
aryl<(6-18)> (SO) / CH2Ph (SO) / alkenyl<(2-8)> (SO) /
alkynyl<EC (2-12) C, BD (1) T>

G29 = Ak<(1-12)> / 58 / 60



G30 = NULL / arylene<(6-18)> (SO) /
heteroarylene<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-)> (SO) / cycloalkylene<(3-10)> (SO)

G31 = NULL / alkylene<(1-8)> (SO) / alkenylene<(2-8)> (SO)

G32 = O / S

G33 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-8)> / OH /
alkoxy<(1-8)> / NH2

G34 = (1-2) CH2

G35 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-8)> / OH /
alkoxy<(1-8)> / NH2

G36 = H / alkyl<(1-8)>

G37 = O / S / 325

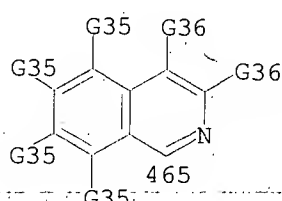
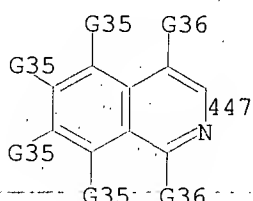
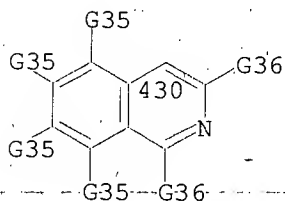
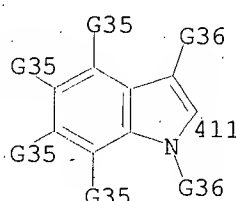
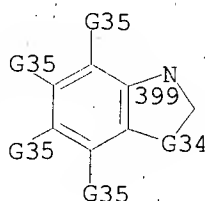
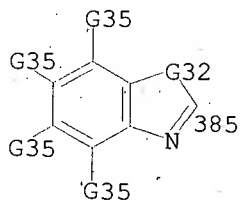
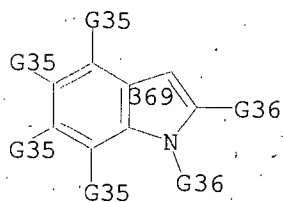
N—G36
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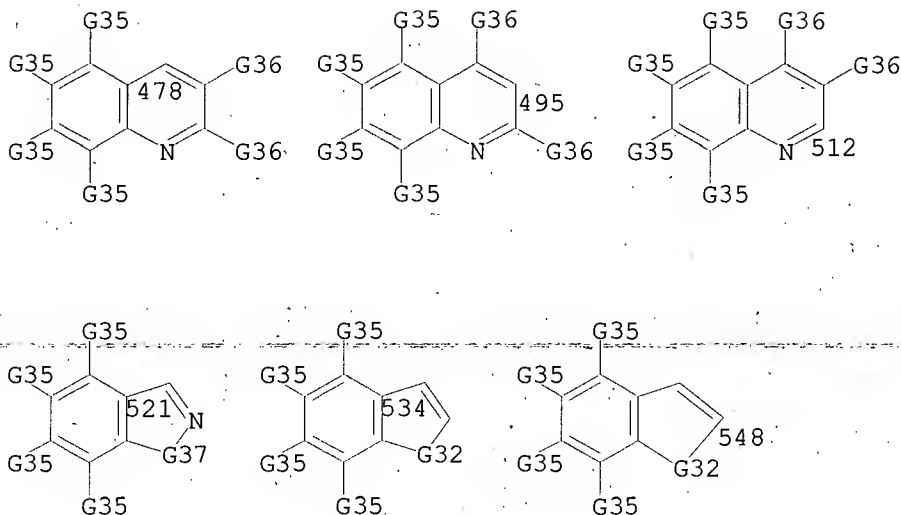
G38 = C(O) / CH2 / SO2

G39 = O / S / SO2 / CH2 / NH / 364

N—G3
364

G40 = aryl<(6-18)> (SO) / Hy<EC (5-18) A (0-) N (0-)
O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-)> (SO) / (SC 369 / 385 / 399 /
411 / 430 / 447 / 465 / 478 / 495 / 512 / 521 / 534 / 548)





MPL: claim 1
NTE: or salts
NTE: additional heteroatom interruptions and ring formation also claimed

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:6083 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of EP4 receptor selective agonists for the treatment of osteoporosis

INVENTOR(S): Cameron, Kimberly O'Keefe; Lefker, Bruce Allen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Products Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 122 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

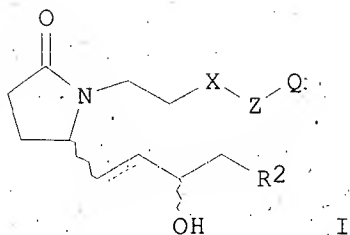
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2002010848	A5	20020603	AU 2002-10848	20011105
US 2002065308	A1	20020530	US 2001-990556	20011121
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
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			WO 2001-IB2073	20011105

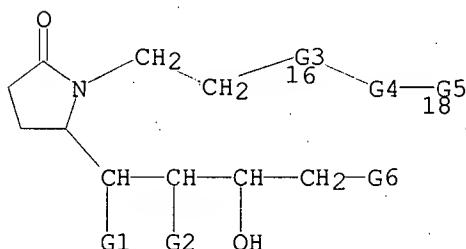
GI



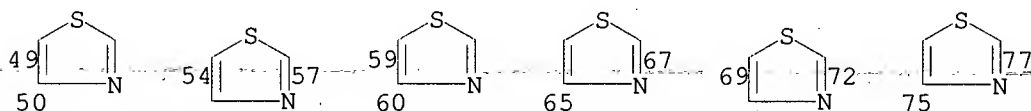
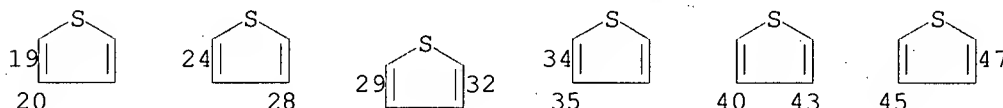
AB This invention is directed to EP4 receptor selective prostaglandin agonists I (e.g. 4-[3-[2-(3-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]propyl]benzoic acid), wherein R₂, X, Z and Q are defined below and in more detail in the claims. This invention is also directed to pharmaceutical compns. contg. those compds. This invention is also directed to methods of treating conditions which present with low bone mass, particularly osteoporosis, frailty, an osteoporotic fracture, a bone defect, childhood idiopathic bone loss, alveolar bone loss, mandibular bone loss, bone fracture, osteotomy, bone loss assocd. with periodontitis, or prosthetic ingrowth in a mammal comprising administering those compds. Although biol. testing protocols are included, no test results are given. In I, a prodrug thereof, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of said compd. or said prodrug or a stereoisomer or diastereomeric mixt. of said compd., prodrug or salt: the dotted line is a bond or no bond; X is -CH₂- or O; Z is -(CH₂)₃-, thienyl, thiazolyl or Ph, provided that when X is O, then Z is phenyl; Q is carboxy, (C1-C4)alkoxycarbonyl or tetrazolyl; R₂ is -Ar or -Ar₁-V-Ar₂; V is a bond, -O-, -OCH₂- or -CH₂O-. Ar is a partially satd., fully satd. or fully unsatd. 5-8 membered ring optionally having 1-4 heteroatoms selected independently from O, S and N, or a bicyclic ring consisting of two fused independently partially satd., fully satd. or fully unsatd. 5-6 membered rings, taken independently, optionally having 1-4 heteroatoms selected independently from N, S and O, said partially or fully satd. ring or bicyclic ring optionally having 1-2 oxo groups substituted on C or 1-2 oxo groups substituted on S. Ar₁ and Ar₂ are each independently a partially satd., fully satd. or fully unsatd. 5-8 membered ring optionally having 1-4 heteroatoms selected independently from O, S and N, said partially or fully satd. ring optionally having 1-2 oxo groups substituted on C or 1-2 oxo groups substituted on S. Ar is optionally substituted on C or N, on one ring if the moiety is monocyclic, or on one or both rings if the moiety is bicyclic, with up to three substituents per ring each independently selected from hydroxy, halo, carboxy, (C1-C7)alkoxy, (C1-C4)alkoxy(C1-C4)alkyl, (C1-C7)alkyl, (C2-C7)alkenyl, (C3-C7)cycloalkyl, (C3-C7)cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl, (C3-C7)cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkanoyl, formyl, (C1-C8)alkanoyl, (C1-C6)alkanoyl(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C4)alkanoylamino, (C1-C4)alkoxycarbonylamino, hydroxysulfonyl, aminocarbonylamino or mono-N-, di-N,N-, di-N,N'- or tri-N,N,N'-(C1-C4)alkyl substituted aminocarbonylamino, sulfonamido, (C1-C4)alkylsulfonamido, amino, mono-N- or di-N,N-(C1-C4)alkylamino, carbamoyl, mono-N- or di-N,N-(C1-C4)alkylcarbamoyl, cyano, thiol, (C1-C6)alkylthio, (C1-C6)alkylsulfinyl, (C1-C4)alkylsulfonyl and mono-N- or di-N,N-(C1-C4)alkylaminosulfinyl, wherein said alkyl and alkoxy substituents in the definition of Ar are optionally substituted on C with up to three fluoro. Ar₁ and Ar₂ are independently optionally substituted on C or N with up to three substituents each independently selected from hydroxy, halo, carboxy, (C1-C7)alkoxy, (C1-C4)alkoxy(C1-C4)alkyl, (C1-C7)alkyl, (C2-C7)alkenyl, (C3-C7)cycloalkyl, (C3-C7)cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl, (C3-C7)cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkanoyl, formyl, (C1-C8)alkanoyl, (C1-C6)alkanoyl(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C4)alkanoylamino, (C1-C4)alkoxycarbonylamino, hydroxysulfonyl, aminocarbonylamino or mono-N-, di-N,N-, di-N,N'- or tri-N,N,N'-(C1-C4)alkyl substituted aminocarbonylamino, sulfonamido, (C1-C4)alkylsulfonamido, amino, mono-N-

or di-N,N-(C1-C4)alkylamino, carbamoyl, mono-N- or di-N,N-(C1-C4)alkylcarbamoyl, cyano, thiol, (C1-C6)alkylthio, (C1-C6)alkylsulfinyl, (C1-C4)alkylsulfonyl and mono-N- or di-N,N-(C1-C4)alkylaminosulfinyl, wherein said alkyl and alkoxy substituents in the definition of Ar1 and Ar2 are optionally substituted on C with up to three fluoro. (a) when X is (CH2)- and Z is -(CH2)3-, then R2 is not thienyl, Ph or Ph monosubstituted with chloro, fluoro, Ph, methoxy, trifluoromethyl or (C1-C4) alkyl; and (b) when X is (CH2)-, Z is -(CH2)3-, and Q is carboxy or (C1-C4) alkoxycarbonyl, then R2 is not (i) (C5-C7)cycloalkyl or (ii)phenyl, thienyl or furyl each of which may be optionally monosubstituted or disubstituted by one or two substituents selected, independently in the latter case, from halogen atoms, alkyl groups having 1-3 C atoms which may be substituted by one or more halogen atoms, and alkoxy groups having 1-4 C-atoms. Although the methods of prepn. are not claimed, 41 example prepn. are included.

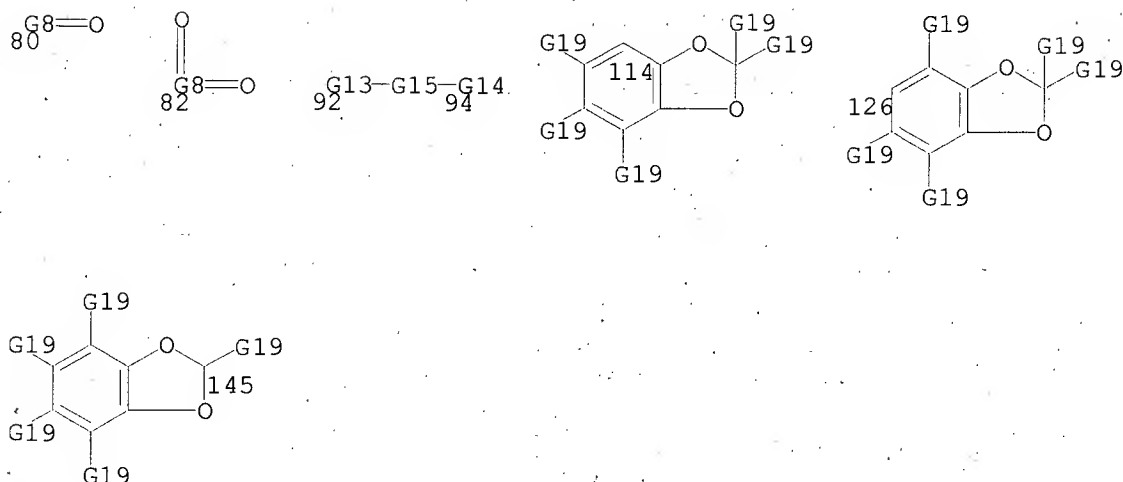
MSTR 1



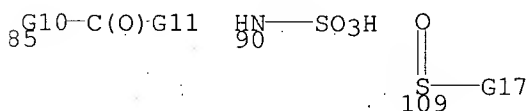
G1 = H
 G2 = H
 G3 = CH2 / O
 G4 = CH2CH2CH2 / phenylene / 19-16 20-18 / 24-16 28-18 /
 29-16 32-18 / 35-16 34-18 / 40-16 43-18 / 45-16 47-18 /
 49-16 50-18 / 54-16 57-18 / 60-16 59-18 / 65-16 67-18 /
 72-16 69-18 / 77-16 75-18



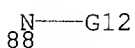
G5 = CO2H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-4)> / tetrazolyl
 G6 = Cb<EC (5-10) C, BD (0-) D, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-2) E5 (0-2) E6 (0-1) E7 (0-1) E8 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ, BD (0-) D, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-2) E5 (0-2) E6 (0-1) E7 (0-1) E8 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G7) / 80 / 82 / 92 / (SC cyclohexyl (SO (1-2) G18) /
 thienyl (SO (1-2) G18) / naphthyl (SO (1-2) G18) /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G20) / 114 / 126 / 145)



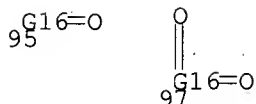
G7 = OH / X / CO₂H / alkoxy<(1-7)> (SO (1-3) F) /
 alkyl<(1-4)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>) / alkyl<(1-7)> (SO (1-3) F) /
 alkenyl<(2-7)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
 alkyl<(1-4)> (SR cycloalkyl<(3-7)>) /
 cycloalkylcarbonyl<(3-7)> / alkylcarbonyl<(1-4)> /
 (SR cycloalkyl<(3-7)>) / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-8)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G9) / NHCHO / alkylcarbonylamino<(1-4)> /
 alkoxycarbonylamino<(1-4)> / SO₃H / 85 / 90 /
 alkylsulfonylamino<(1-4)> / SO₂NH₂ /
 alkylaminosulfonyl<(1-4)> / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-4)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-4)> / CONH₂ / alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-4)> /
 dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-4)> / CN / SH / alkylthio<(1-6)> /
 alkylsulfinyl<(1-6)> / alkylsulfonyl<(1-4)> / 109



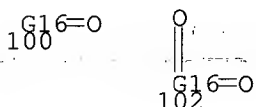
G8 = Cb<EC (5-10) C, BD (0-) D, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-2) E5 (0-2) E6 (0-1) E7 (0-1) E8 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ, BD (0-) D, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-2) E5 (0-2) E6 (0-1) E7 (0-1) E8 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G7)
 G9 = CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)>
 G10 = NH / 88



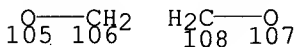
G11 = NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-4)> / dialkylamino<(1-4)>
 G12 = alkyl<(1-4)>
 G13 = Cb<EC (5-8) C, BD (0-) D, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X8>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (5-8) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X8> (SO (1-) G7) / 95 / 97



G14 = Cb<EC (5-8) C, BD (0-) D, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X8>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (5-8) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X8> (SO (1-) G7) / 100 / 102



G15 = NULL / 105-92 106-94 / 108-92 107-94



G16 = Cb<EC (5-8) C, BD (0-) D, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X8>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (5-8) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X8> (SO (1-) G7)

G17 = alkylamino<(1-4)> / dialkylamino<(1-4)>

G18 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-3) F) /
 alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-3) F) / alkyl<(1-4)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>
) / Cl / F / CF3 / CN

G19 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-3) F) /
 alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-3) F) / alkyl<(1-4)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>
) / Cl / F / CF3 / CN

G20 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-3) F) /
 alkoxy<(1-7)> (SO (1-3) F) / alkyl<(1-4)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>
) / Cl / F / CF3 / CN / OCF3

G1 +G2 = NULL

MPL: claim 1

NTE: or prodrugs or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

NTE: substitution is restricted

STE: or stereoisomers or diastereomeric mixtures

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:355233 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of inhibitors for drug efflux pump of
 Pseudomonas aeruginosa, their use for infectious
 diseases, and method for screening the inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Ota, Toshiharu; Nakayama, Kiyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daiichi Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

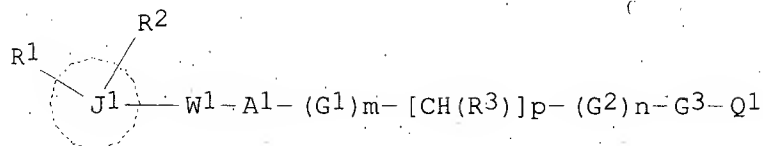
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

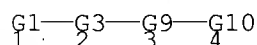
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002128768	A2	20020509	JP 2000-326655	20001026
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-326655	20001026

GI

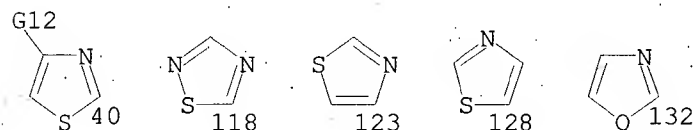


AB The inhibitors, e.g. heterocyclic compds. I [R1, R2 = H, halo, CO2H, etc.; R3 = H, OH, alkoxy; J1 = 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl; W1 = CH:CH, C.tplbond.C, CH2CH2, OCH2, etc.; A1 = (un)substituted C6H4, (un)substituted pyridinediyl, etc.; G1 = O, CO, CH:N, etc.; p = 0-3; G2 = (un)substituted C6H4, (un)substituted furanidyl, etc.; G3 = CH2, bond; m, n = 0, 1; Q1 = acidic group], their salts, or their hydrates, have 3 hydrophobic and 1 neg. ionizable substructures with specified limited .ANG. values deviated from pharmacophores. The inhibitors are screened using a computer program and/or empirical three-dimensional structural anal. Thus, 3-[(E)-2-(4-phenyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1-ethenyl]aniline was refluxed with homophthalic anhydride in MePh to give 91% 2-[2-oxo-2-3-[(E)-2-(4-phenyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1-ethenyl]anilinoethyl]benzoic acid, which at 0.63 .mu.g/mL enhanced the antibacterial activity of levofloxacin against *P. aeruginosa* PAM 1723.

MSTR 1

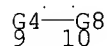


G1 = heteroaryl<EC (3-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (-2) G2) / (EX 40 / pyridyl / 118 / 2-furyl / 123 / 128 / 132 / 2-thienyl)

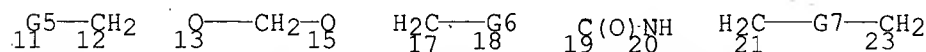


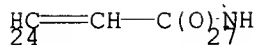
G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / CO2H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-8)> / cycloalkyloxycarbonyl<(3-8)> / NH2 (SO) / alkyl<(1-8)> (SO) / cycloalkyl<(3-8)> (SO) / aryl<(-14)> (SO) / Hy<EC (3-8) A> (SO)

G3 = phenylene (SO) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO) / 9-1 10-3



G4 = CH=CH / ethynylene / CH2CH2 / 11-1 12-10 / 13-1 15-10 / 17-1 18-10 / CH2 / C(O) / CH2CH2CH2 / 19-1 20-10 / 21-1 23-10 / 24-1 27-10



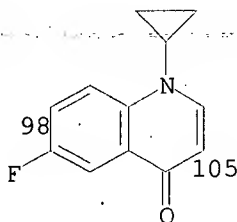
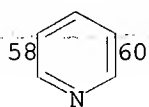


G5 = O / S / NH

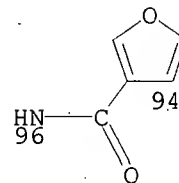
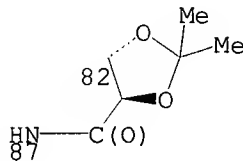
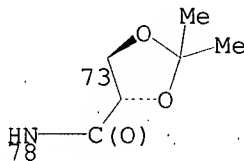
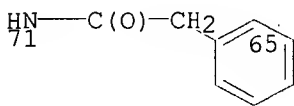
G6 = O / NH / S

G7 = O / S

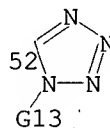
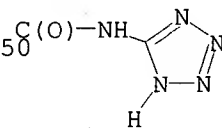
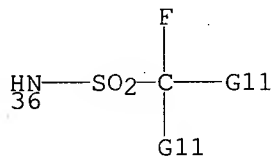
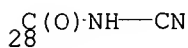
G8 = **phenylene (SO)** / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO) / (EX 58-9 60-3 /
 98-9 105-3)



G9 = NULL / R<TX "linking group"> / (EX 71-2 65-4 /
 78-2 73-4 / 87-2 82-4 / 96-2 94-4)



G10 = R<TX "acidic group"> / (EX CO2H / 28 / 36 /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-8)> (SO) / cycloalkyloxycarbonyl<(3-8)>
 (SO) / 50 / 52)



G11 = H / F

G12 = Ph / Pr-i

G13 = H / R

MPL: claim 3

NTE: or salts and hydrates

NTE: additional ring formation also claimed

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 55 MARPAT. COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:309922 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of benzoxazolyl piperidines and analogs as
 rotamase enzyme inhibitorsINVENTOR(S): Kemp, Mark Ian; Palmer, Michael John; Sanner, Mark
 Allen; Wythes, Martin James

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 43 pp.

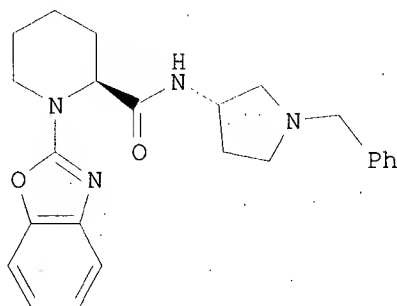
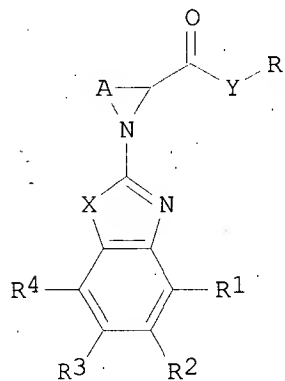
CODEN: USXXAM

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6372736	B1	20020416	US 1999-358107	19990721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-358107	19990721

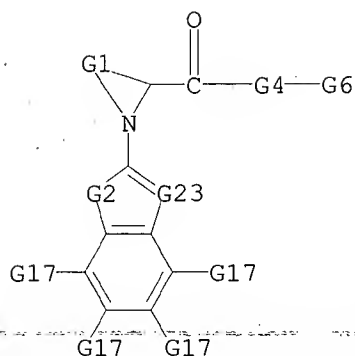
GI



AB Title compds. [I; A = (un)substituted unbranched C3-C5 alkylene; X and Y = independently O, S, NH, or N-alkyl; R = (un)substituted, C-linked, 4- to 6-membered, non-arom., heterocyclic ring contg. 1 N; R1-R4 = independently H, halo, (cyclo)alkyl, haloalkyl, (cyclo)alkoxy, CONR5R6, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkylalkoxy, or CO2R7; R5 and R6 = independently H, alkyl, or taken together = unbranched alkylene; R7 = alkyl] were prepd. as rotamase enzyme inhibitors, particularly FKBP-12 and FKBP-52 inhibitors. Thus, (2S)-1-(1,3-benzoxazol-2-yl)-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid (prepn. given) was amidated with (3S)-1-benzylpyrrolidine-3-ylamine in the presence of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate and 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide.HCl in CH2Cl2 to yield II. Twenty-one compds. of the invention demonstrated inhibitory activity against human recombinant FKBP-12 in a coupled colorimetric PPIase in vitro assay with IC50 values below 1200 nM, and II inhibited the rotamase enzyme FKBP-52 in a similar assay with IC50 = 2790 nM. As neurotrophic agents, the invention compds. promote neuronal regeneration and outgrowth, and are useful for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases or other disorders involving nerve damage.

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

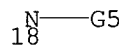
MSTR 1



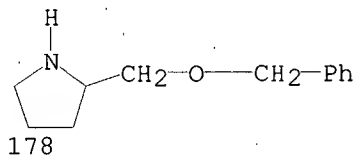
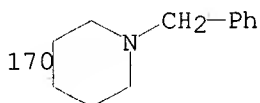
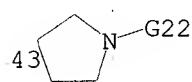
G1 = (3-5) CH₂ (SO alkyl<(1-6)>)
 G2 = O / S / 13



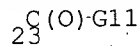
G3 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G4 = O / S / NH / 18



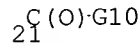
G5 = alkyl<(1-6)>
 G6 = Hy<EC (4-6) A (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ (3-5) C,
 AN (1-) C, RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X6> (SO (1-3) G7) / (SC 43 /
 170 / 178)



G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
 Ph. (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-)
 N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> / 23

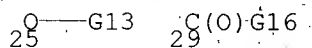


G8 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
 Cl / Br / I / 21 / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino

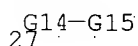


G9 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
 Cl / Br / I / Ph / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> /

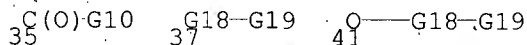
- G10 = dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
 = NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
 azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
 G11 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8)
 G12 = cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / Ph (SO (1-3) G8) /
 Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / **25** / 29



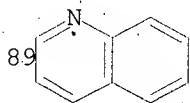
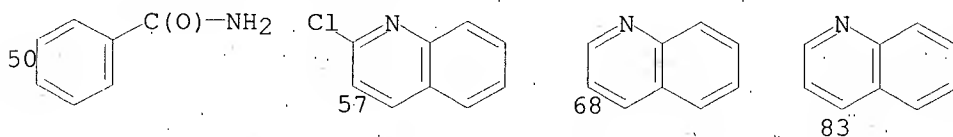
- G13 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / 27



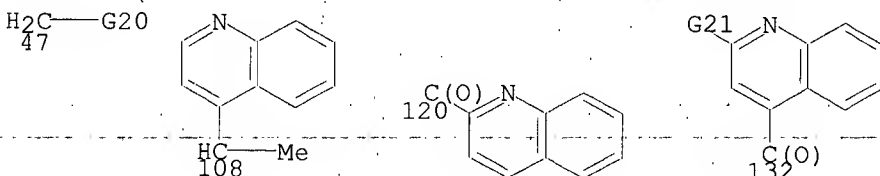
- G14 = CH₂ / CHMe / CH₂CH₂
 G15 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8)
 G16 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-)
 O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH₂ /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino /
 pyrrolidino / piperidino
 G17 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> / 35 /
 cycloalkyloxy<(3-7)> / 37 / 41 / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)>

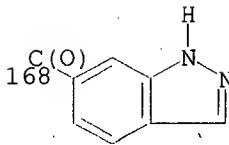
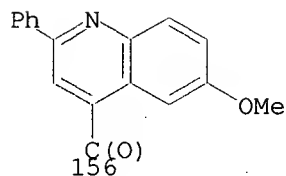
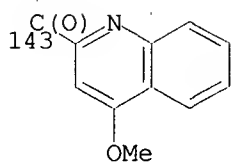


- G18 = alkylene<(2-4)>
 G19 = cycloalkyl<(3-7)>
 G20 = Ph / pyridyl / 50 / 57 / 68 / 83 / 89



- G21 = Ph / piperidino / Cl
 G22 = 47 / 108 / 120 / 132 / 143 / 156 / 168





G23 = N / 188

^N₁₈₈ G24

G24 = R<TX "pharmaceutically acceptable salt"> / (SC 190)

^H₁₉₀—Cl

G25 = F / Cl / Br / I

MPL: claim 1

MSTR 4

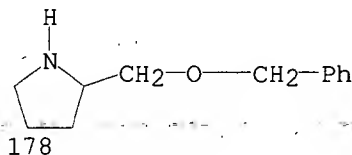
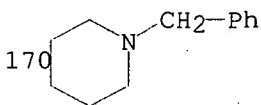
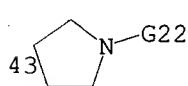
G4—G6

G4 = OH / SH / NH2 / 18

^{HN}₁₈—G5

G5 = alkyl<(1-6)>

G6 = Hy<EC (4-6) A (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ (3-5) C, AN (1-) C, RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X6> (SO (1-3) G7) / (SC 43 / 170 / 178)



G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) /
alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-)
N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / 23

^{C(O)}₂₃ G11

G8 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
Cl / Br / I / 21 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /

dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino

^{C(O)}G10
21

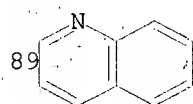
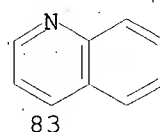
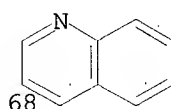
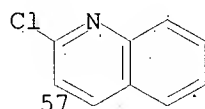
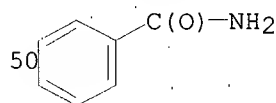
- G9 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-3) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
Cl / Br / I / Ph / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
G10 = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
G11 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino /
Ph (SO (1-3) G8)
G12 = cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / Ph (SO (1-3) G8) /
Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / 25 / 29

^O—G13 ^{C(O)}G16
25 29

- G13 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / 27

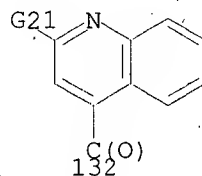
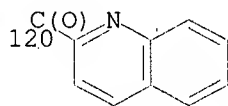
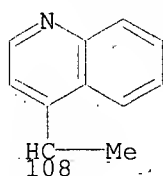
^{G14-G15}
27

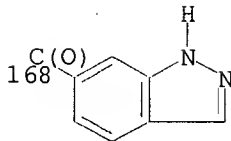
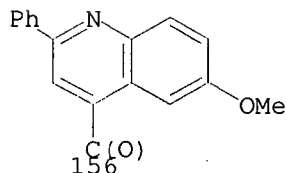
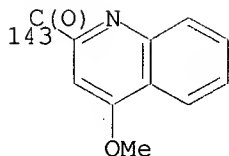
- G14 = CH2 / CHMe / CH2CH2
G15 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8)
G16 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-)
O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH2 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino /
pyrrolidino / piperidino
G20 = Ph / pyridyl / 50 / 57 / 68 / 83 / 89



- G21 = Ph / piperidino / Cl
G22 = 47 / 108 / 120 / 132 / 143 / 156 / 168

^{H2C}—G20
47





G25 = F / Cl / Br / I
MPL: claim 29

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:167374 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of (e.g.) pyrrolylalkylphenyl derivatives
as histamine H3 antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Bogenstaetter, Michael; Chai, Wenying; Kwok, Annette
K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ortho McNeil Pharmaceutical, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO 2002012224	A2	20020214	WO 2001-US24654	20010806
WO 2002012224	A3	20020718		

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CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ,
VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
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AU 2001081119	A5	20020218	AU 2001-81119	20010806
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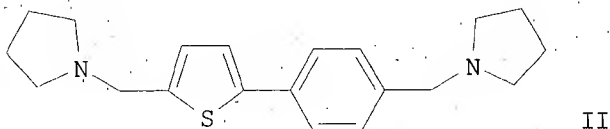
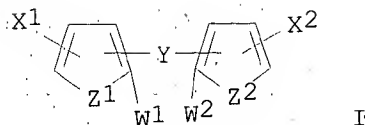
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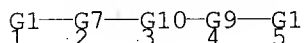
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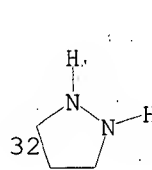
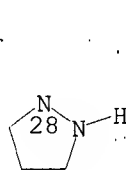
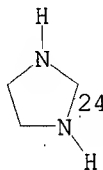
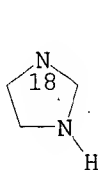
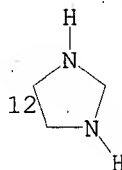
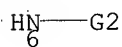


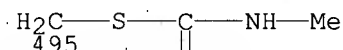
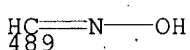
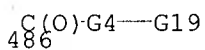
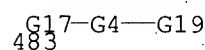
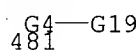
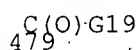
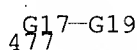
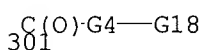
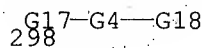
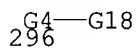
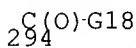
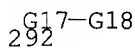
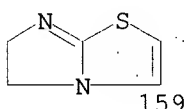
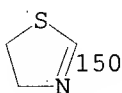
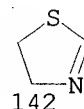
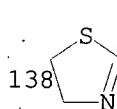
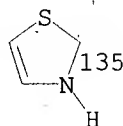
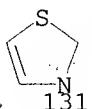
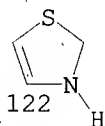
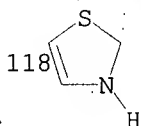
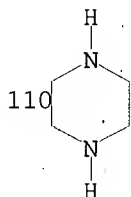
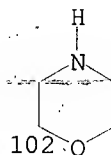
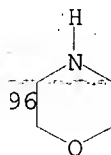
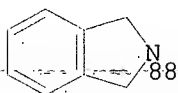
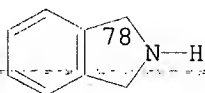
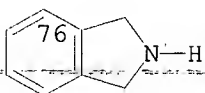
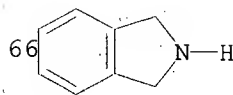
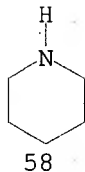
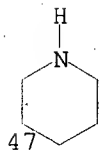
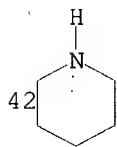
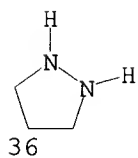
AB Title compds. I [X1 = Ga, RaGa, LaGa, RaLaGa; X2 = Gb, RbGb, LbGb, RbLbGb; Ga-b = NR3aR4a or NR3bR4b, resp., or pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, pyrazolidinyl, piperidyl, isoindolinyl, morpholinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolinyl, 5,6-dihydro-3-imidazo[2,1-b]thiazolyl, thiazolyl; R3a, R4a, R3b, R4b = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl; Gb can be further selected from NO2, halo, OH, CHO, pyrrolyl, or C(:NOH)H; Ra-b = O, S, NH, C=O; each of La-b = alkylene; Y = covalent bond where one of Z1-2 = N, O, S; Y can also be SO2, C=O, CH2, CH2CH2, OCH2, CH2O, NRc; Rc = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, Ph, phenyl-alkyl, or di(alkylamino)-alkyl; Z1-2 = N, O, S, CH=CH to form a Ph ring;] were prepd. For instance, 5-formylthiophen-2-ylboronic acid was coupled to 4-bromobenzaldehyde (dioxane, Pd2(dba)3, t-Bu3P, Cs2CO3, 80.degree.C, 24 h) and the product used to reductively alkylate pyrrolidine (CH2Cl2, NaBH(OAc)3, HOAc, 16 h) to give II. II had Ki = 9.0 nM for the histamine H3 receptor. I are useful for treating histamine-mediated disorders, e.g., narcolepsy, sleep disorders, ADHD, etc.

MSTR 1A



G1 = NH2 / 6 / 8 / pyrrolidino / 12 / 18 / 24 / 28 / 32 / 36 / piperidino / 42 / 47 / 58 / 66 / 76 / 78 / 88 / morpholino / 96 / 102 / piperazino / 110 / imidazolyl / 118 / 122 / 131 / 135 / 138 / 142 / 150 / 159 / thiazolyl / NO2 / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / pyrrolyl / CHO / 292 / **294** / 296 / 298 / 301 / 477 / 479 / 481 / 483 / 486 / 489 / (SC 495)

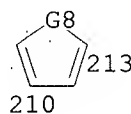
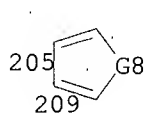
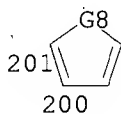
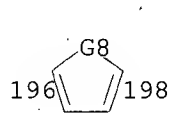
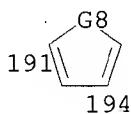
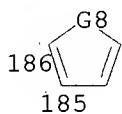


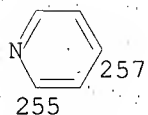


G2 = alkyl<(1-8)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR cycloalkyl<(3-7)>) / (SC Me)

G4 = alkylene<(1-3)> / (SC G15)

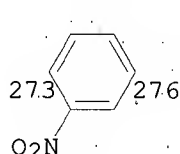
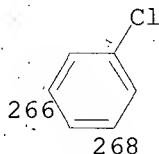
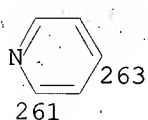
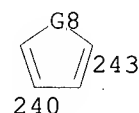
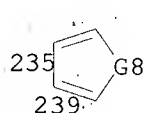
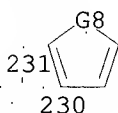
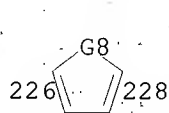
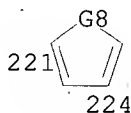
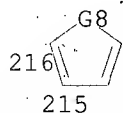
G7 = 186-1 185-3 / 191-1 194-3 / 196-1 198-3 /
200-1 201-3 / 205-1 209-3 / 210-1 213-3 / **phenylene** /
(SC 255-1 257-3)



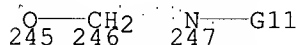


G8 = O / S / NH

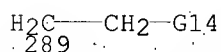
G9 = 216-3 215-5 / 221-3 224-5 / 226-3 228-5 /
230-3 231-5 / 235-3 239-5 / 240-3 243-5 / **phenylene** /
(SC 261-3 263-5 / 266-3 268-5 / 273-3 276-5)



G10 = SO2 / 245-2 246-4 / NH / 247- / C(O) / CH2 / CH2CH2



G11 = alkyl<(1-8)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR cycloalkyl<(3-7)>) /
Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (2-5) C> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ (2-7) C>) / Ph / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) Ph) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR dialkylamino<(1-6)>) / (SC CH2Ph / 289)



G12 = NMe / NH

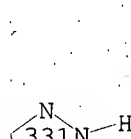
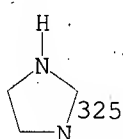
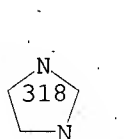
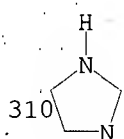
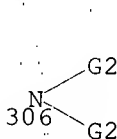
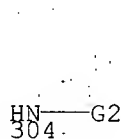
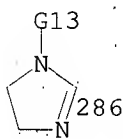
G13 = H / Me

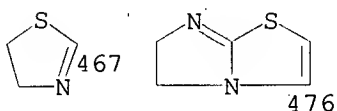
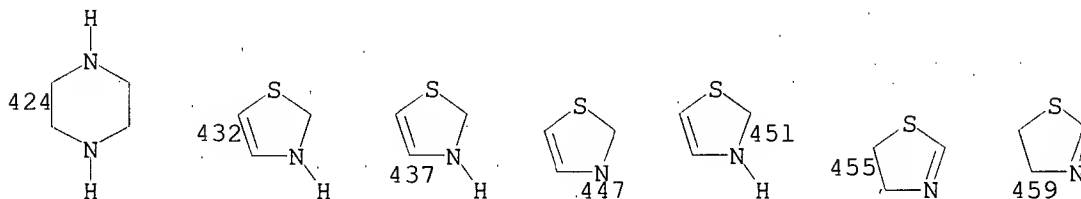
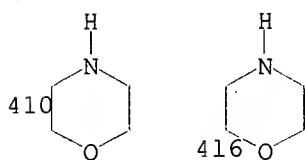
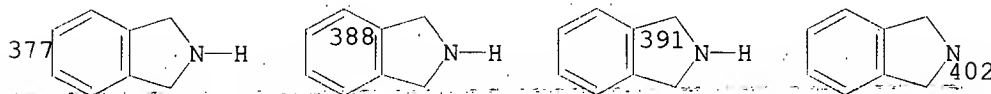
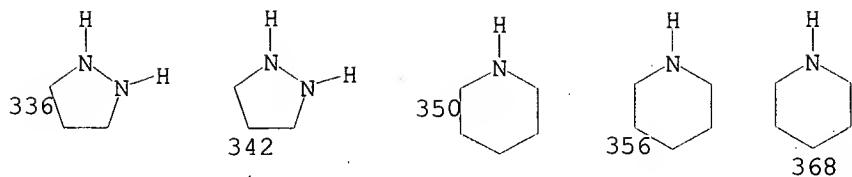
G14 = piperidino / NMe2

G15 = (1-3) CH2

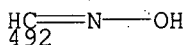
G17 = O / S / NH

G18 = NH2 / 304 / 306 / pyrrolidino / 310 / 318 / 325 /
331 / 336 / 342 / piperidino / 350 / 356 / 368 / 377 / 388 /
391 / 402 / morpholino / 410 / 416 / piperazino / 424 /
imidazolyl / 432 / 437 / 447 / 451 / 455 / 459 / 467 / 476 /
thiazolyl / NO2 / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / pyrrolyl / (SC 286)





G19 = CHO / 492



MPL: claim 1

NTE: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, amides, or esters

NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:135022 MARPAT

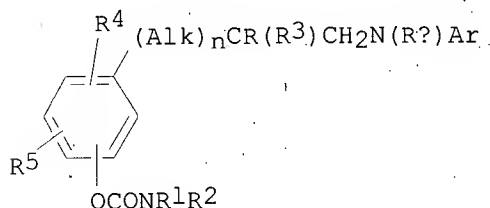
TITLE: Preparation of heteroaryl-.beta.-alanine derivatives as antiinflammatory agents and .alpha.4 integrin inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Konradi, Andrei W.; Pleiss, Michael A.; Thorsett, Eugene D.; Ashwell, Susan; Welmaker, Gregory S.; Kreft, Anthony; Sarantakis, Dimitrios; Dressen, Darren B.; Grant, Francine S.; Semko, Christopher; Xu, Ying-Zi

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Elan Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; American Home
 Products Corporation
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 141 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

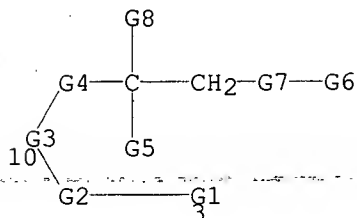
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002008222	A2	20020131	WO 2001-US23096	20010720
WO 2002008222	A3	20020613		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2002086882	A1	20020704	US 2001-910431	20010719
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-220128P	20000721



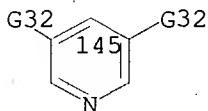
AB Disclosed are a series of heteroaryl-.beta.-alanine derivs. I wherein R is a carboxylic acid; R1 and R2 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl; or R1 and R2, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, are joined to form an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring provided that said substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl and substituted cycloalkyl do not carry an aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl or substituted heteroaryl group; Ra and R3 are independently a hydrogen or a Me group; R4 and R5 are independently selected from the group consisting of heteroatom group; n is zero or an integer 1; Alk is a straight or branched alkylene chain; Ar is an optionally substituted arom. or heteroarom. group, as well as their pharmaceutical use as .alpha.4.beta.7 Integrin inhibitors for the treatment of inflammatory diseases. Thus, 3-[4-(3,5-dichloropyrid-4-ylcarboxamido)phenyl]-2-(3-chlorophenylamino)propanoic acid was prep'd. as .alpha.4 Integrin inhibitor. The preferred compds. of the invention generally have IC50 values in the .alpha.4.beta.1 and .alpha.a.beta.7 assays of 1 .mu.M and below. In the other assays featuring .alpha. integrins of other subgroups the same compds. had IC50 values of 50 .mu.M and above thus demonstrating the potency and selectivity of their action against .alpha.4 integrins. Title compds. were prep'd. for treating an inflammatory condition in a mammalian patient which condition is mediated by Very Late Antigen 4 (VLA-4). Inflammatory condition is selected from the group consisting of asthma, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, AIDS, dementia, diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease, multiple sclerosis,

rheumatoid arthritis, tissue transplantation, tumor metastasis, meningitis, encephalitis, stroke, nephritis, retinitis, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, myocardial ischemia and acute leukocyte-mediated lung injury.

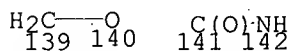
MSTR 1



G1 = aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (2-10) C,
AR (1-), BD (2-) D, RC (1-), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6>
(SO (1-3) G9) / (EX 145)



G2 = NULL / R<TX "bridging group"> / (EX 139-3 140-10 /
141-3 142-10)

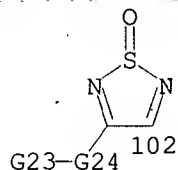
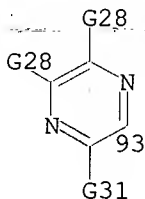
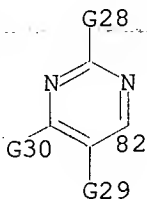
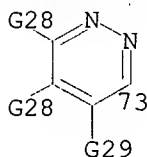
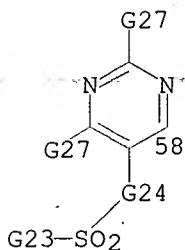


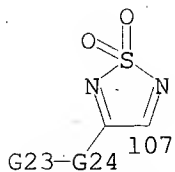
G3 = Hy<EC (1-4) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (2-10)
C, AR (1-), BD (2-) D, RC (1-), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6>
(SO (1-2) G9)

G4 = NULL / alkylene / (EX CH2)

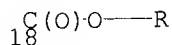
G5 = H / Me

G6 = aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-)> (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (2-10) C,
AR (1-), BD (2-) D, RC (1-), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6> (SO) /
(SC 58 / 73 / 82 / 93 / 102 / 107)

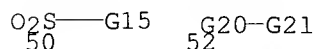
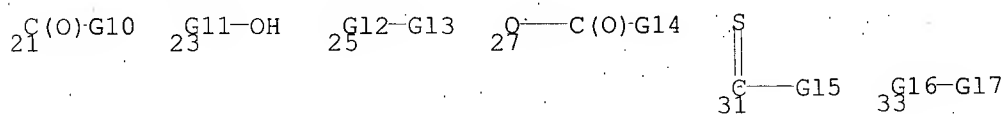




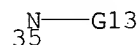
G7 = NH / NMe
G8 = CO2H / 18



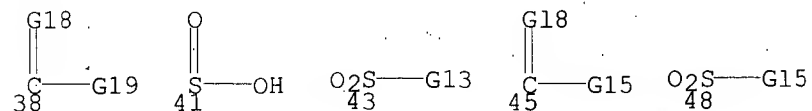
G9 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl / OH / alkoxy (SO) / SH /
alkylthio (SO) / NH2 / alkylamino (SO) / dialkylamino (SO) /
NO2 / CN / 21 / alkylcarbonyl (SO) / SO3H / 23 / 25 / 27 /
31 / 33 / 50 / 52



G10 = OH / alkoxy (SO) / NH2 / alkylamino (SO) /
dialkylamino (SO) / H
G11 = S / S(O)
G12 = S(O) / SO2
G13 = alkyl (SO)
G14 = OH / alkoxy (SO) / H / alkyl (SO)
G15 = NH2 / alkylamino (SO) / dialkylamino (SO)
G16 = NH / 35



G17 = 38 / 41 / 43 / 45 / 48



G18 = O / S
G19 = H / alkyl (SO)
G20 = R<TX "linking group"> / (EX G22 / CHMe /
alkylene (SO))
G21 = H / alkyl / F / Cl / Br / I / R
G22 = (1-2) CH2
G23 = alkyl (SO) / alkenyl (SO) /
cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-)> (SO) / cycloalkenyl<(3-8)> (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,

G24 = BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO)
= NH / 63

N—G25
63

G25 = alkyl (SO) / cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) / cycloalkenyl<(3-8)> (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO) / 65

O₂S—G26
65

G26 = alkyl (SO) / cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
cycloalkenyl<(3-8)> (SO) / aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO)

G27 = H / alkyl (SO) / cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)>
(SO) / aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO) / F / Cl / Br / I

G28 = H / alkyl (SO) / alkoxy (SO) / NH₂ (SO) /
cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO) / F / Cl / Br / I

G29 = alkyl (SO) / alkoxy (SO) / NH₂ (SO) /
cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO)

G30 = H / alkyl (SO) / alkoxy (SO) /
cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO) / F / Cl / Br / I

G31 = alkyl (SO) / alkoxy (SO) / NH₂ (SO) /
cycloalkyl<EC (3-8) C, RC (1)> (SO) /
aryl<EC (6-14) C, RC (1-) > (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (1-10) C,
BD (0-) D, RC (1-) > (SO)

G32 = H / F / Cl / Me / CF₃ / 151 / 153 / OMe / 155 / 158

H₂C—F F₂C—H O—CH₂—F O—CF₂—H
151 153 155 158

MPL: claim 1
NTE: and salts, solvates, hydrates, or N-oxides

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:134664 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of aminoalkanol moiety-containing
thiophene derivatives as immunosuppressants

INVENTOR(S): Nishi, Takahide; Takemoto, Toshiyasu; Shimozato,
Takaichi; Nara, Futoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan

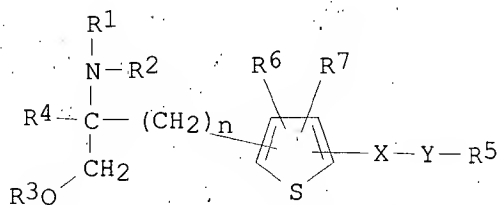
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 373 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002006268	A1	20020124	WO 2001-JP5988	20010710
W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CO, CZ, HU, ID, IL, IN, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RU, SG, SK, US, ZA				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
JP 2002167382	A2	20020611	JP 2001-211778	20010712
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-212246	20000713
			JP 2000-241744	20000809
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GI

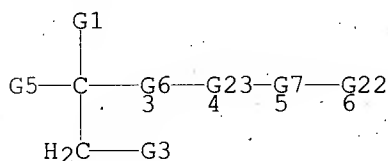


I

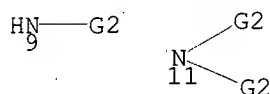
AB The title compds. I [R1 and R2 are each hydrogen or an amino-protecting group; R3 is hydrogen or a hydroxyl-protecting group; R4 is lower alkyl; n is an integer of 1 to 6; X is ethylene, etc.; Y is (un)substituted C1-10 alkylene, etc.; R5 is aryl, etc.; and R6 and R7 are each hydrogen, alkyl, etc.; a proviso is given] are prepd. Processes for prep. intermediates for I are claimed. (2R)-Amino-2-methyl-4-[5-[3-(4-methylphenoxy)propynyl]thiophen-2-yl]butan-1-ol maleic acid salt showed oral ID50 of 0.04 mg/kg against adjuvant arthritis in rats.

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MSTR 1



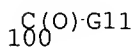
G1 = NH2 / 9 / 11



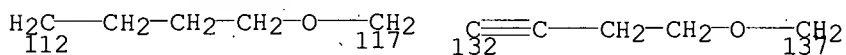
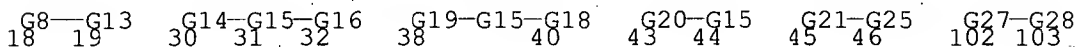
G2 = R<TX "protecting group"> /
 (SC alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / alkoxycarbonyl (SR (1-) G26))
 G3 = OH / 16



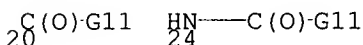
G4 = R<TX "protecting group"> / (SC alkyl<(1-6)> / 100 /
arylcarbonyl<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9))



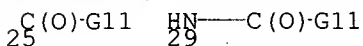
G5 = alkyl<(1-6)> / (SC Me / Et)
G6 = (1-6)-CH2
G7 = 18-4 19-6 / arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
Ak<EC (2-12) C, BD (-1) D (-1) T> (SO (1-3) G12) /
30-4 32-6 / 38-4 40-6 / 43-4 44-6 / 45-4 46-6 /
(SC 102-4 103-6 / 112-4 117-6 / 132-4 137-6)



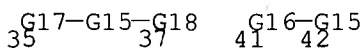
G8 = C(O) / CHOH / O / S / NH
G9 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / OH / 20 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 24 / CN / NO2



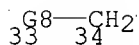
G10 = F / Cl / Br / I
G11 = H / Ak<(1-6)>
G12 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / OH / 25 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 29 / CN / NO2 /
cycloalkyl<(3-10)> (SO) / aryl<(6-10)> (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO)



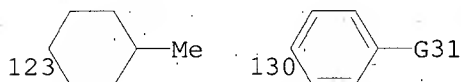
G13 = alkylene<(1-11)> (SO (1-3) G12) / 35-18 37-6 /
41-18 42-6



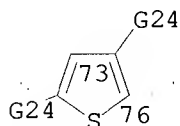
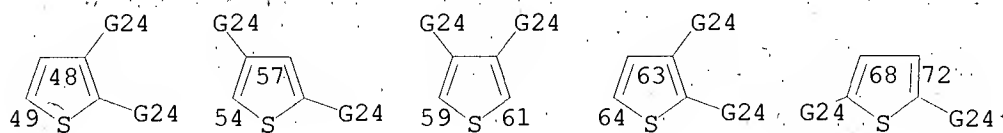
G14 = CH2CH2 / CH=CH / ethynylene / 33-4 34-31 /
arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9)



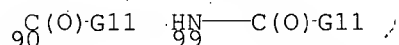
G15 = O / S
 G16 = alkylene<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G17 = alkylene<(2-10)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G18 = alkylene<(1-9)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G19 = Ak<EC (3-11) C, BD (-1) D (-1) T> (SO (1-) G12) /
 arylen<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G12)
 G20 = Ak<EC (3-11) C, BD (-1) D (-1) T> (SO (1-) G12)
 G21 = arylen<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9)
 G22 = H / cycloalkyl<(3-10)> (SO (1-3) G12) /
 aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G12) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-3) G12) / (SC cyclohexyl / Ph (SO (1-3) G30) / 123 /
 130)



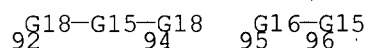
G23 = 49-3 48-5 / 54-3 57-5 / 59-3 61-5 / 63-3 64-5 /
 68-3 72-5 / 73-3 76-5



G24 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CO2H /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> / OH / 90 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 99 / CN / NO2



G25 = alkylene<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G12) / 92-45 94-6 /
 95-45 96-6



G26 = aryl (SO (1-3) G9)
 G27 = CH2CH2 / CH=CH / ethynylene / 104-4 105-103 /
 arylen<(6-10)> (SO (1-3) G9)

G⁸—CH₂
104 105

G28 = CH₂CH₂ / CH₂CH₂CH₂ / CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂ / 106-102 107-6 /
109-102 108-6

O—G²⁹ G²⁹—O
106 107 109 108

G29 = (1-3) CH₂

G30 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G10) /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / 110 / Me / CF₃ / OMe / COMe

C(O)G11
110

G31 = Et / SMe

MPL: claim 1

NTE: or pharmacologically acceptable salts or esters

NTE: additional heteroatom interruptions also claimed

NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:37614 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of chiral heterocyclylcarbonylaminobicyclo
heptanehydrocarboncarboxylic acids in remedy
composition antagonistic to both PGD2 and TXA2
receptors

INVENTOR(S): Tanimoto, Norihiko; Arimura, Akinori

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shionogi & Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 278 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

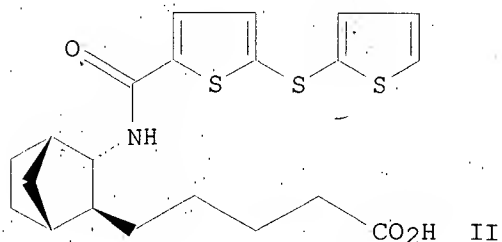
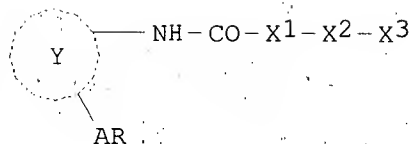
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001094309	A1	20011213	WO 2001-JP4430	20010528

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-166305 20000602

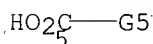
GI



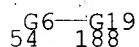
AB Title compds. [I; A = alkylene optionally having an unsatd. bond; R = COR1, CH2OCH3, CH2OH; R1 = OH, OCH3, NH2, NHSO2CH3; X1, X3 independently = optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl; X2 = single bond, CH2, S, SO2, CH2O, OCH2, CH2S, SCH2; Y = bicycloheptane] and pharmaceutically acceptable salts or solvates, having antagonistic effect on both thromboxane A2 and prostaglandin D2 receptors, are prepd. Thus, the title compd. II was prepd. and biol. tested for TXA2 receptor antagonistic activity with IC50(.mu.M) = 0.011 and PGD2 receptor antagonistic activity with IC50(.mu.M) = 0.079.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

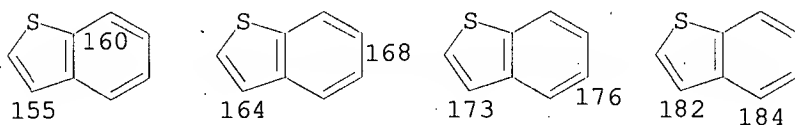
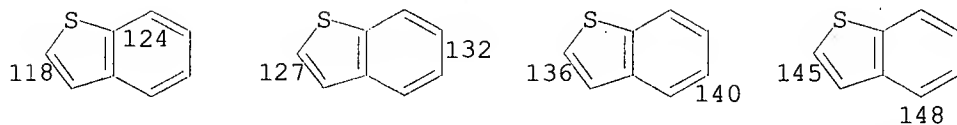
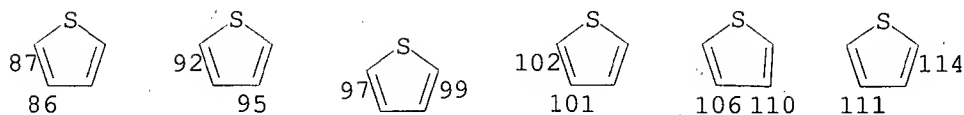
MSTR 2



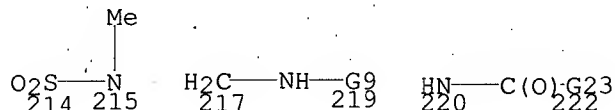
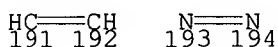
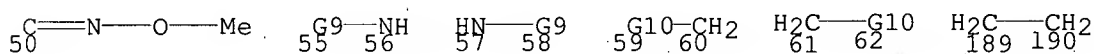
G5 = 54 / aryl<RC (3-)> (SO) /
heteroaryl<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (3-)> (SO) / Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ, AR (0), RC (3-)> (SO)



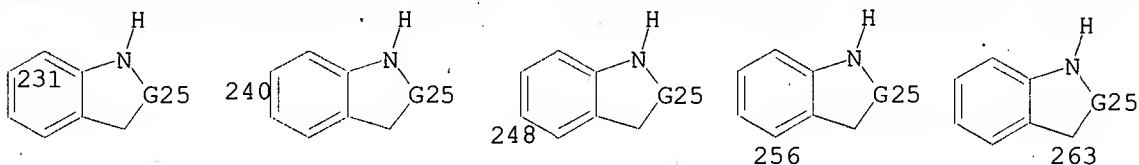
G6 = arylene<RC (1-)> (SO) /
heteroarylene<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-)> (SO) / Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ, AR (0), RC (1-)> (SO) / (SC 87-5 86-188 /
92-5 95-188 / 97-5 99-188 / 101-5 102-188 / 106-5 110-188 /
111-5 114-188 / 118-5 124-188 / 127-5 132-188 /
136-5 140-188 / 145-5 148-188 / 155-5 160-188 /
164-5 168-188 / 173-5 176-188 / 182-5 184-188 /
Hy<EC (1) Q (1) S (8) C, AR (1-), BD (6) N (1) D, FA (2) C,
RC (2), RS (1) E5 (1) E6> (SO) /
Hy<EC (1) Q (1) S (4) C, AR (1-), BD (2) D, RC (1),
RS (1) E5> (SO))

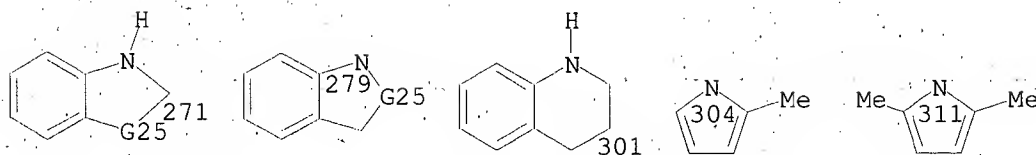


G7 = CH2 / 189-54 190-49 / C(O) / O / S / S(O) / SO2 /
 NH / NMe / 50 / 191-54 192-49 / 193-54 194-49 / 55-54 56-49 /
 57-54 58-49 / **59-54 60-49** / 61-54 62-49 / C=CH2 /
 214-54 215-49 / 217-54 219-49 / 220-54 222-49

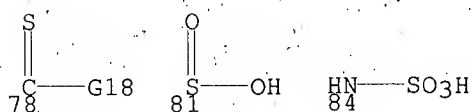
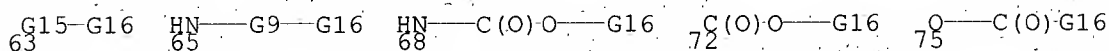


G8 = aryl<RC (1-)> (SO (1-3) G11) /
heteroaryl<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-)> (SO (1-3) G11) / Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ, AR (0), RC (1-)> (SO) / (SC thienyl (SO) /
 benzothienyl (SO) / pyrrolyl (SO (1-) G24) /
 indolyl (SO (1-) G24) / 231 / 240 / 248 / 256 / 263 / 271 /
 279 / 301 / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-),
 BD (3) D, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (0-1) E5 (1-2) E6 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G24) / 304 / 311)

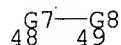




G9 = C(O) / SO2
 G10 = NH / O / S / SO2
 G11 = alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) G12) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> (SO (1-) G12) / alkenyl<(2-8)> /
 cycloalkenyl<(3-8)> / alkynyl<(2-8)> /
 aryl<RC (1-)> (SO (1-) G13) / heteroaryl<EC (1-) Q (0-)
 N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G13) /
 alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-) G14) / cycloalkyl<(3-8)>
 (SR (1-) G14) / 63 / 65 / 68 / 72 / 75 / CO2H / F / Cl / Br
 /
 I / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-2) OH) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> (SR (1-2) OH) / OH / NO2 / CN / SH / 78 /
 81 / SO3H / SO2NH2 / 84 / NH2 (SO) /
 alkyl<(1-8)> (SR NH2 (SO)) / cycloalkyl<(3-8)>
 (SR NH2 (SO)) / NHOH / CONH2 / NHNH2



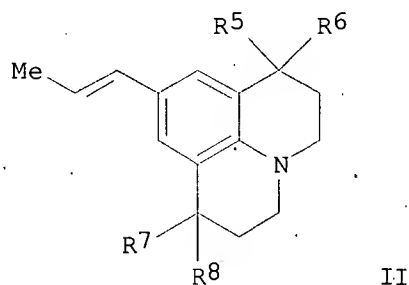
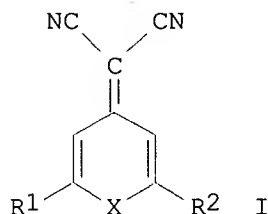
G12 = F / Cl / Br / I
 G13 = alkyl<(1-8)> / cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / F / Cl / Br / I
 G14 = aryl<RC (1-)> (SO (1-) G13) /
 heteroaryl<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) S (0-) O (0) OTHERQ>
 (SO (1-) G13)
 G15 = O / S / NH / C(O) / SO2
 G16 = alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) G12) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> (SO (1-) G12) / alkenyl<(2-8)> /
 cycloalkenyl<(3-8)> / alkynyl<(2-8)> /
 aryl<RC (1-)> (SO (1-) G13) / heteroaryl<EC (1-) Q (0-)
 N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G13) /
 alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-) G14) / cycloalkyl<(3-8)> (SR (1-) G14)
 G18 = H / Me / OH / SH / NH2
 G19 = aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (1-) Q (0-)
 N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-)> (SO) /
 Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, AR (0),
 RC (1-)> (SO) / 48 / (SC thienyl (SO) / benzothienyl (SO))



G23 = NH / NMe
 G24 = alkyl<(1-8)> / cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> /
 cycloalkyloxy<(3-8)> / F / Cl / Br / I
 G25 = (1-2) CH2
 MPL: claim 23

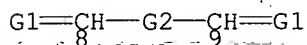
L3 ANSWER 12 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:378558 MARPAT
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent component
 INVENTOR(S): Abiko, Hiroshi; Murayama, Tatsushi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tohoku Pioneer Corporation, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001326080	A2	20011122	JP 2000-146670	20000518
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-146670	20000518
GI				

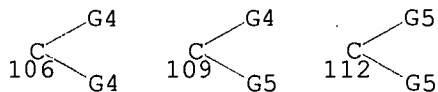


AB The invention refers to an org. electroluminescent component with white electroluminescence comprising a guest-host material wherein the guest material is a dicyanomethylene pyran compd. I [X = O or S; R1 = C1-10 alkyl, or C6 or C10 aryl, R2 = CH3CH:CH-Ph-NR3R4, or II; R3,8 = H, C1-4 alkyl].

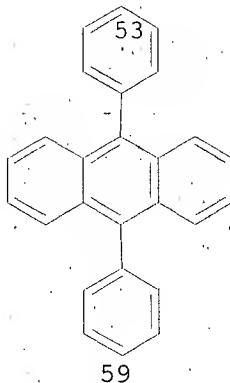
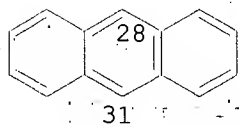
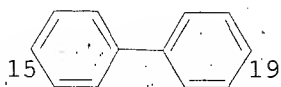
MSTR 2



G1 = 106 / 109 / 112 / Cb<BD (0-) D, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6> / Hy<BD (0-) D, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6>



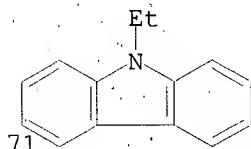
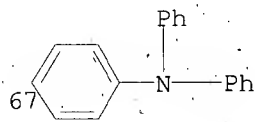
G2 = arylene<(6-20)> (SO) / 114-8 115-9 / 116-8 118-9 / phenylene (SO) / Cb<BD (0-) D, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6> / Hy<BD (0-) D, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6> / (EX 15-8 19-9 / 31-8 28-9 / 59-8 53-9)



G6-G6
114 115

G6-G6-G6
116 118

G3 = alkyl<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
alkyl<(1-)> (SR (1-) aryl<(6-)>) / aryloxy<(6-18)> / CHO /
alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)> / OCHO / acyl / acyloxy /
alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-6)> / CO₂H / CH=CHPh /
arylcarbonyl<(6-20)> / aryloxycarbonyl<(6-20)> /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CH=CH₂ / CONHPh / CONH₂ / Ph / NO₂ /
OH / X
G4 = alkyl<(1-)> (SR aryl<(6-)>) / alkyl<(1-6)>
G5 = H / alkoxy<(1-6)> / aryl<(6-18)> (SO (1-) G3) /
heteroaryl (SO (1-) G3) / cyclohexyl (SO) /
aryloxy<(6-18)> (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl /
(EX 67 / 71)



G6 = arylene<(6-20)> (SO)
MPL: claim 4
NTE: additional ring formation also claimed
NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:371527 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of bisacylguanidine with cardioprotective
activity
INVENTOR(S): Gericke, Rolf; Beier, Norbert
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 12 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 10024319 A1 20011122
 WO 2001087829 A1 20011122

DE 2000-10024319 20000517
 WO 2001-EP4425 20010419

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

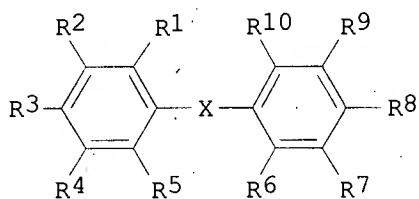
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DE 2000-10024319 20000517

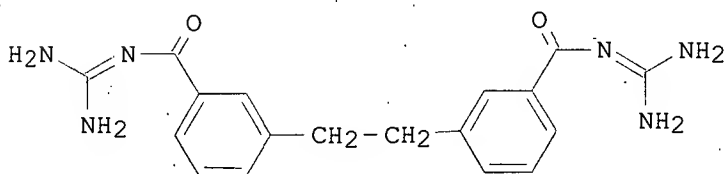
OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 135:371527

GI



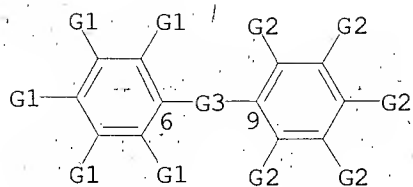
I



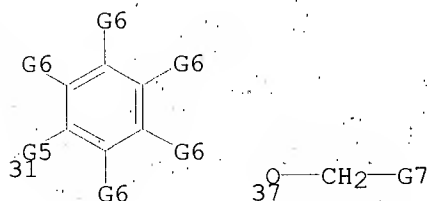
II

AB Bisacylguanidines I [one of R1, R2, R3, R4 or R5 = CON:C(NH2)2, CH:CMcCON:C(NH2)2 and one of R6, R7, R8, R9 or R10 = CON:C(NH2)2, CH:CMcCON:C(NH2)2; the other R1 - R10 = H, A, CH, F, Cl, Br, I, SA, OA, SO2A, OH, NH2, NHA, NA2, COA, (un)substituted Ph, CH2Ph, OPh, N-, S-, O-contg. heterocycle; X = S, SO2, (CH2)n, CO, O, OCH2; A = C1-8-alkyl; n = 1 - 3] and their physiol. harmless salts and/or solvates, with cardioprotective characteristics and works as inhibitors of the cellular Na+/H+ antiporters of the Subtyp 1 are described. Thus, N-{3-[2-(3-guanidinocarbonylphenyl)ethyl]benzoyl}guanidine dihydrochloride (II.cntdot.HCl), was prepd. from 3-[2-(3-carboxyphenyl)ethyl]benzoic acid and Boc-guanidine in 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone contg. 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide and Et2NCHMe2, followed by hydrolysis with aq. HCl. Formulations for use in injections, suppositories, solns., tablets, capsules and ampules are given.

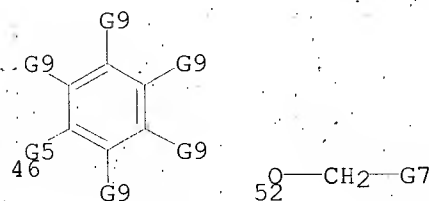
MSTR 1



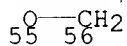
G1 = (1) G4 / H / alkyl<(1-8)> / CN / F / Cl / Br / I /
 alkylthio<(1-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> / alkylsulfonyl<(1-8)> /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / 31 / 37 / Hy<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S> (SO (1-) G12) / NH2 (SO (1-2) alkyl<(1-8)>) /
 alkylcarbonyl<(1-8)>



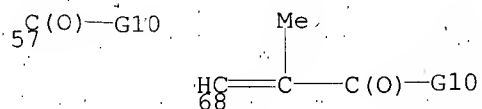
G2 = (1) G4 / H / alkyl<(1-8)> / CN / F / Cl / Br / I /
 alkylthio<(1-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> / alkylsulfonyl<(1-8)> /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / 46 / 52 / Hy<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S> (SO (1-) G12) / NH2 (SO (1-2) alkyl<(1-8)>) /
 alkylcarbonyl<(1-8)>



G3 = S / SO2 / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2 / C(O) / O /
 55-6 56-9



G4 = 57 / 68



G5 = O / CH2

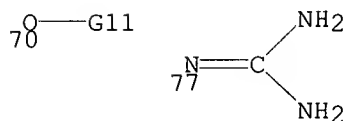
G6 = (3-) H / alkyl<(1-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> /
 NH2 (SO (1-2) alkyl<(1-8)>) / F / Cl / Br / CF3

G7 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8)

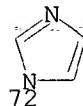
G8 = alkyl<(1-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> /
 NH2 (SO (1-2) alkyl<(1-8)>) / F / Cl / Br / CF3

G9 = (3-) H / alkyl<(1-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> /
 NH2 (SO (1-2) alkyl<(1-8)>) / F / Cl / Br / CF3

G10 = 77 / Cl / Br / I / OH / 70



G11 = R<TX "reactive group"> / (EX 72 /
alkylsulfonyl<(1-6)> / SO2Me / arylsulfonyl<(6-10)> / SO2Ph /
SO2C6H4Me-p)

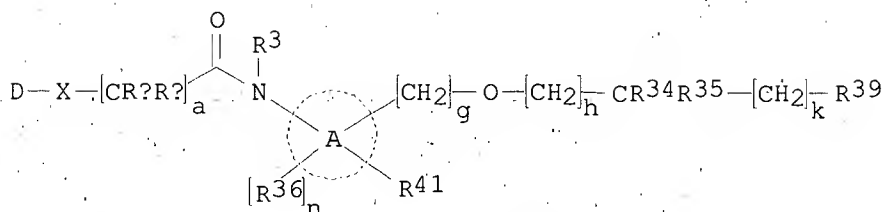


G12 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-8)> / alkoxy<(1-8)> /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-8)> / CN / CO2H
MPL: claim 1
NTE: and physiologically acceptable salts and/or solvates
NTE: also incorporates claim 3

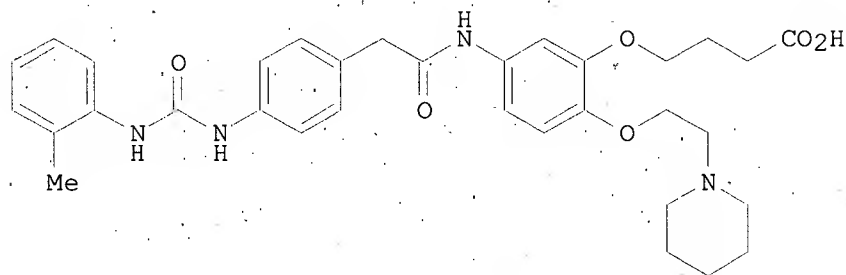
L3 ANSWER 14 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:137405 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of substituted diphenyl ureas as
inhibitors for VLA-4
INVENTOR(S): Johnstone, Craig; Large, Michael Stewart
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Astrazeneca AB, Swed.; Astrazeneca UK Limited
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001053279	A1	20010726	WO 2001-GB162	20010117
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1252152	A1	20021030	EP 2001-900551	20010117
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 2000-1348	20000121
			WO 2001-GB162	20010117

GI



I

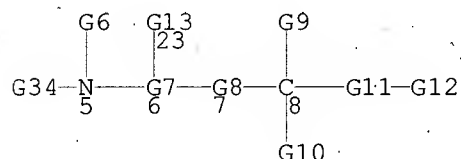


II

AB The title compds. [I; D = a VLA-4 specificity determinant which does not impart significant IIB/IIIa activity; Ra, Rb = H, alkyl; a = 1-4; X = a bond, O, S, etc.; R3 = H, alkyl; A = aryl, heterocyclyl; n = 0-3; R34 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; R35 = H, OH, alkyl, etc.; R36 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkoxy, etc.; R39 = an acidic functional group; h = 0-1; g = 0-1; k = 0-3; R41 = U(CH2)dVT (wherein U = O, S, a bond, CH2O; V = N, O, S, etc.; d = 0-4; T = H, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.)], useful in the treatment of disease mediated by the interaction between VCAM-1 and/or fibronectin and the integrin receptor .alpha.4.beta.1 (such as hypersensitivity and arthritis), were prepd. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of the urea II which was found to be an inhibitor at 87 nM in MOLT-4 cell/Fibronectin adhesion assay, was given.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MSTR 1



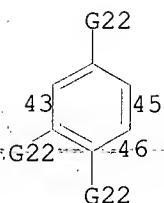
G1 = R<TX "VLA-4 specificity determinant"> / (SC 37)

G20-NH-C(O)-NH-G21

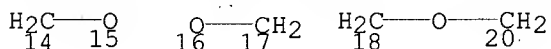
G2 = O / S / NH / 11 / NULL

N-G3

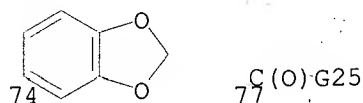
G3 = alkyl<(1-4)>
 G4 = alkylene<(1-)> / G5
 G5 = (1-4) CH2
 G6 = H / alkyl<(1-5)>
 G7 = Cb<EC (6-) C, AR (1-), BD (6-) N, RS (1-) E6>
 (SO (1-3) G29) / Hy<EC (-5) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ> (SO (1-3) G29) / (SC 43-5 45-7 46-23)



G8 = 14-6 15-8 / 16-6 17-8 / 18-6 20-8



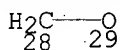
G9 = H / R
 G10 = H / OH / Ak<EC (1-6) C, BD (0-) D (0) T> / 74 / 77 /
 Hy<EC (-5) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G30) /
 aryl (SO (1-) G30)



G11 = (0-3) CH2
 G12 = R<TX "acidic functional group"> / (EX CO2H)
 G13 = H / alkyl<(1-)> (SO (1-) G26) / alkoxy<(1-4)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / aryl / Hy<EC (-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G28) / 30

~~G18-G14~~
~~30 27~~

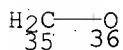
G14 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G26) / alkoxy<(1-4)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / aryl / Hy<EC (-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G28)
 G15 = O / S / 28-6 29-25



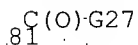
G16 = NH (SO) / O / S / S(O) / SO2
 G17 = (1-4) CH2
 G18 = 24-6 26-27 / 31-6 32-27 / 33-6 34-27 / 91-6 92-27 /
 O / S / NH (SO) / S(O) / SO2 / G17

~~G15-G17-G16~~ ~~G19-G17~~ ~~G17-G16~~ ~~G33-G16~~
~~24 25 26 31 32 33 34 91 92~~

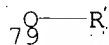
G19 = O / S / 35-6 36-32



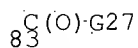
G20 = p-C6H4 (SO (1-) G23)
 G21 = Ph (SO (1-) G31)
 G22 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)> /
 alkoxy<(1-4)> / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-4)> /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) / NO2 / CN / F / Cl /
 Br / I / CF3 / OH / CH2OH / CH2CH2OH / 81



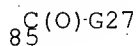
G23 = R / alkoxy<(1-4)>
 G25 = 79 / NH2 (SO)



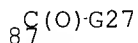
G26 = alkoxy<(1-4)> / aryl
 G27 = OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)>
 G28 = alkyl<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)> /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-4)> /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) / alkylsulfonyl<(1-4)> /
 NO2 / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / CF3 / OH / CH2OH / CH2CH2OH / 83



G29 = alkyl<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)> /
 alkoxy<(1-4)> / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-4)> /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) / NO2 / CN / F / Cl /
 Br / I / CF3 / OH / CH2OH / CH2CH2OH / 85



G30 = NO2 / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-4)> / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) / CN / F / Cl / Br / I /
 CF3 / OH / CH2OH / CH2CH2OH / 87



G31 = alkyl<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)> /
 alkoxy<(1-4)> / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-4)> /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-4)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) / NO2 / CN / F / Cl /
 Br / I / CF3 / OH / CH2OH / CH2CH2OH / 89 / (SC Me)

$\text{C}(\text{O})\text{G32}$
89

G32 = OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / Hy<EC (5-7) A (1-) N, AN (1) N>
G33 = O / S / 93-6 94-92

$\text{H}_2\text{C}-\text{O}$
93 94

G34 = H / 4

G1—G2—G4— $\text{C}(\text{O})$
4

MPL: claim 1
NTE: also incorporates claim 10
NTE: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or in vivo hydrolyzable
derivatives
NTE: additional ring formation also claimed

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:366693 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of bis(aminoalkyl- or
amidinophenoxy)arylene- and heteroatom-interrupted
alkanes and analogs as tryptase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Anderskewitz, Ralf; Braun, Christine; Hamm, Rainer;
Disse, Bernd; Jennewein, Hans Michael; Speck, Georg

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Boehringer Ingelheim Pharma K.-G., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 36 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

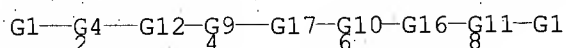
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19955476	A1	20010523	DE 1999-19955476	19991118
WO 2001036374	A2	20010525	WO 2000-EP11216	20001114
WO 2001036374	A3	20020411		
W: AE, AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, HU, ID, IL, IN, JP, KR, LT, LV, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
EP 1250317	A2	20021023	EP 2000-987242	20001114
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1999-19955476 19991118
WO 2000-EP11216 20001114

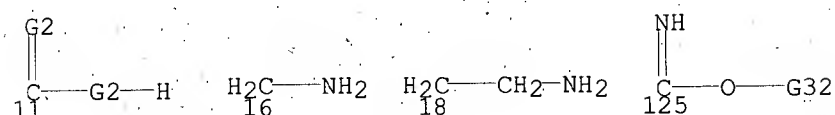
AB B1Z1X1Z2X2ZX3Z3X4Z4B2 [I; B1,B2 = C(:NR1)NHR1', CH2NH2, CH2CH2NH2, ureido;
R1,R1' = OH, COR2, CO2R2; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl(alkyl); X1-X4 = bond, CH2,
CH2CH2, CH2O, CH2NH, etc.; Z = (heteroatom-interrupted)alkylene,
G1(CH2)rG2 [X2 or X3 = (CH2)1-2], E1(CH2)rE2, etc.; E1,E2 =
azacycloalkylene; G1,G1 = bond or cycloalkylene; Z1-Z4 = (un)substituted
(hetero)arylene; r = 0-6] were prepd. Thus, 3-
(ClH2C)C6H4CH2OC6H4(CH2CH2NHBoc)-4 was condensed with (CH2CMe2NH2)2 to
give, after deprotection, the N,N'-bisbenzylated hexandiamine.4HCl. Data

for biol. activity of I were given.

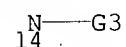
MSTR. 1



G1 = 11 / 16 / 18 / NHC(NH)NH2 / 125 / CN



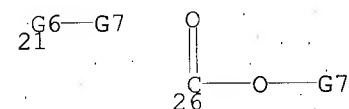
G2 = NH / 14



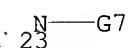
G3 = OH / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-18)> / arylcarbonyl /
alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl) / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-18)> / aryloxy carbonyl /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl)

G4 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-4) G5) /
heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RA (5-10) A,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-4) G5) / (SC p-C6H4)

G5 = cycloalkyl<(3-10)> / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / SH /
NH2 / 21 / CO2H / 26 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G8) /
alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-) G8) / alkynyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-) G8)



G6 = O / S / NH / 23



G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F)

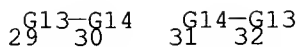
G8 = F / OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
cycloalkyloxy<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F)

G9 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-4) G5) /
heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RA (5-10) A,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-4) G5) / (SC phenylene)

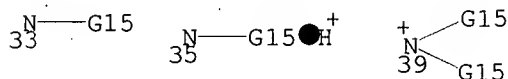
G10 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-4) G5) /
heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RA (5-10) A,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-4) G5) / (SC phenylene)

G11 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-4) G5) /
heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RA (5-10) A,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-4) G5) / (SC p-C6H4)

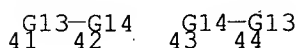
G12 = G13 / 29-2 30-4 / 31-2 32-4



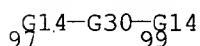
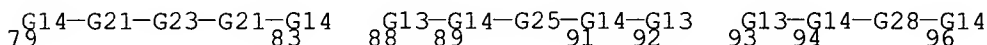
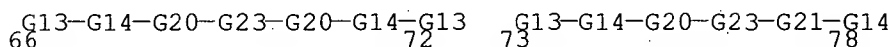
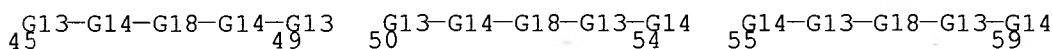
G13 = (1-2) CH₂
 G14 = O / S / NH / 33 / 35 / 39



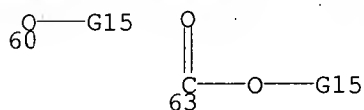
G15 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F) / (SC Me / cyclopropyl / Bu-n)
 G16 = G13 / 41-6 42-8 / 43-6 44-8



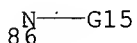
G17 = 45-4 49-6 / 50-4 54-6 / 55-4 59-6 / 66-4 72-6 /
 73-4 78-6 / 79-4 83-6 / 88-4 92-6 / 93-4 96-6 / 97-4 99-6



G18 = alkylene<(2-16)> (SO (1-) G19) /
 alkenylene<(2-16)> (SO (1-) G19) / alkynylene<(2-16)>
 G19 = F / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F) / OH / 60 / CO₂H / 63



G20 = G22 / alkylene<(2-4)> (SR (1-2) alkyl<(1-6)>)
 G21 = alkylene<(3-5)> (SR (1-2) alkyl<(1-6)>)
 G22 = (2-4) CH₂
 G23 = arylene (SO (1-) G24) /
 cycloalkylene<(3-10)> (SO (1-) G24) / O / S / NH / 86



G24 = F / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F) / OH / 84

$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ | \\ 84 \end{array} \text{---} \text{G15}$

G25 = NULL / G26 / 100-89 101-91 / 102-89 103-91 /
104-89 106-91 / cycloalkylene<(3-10)> /
Hy<EC (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ (1-9) C, AN (1-) N, AR (0),
BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) M3 (1) X10>

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26} \\ 100 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27} \\ 101 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27} \\ 102 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27} \\ 103 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27} \\ 104 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27} \\ 105 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27} \\ 106 \end{array}$

G26 = (1-6) CH2
G27 = cycloalkylene<(3-10)> /
Hy<EC (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ (1-9) C, AN (1-) N, AR (0),
BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) M3 (1) X10>
G28 = G29 / 107-94 108-96 / 109-94 111-96 / 112-94 115-96

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G29} \\ 107 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27-G13} \\ 108 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 109 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27-G13} \\ 110 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 111 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27-G13} \\ 112 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 113 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G26-G27-G13} \\ 114 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 115 \end{array}$

G29 = (1-8) CH2
G30 = G31 / 116-97 118-99 / 119-97 123-99

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G31} \\ 116 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 117 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 118 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 119 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 120 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 121 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 122 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G13-G27-G26-G27-G13} \\ 123 \end{array}$

G31 = (2-10) CH2
G32 = alkyl<(1-6)>
MPL: claim 1
NTE: also incorporates claims 10 and 11
NTE: and tautomers and pharmacologically acceptable acid addition salts
NTE: substitution is restricted
STE: and racemates, enantiomers, diastereomers, and their mixtures

MSTR 2

G1—G4—G12—G9—G17

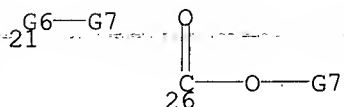
G1 = 11 / 16 / 18 / NHC(NH)NH2

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G2} \\ || \\ \text{C} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{G2} \\ | \\ \text{H} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ | \\ \text{NH}_2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2\text{C} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2 \end{array}$

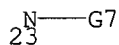
G2 = NH / 14

$\begin{array}{c} \text{N} \\ | \\ 14 \end{array} \text{---} \text{G3}$

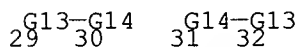
- G3 = OH / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-18)> / arylcarbonyl /
 alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl) / CO₂H /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-18)> / aryloxy carbonyl /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl)
- G4 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-4) G5) /
 heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RA (5-10) A,
 RC (1-2)> (SO (1-4) G5) / (SC p-C₆H₄)
- G5 = cycloalkyl<(3-10)> / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / SH /
 NH₂ / 21 / CO₂H / 26 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G8) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-) G8) / alkynyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-) G8)



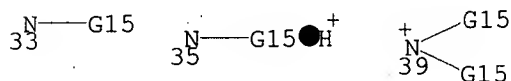
- G6 = O / S / NH / 23



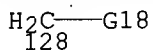
- G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F)
- G8 = F / OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
 cycloalkyloxy<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F)
- G9 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-4) G5) /
 heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RA (5-10) A,
 RC (1-2)> (SO (1-4) G5) / (SC phenylene).
- G12 = G13 / 29-2 30-4 / 31-2 32-4



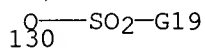
- G13 = (1-2) CH₂
- G14 = O / S / NH / 33 / 35 / 39



- G15 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) F) / (SC Me / cyclopropyl / Bu-n)
- G17 = CHO / 128



- G18 = F / Cl / Br / I / 130



- G19 = alkyl / aryl
- DER: as protected derivatives
- MPL: claim 13
- NTE: also incorporates claim 14

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:100762 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of pyridine derivatives and medicinal use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Iino, Yukio; Fujita, Kohichi; Kodaira, Arika; Hatanaka, Toshihiro; Takehana, Kenji; Kobayashi, Tsuyoshi; Konishi, Atsushi; Yamamoto, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

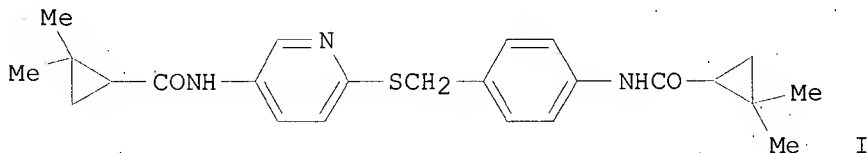
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001002359	A1	20010111	WO 2000-JP4298	20000629
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1193255	A1	20020403	EP 2000-940879	20000629
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
BR 2000012046	A	20020514	BR 2000-12046	20000629
US 2002133005	A1	20020919	US 2001-29871	20011231
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 1999-187959	19990701
			JP 2000-71706	20000315
			WO 2000-JP4298	20000629

GI

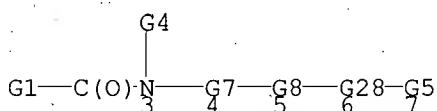


AB Heterocyclic compds. represented by the following general formula
R1-CO-N(R2)-A-X-B-N(R3)-Y-(CH2)n-R4 [R1 = (un)substituted or cycloalkenyl;
R2, R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl,
cycloalkenyl, aryl, or heterocyclyl having .gtoreq.1 heteroatom(s); A =
(un)substituted heterocyclic ring; B = (un)substituted arom. or
heterocyclic ring; n = 0-6; Y = a bond between atoms, CO, CO2, CONR5,
C(S)NR5, SO, SO2 (wherein R5 = H, alkyl); X = a bond between atoms, O,
OCHR7, CHR8O, O2C, CO2, OC(S), C(S)O, S, SO, SO2, SCHR9, CHR10S, SC(O),
C(O)S, SC(S), C(S)S, SO2 NR11, NR12SO2, NR13, etc.; R7 - R10 = H, alkyl;
R11 - R13 = H, alkyl, acyl] or pharmacol. acceptable salts thereof are
prepd. These compds. have inhibitory effects on AP-1 activity, NF-kappa B
activity, inflammatory cytokine prodn., matrix metalloprotease prodn.,
expression of inflammatory cell adhesion factor, etc. and are usable as
drugs such as antiinflammatory, antirheumatic, antiviral agents,

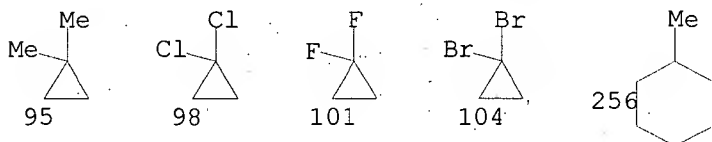
immunosuppressants, cancer metastasis inhibitors, and antiarteriosclerotics. Thus, 2-mercapto-5-nitropyridine was treated with NaH in DMF and then alkylated by 1-bromomethyl-4-nitrobenzene at room temp. for 1.5 h to give 2-(4-nitrobenzylthio)-5-nitropyridine which was reduced by Zn/AcOH in THF at room temp. for 16 h to 2-(4-aminobenzylthio)-5-aminopyridine and then acylated by 2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarbonyl chloride in the presence of Et₃N in CH₂Cl₂ at room temp. for 17 h to give 2-(4-(2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarbonylamino)benzylthio)-5-(2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarbonylamino)pyridine (I). I in vitro inhibited NF-kappa B activity with IC₅₀ of 0.015 .mu.g/mL in an assay measuring .beta.-galactosidase activity expressed in HUVEC cells and driven by NF-kappa B-binding sequence-fused SV40 T antigen min. promoter.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE-FORMAT

MSTR 1



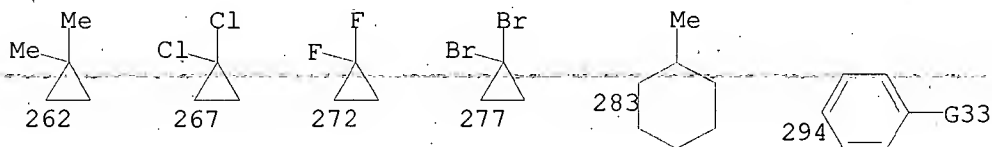
G1 = cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) G2) /
cycloalkenyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) G2) / (SC cyclopropyl (SO) /
95 / 98 / 101 / 104 / 256)



G2 = R / (EX F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO) / CO₂H /
alkoxycarbonyl / CN / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / NH₂ (SR))

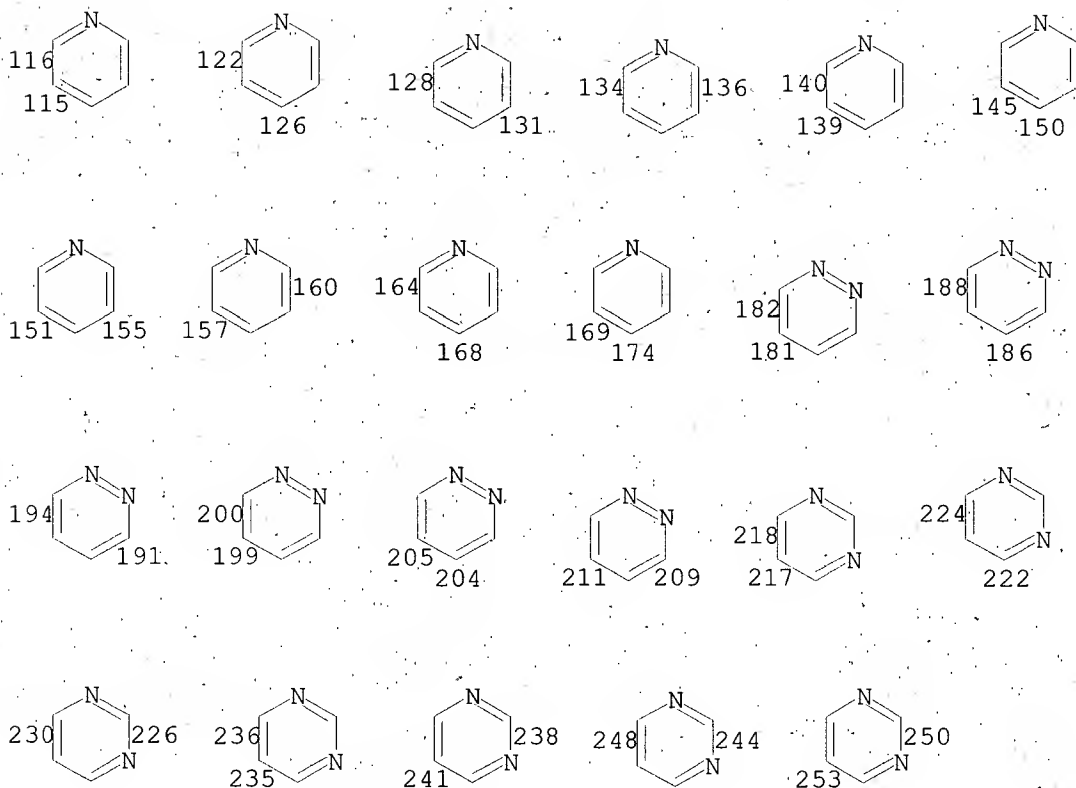
G4 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>

G5 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G6) / alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO) /
cycloalkyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) G2) /
cycloalkenyl<(3-6)> (SO (1-) G2) / aryl (SO (1-3) G2) /
heteroaryl (SO (1-3) G2) / (SC 262 / 267 / 272 / 277 / 283 /
294)



G6 = R / (EX F / Cl / Br / I / OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
cycloalkoxy<(3-6)> / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl / CN /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / NH₂ (SR))

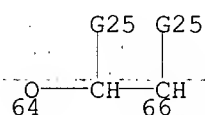
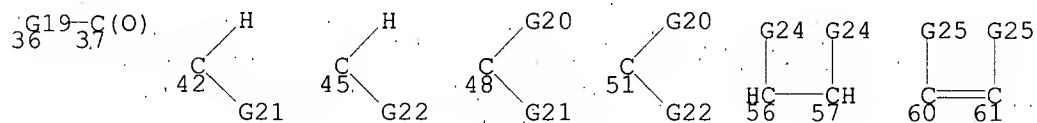
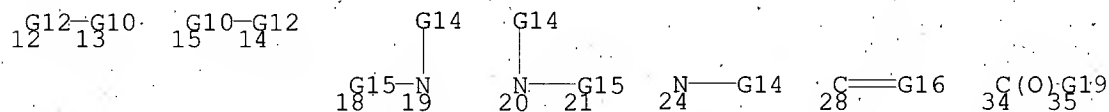
G7 = Hy<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S, RC (1-2),
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-3) G27) /
(SC 116-3 115-5 / 122-3 126-5 / 128-3 131-5 / 134-3 136-5 /
139-3 140-5 / 145-3 150-5 / 151-3 155-5 / 157-3 160-5 /
168-3 164-5 / 174-3 169-5 / 182-3 181-5 / 188-3 186-5 /
194-3 191-5 / 199-3 200-5 / 205-3 204-5 / 211-3 209-5 /
218-3 217-5 / 224-3 222-5 / 230-3 226-5 / 235-3 236-5 /
241-3 238-5 / 244-3 248-5 / 250-3 253-5)



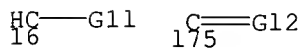
G8 = arylene<RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G27) /
 Hy<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-3) G27) /
 10-4 11-6 / (SC phenylene (SO))

G9-G26
 10 11

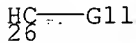
G9 = O / 12-4 13-11 / 15-4 14-11 / S / S(O) / SO2 /
 18-4 19-11 / 20-4 21-11 / 24 / 28 / 34-4 35-11 / 36-4 37-11 /
 42 / 45 / 48 / 51 / 56-4 57-11 / 60-4 61-11 / 64-4 66-11



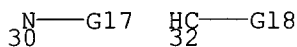
G10 = 16 / 175



G11 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G12 = O / S
 G14 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / acyl
 G15 = SO2 / 26



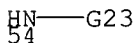
G16 = O / 30 / 32



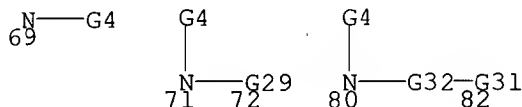
G17 = OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> / acyloxy
 G18 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / acyl
 G19 = 38 / 40



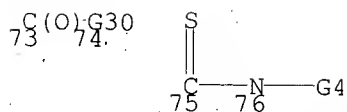
G20 = alkyl<(1-6)>
 G21 = H / OH / SH / alkoxy<(1-6)> / cycloalkyloxy<(3-6)> /
 alkylthio<(1-6)> / cycloalkylthio<(3-6)> / acyloxy / NH2 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 54



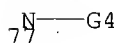
G22 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G6) / CO2H / alkoxycarbonyl /
 CONH2 / CN
 G23 = R<TX "protecting group">
 G24 = H / OH / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G25 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G26 = arylene<RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G27) /
 Hy<EC (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-3) G27) /
 (SC phenylene (SO))
 G27 = R / (EX F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO) / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> / cycloalkyloxy<(3-6)> / CO2H /
 alkoxycarbonyl / CN / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / NH2 (SR))
 G28 = 69 / 71-5 72-7 / 80-5 82-7



G29 = C(O) / 73-71 74-7 / 75-71 76-7 / S(O) / SO2 /
 alkylene<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3>

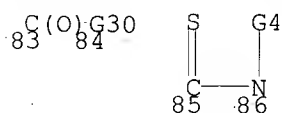


G30 = O / 77



G31 = alkylene<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3>

G32 = C(O) / 83-80 84-82 / 85-80 86-82 / S(O) / SO2



G33 = H / Cl / OMe

MPL: claim 1

NTE: pharmaceutically acceptable salts

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 133:309849 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of arylcarboxamidines as glycoprotein IIb/IIIa antagonists.

INVENTOR(S): Fisher, Matthew J.; Happ, Anne Marie; Jakubowski, Joseph A.; Kinnick, Michael Dean; Kline, Allen D.; Morin, John Michael, Jr.; Sall, Daniel J.; Skelton, Marshall A.; Vasileff, Robert Theodore

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eli Lilly & Co., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 69 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,618,843.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

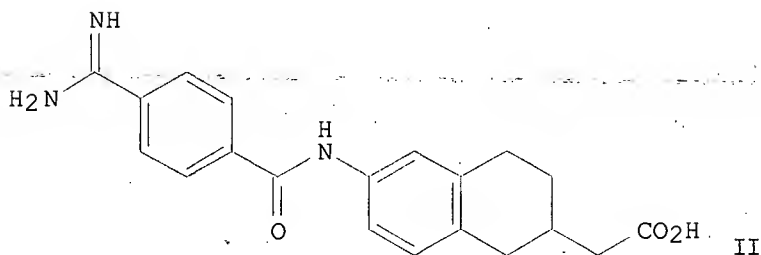
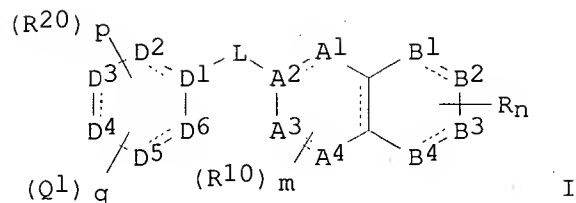
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6137002	A	20001024	US 1996-710823	19960923
US 5618843	A	19970408	US 1994-255821	19940708
US 6472405	B1	20021029	US 1999-299404	19990426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-96220	19930722
			US 1994-255821	19940708
			US 1996-710823	19960923

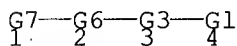
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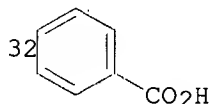
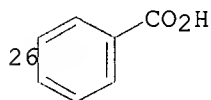
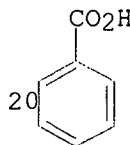
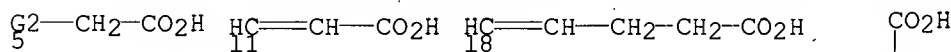
AB Title compds. [I; rings AB = naphthyl, dihydronaphthyl, tetralinyl, decalinyl; R = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, OH, CO₂H, amino, etc.; m, n = 2-6; p = 0-8; q = 1-3; R₃ = CH₂CO₂H, NHCH₂CO₂H, OCH₂CO₂H, CH₂CH₂CO₂H, CH:CHCO₂H, CO₂H, etc.; R₁₀ = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, OH, alkoxy, aralkoxy, acyl, cyano, halo, NO₂, etc.; L = 1-4 membered linking group contg. C, N, S, or O atoms; D = 6-membered ring wherein D₁-D₆ = C, N, O, S; .gtoreq.2 of D₁-D₆ = C; Q₁ = (substituted) amino, imino, amidino, aminomethyleneamino, iminomethylamino, alkylamino, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyranyl, pyrimidinyl, phthalazinyl, phenanthrolinyl, etc.; R₂₀ = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, OH, alkoxy, (substituted) amino, etc.], were prepd. Thus, title compd. (II) (prepd. from 6-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-tetralone) inhibited ADP-induced platelet aggregation with IC₅₀ = 0.19 .mu.M.

REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

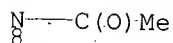
MSTR 1



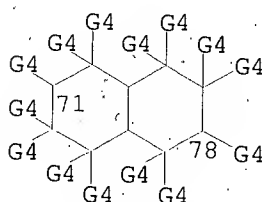
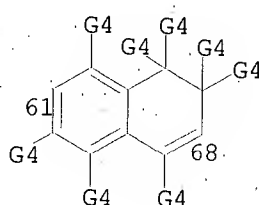
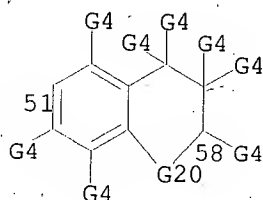
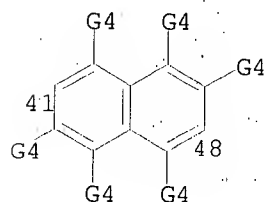
G1 = R<TX "acidic group"> / CH₂CO₂H / 5 / CH₂CH₂CO₂H / 11 / 18 / 20 / 26 / 32 / CO₂H



G2 = NH / O / 8



G3 = 41-2 48-4 / 51-2 58-4 / 61-2 68-4 / 71-2 78-4 /
 Hy<EC (10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (6-) C,
 FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G21) /
 Cb<EC (10) C, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G21) / 207

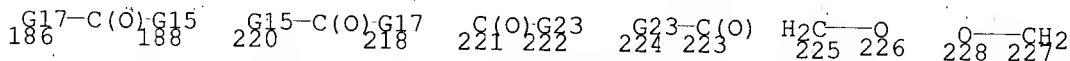


G22=G17
207

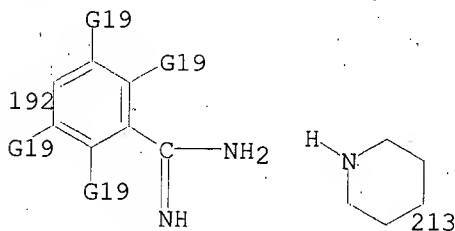
G4 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) G5) / alkenyl<(2-10)> /
 alkynyl<(2-10)> / cycloalkyl / aryl /
 alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) aryl) / NH2 (SO) / CONH2 / CO2H /
 acyl / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / NO2 / SO3H

G5 = F / Cl / Br / I

G6 = R<TX "linking group",
 EC (0-) C (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N> / NULL / (SC 186-1 188-3 /
 220-1 218-3) / (EX 221-1 222-3 / 224-1 223-3 / ethynylene /
 CH=CH / CH2CH2 / 225-1 226-3 / 228-1 227-3)

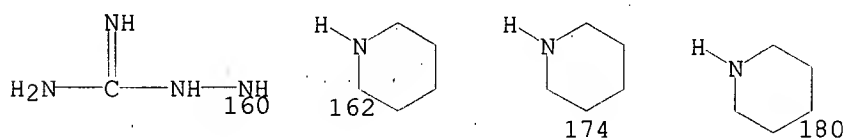
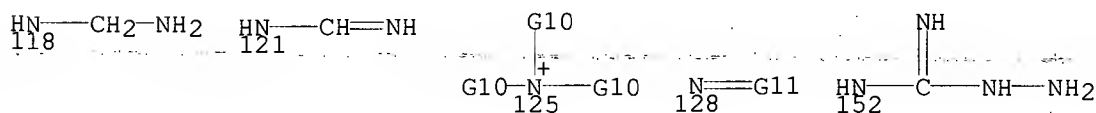


G7 = Cb<EC (6) C, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SR (1-) G8) /
 Hy<EC (6) A (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ (2-) C, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> (SR (1-) G8) / R<TX "basic group"> / (SC 192) /
 (EX 213)

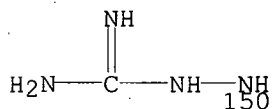
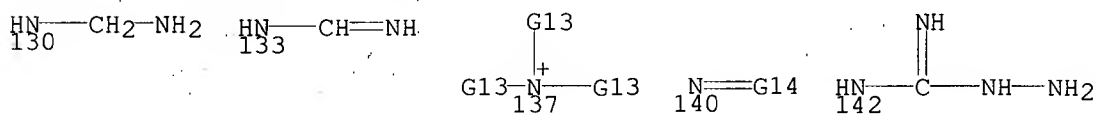


G8 = (1-3) G9 / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) G5) /
 alkenyl<(2-10)> / alkynyl<(2-10)> / cycloalkyl / aryl /

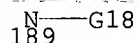
alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) aryl) / NH2 (SO) / CONH2 / CO2H /
 acyl / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / NO2 / SO3H /
 G9 = R<TX "organic group"> / NH2 / C(NH)NH2 / 118 / 121 /
 152 / NHC(NH)NH2 / 160 / alkylamino<(1-10)> (SO) /
 dialkylamino<(1-10)> (SO) / 125 / 128 /
 Hy<EC (6) A (1) Q (1) O (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO) /
 Hy<EC (5-14) A (1-4) Q (1-4) N (0-1) S (0-1) O (0-1) As (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1-3), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO G12) /
 (SC piperidino / 162 / 174 / 180)



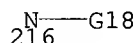
G10 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO)
 G11 = alkylidene<(1-10)> (SO)
 G12 = NH2 / C(NH)NH2 / 130 / 133 / NHC(NH)NH2 / 142 /
 150 / alkylamino<(1-10)> / dialkylamino<(1-10)> / 137 / 140



G13 = alkyl<(1-10)>
 G14 = alkylidene<(1-10)>
 G15 = NH / 189



G17 = O / S / NH / 216



G18 = alkyl<(1-10)>
 G19 = H / R
 G20 = 205 / C(O)

G4
C
205
G4

G21 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) G5) / alkenyl<(2-10)> /
alkynyl<(2-10)> / cycloalkyl / aryl /
alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) / OH /
alkoxy<(1-10)> (SO (1-3) aryl) / NH2 (SO) / CONH2 / CO2H /
acyl / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / NO2 / SO3H
G22 = Hy<EC (10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ (6-) C, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO) /
Cb<EC (10) C, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO)
G23 = O / NH
MPL: claim 1
NTE: also incorporates broader disclosure
NTE: additional oxo and thioxo formation also claimed
NTE: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or prodrug derivatives

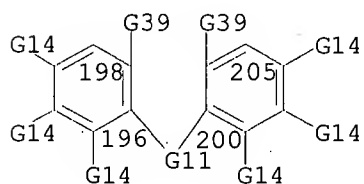
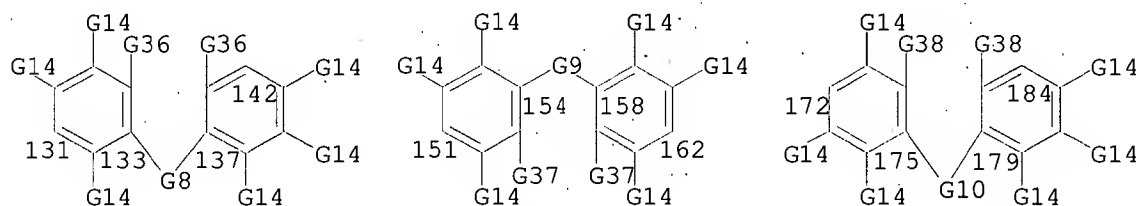
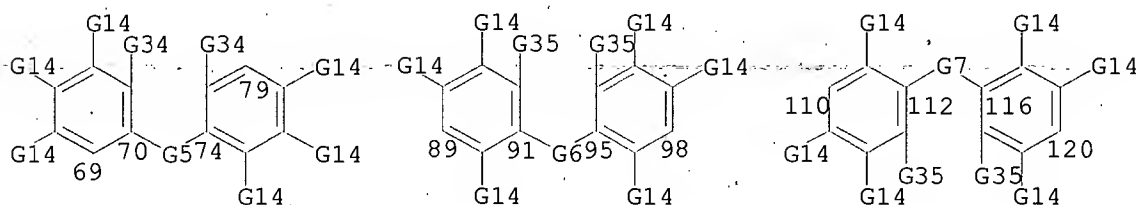
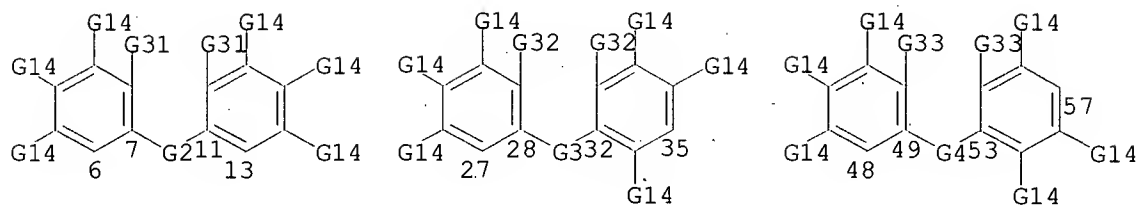
L3 ANSWER 18 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:222437 MARPAT
TITLE: Method for the radical alkylation of arenes
INVENTOR(S): Murphy, John; Graham, Stephen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 987235	A1	20000322	EP 1999-116091	19990817
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1998-115971			19980825	
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:222437				
AB The title process comprises a method for the conversion of alkenes or arenes with iodoalkenes, aryl iodides or arenediazonium salts in the presence of hypophosphorous acid or its derivs. and a radical initiator. Thus, O-allyl-3,5-diiodosalicylic acid was refluxed with H3PO2/AIBN/H2O to give 3-methyl-2,3-dihydrobezofuran-7-carboxylic acid.				
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

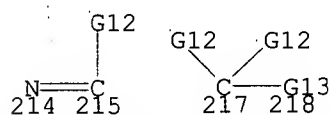
MSTR 3

G15-G1-G20
1 2 3

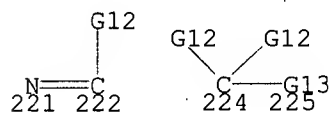
G1 = 6-1 13-3 / 27-1 35-3 / 48-1 57-3 / 69-1 79-3 /
89-1 98-3 / 110-1 120-3 / 131-1 142-3 / 151-1 162-3 /
172-1 184-3 / 198-1 205-3



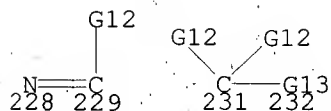
G2 = O / S / NH (SO) / 214-7 215-11 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 217-7 218-11



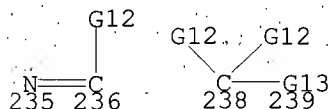
G3 = O / S / NH (SO) / 221-28 222-32 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 224-28 225-32



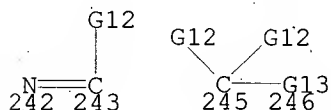
G4 = O / S / NH (SO) / 228-49 229-53 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 231-49 232-53



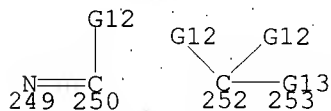
G5 = O / S / NH (SO) / 235-70 236-74 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 238-70 239-74



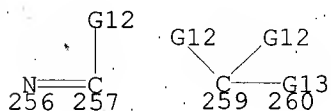
G6 = O / S / NH (SO) / 242-91 243-95 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 245-91 246-95



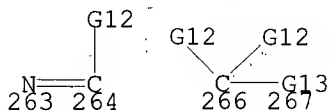
G7 = O / S / NH (SO) / 249-112 250-116 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 252-112 253-116



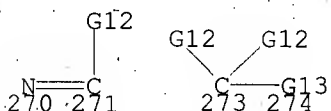
G8 = O / S / NH (SO) / 256-133 257-137 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 259-133 260-137



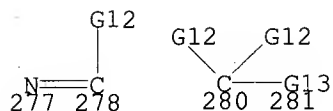
G9 = O / S / NH (SO) / 263-154 264-158 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 266-154 267-158



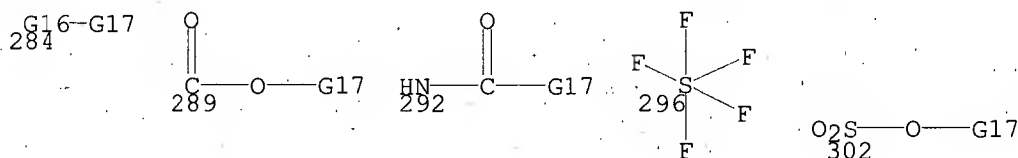
G10 = O / S / NH (SO) / 270-175 271-179 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 273-175 274-179



G11 = O / S / NH (SO) / 277-196 278-200 / CH2 (SO) /
CH=CH (SO) / CH2CH2 (SO) / 280-196 281-200

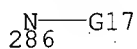


G12 = H / R
 G13 = O / NH (SO)
 G14 = H / R
 G15 = H / F / Br / Cl / CN / NO2 / NH2 / OH / SH / 284 /
 CO2H / 289 / NHCHO / 292 / 296 / SO3H / 302 /
 alkyl<(1-12)> (SO (1-) G19) / R<TX "mesogenic group"> /
 (SC 324 / 528)

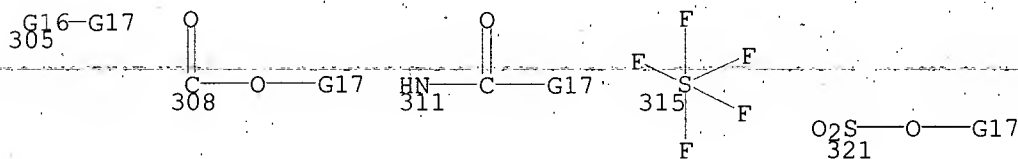


G21-G24-G29 G26-G29
 324 325 326 528 529

G16 = NH / 286 / O / S

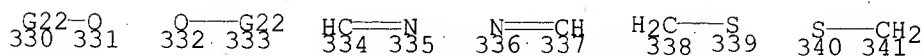


G17 = alkyl<(1-12)> / alkoxy<(1-12)> / Ph (SO (1-) G18) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) N (4-5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G18)
 G18 = F / Cl / Br / CF3 / CN / NO2 / alkyl<(1-12)> /
 alkoxy<(1-12)>
 G19 = F / Br / Cl / CF3 / CN
 G20 = H / F / Br / Cl / CN / NO2 / NH2 / OH / SH / 305 /
 CO2H / 308 / NHCHO / 311 / 315 / SO3H / 321 /
 alkyl<(1-12)> (SO (1-) G19) / R<TX "mesogenic group"> /
 (SC 327 / 530)



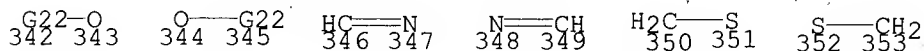
G23-G25-G29 G27-G29
 327 328 329 530 531

G21 = CH2CH2 / ethynylene / 330-2 331-325 /
 332-2 333-325 / 334-2 335-325 / 336-2 337-325 /
 338-2 339-325 / 340-2 341-325

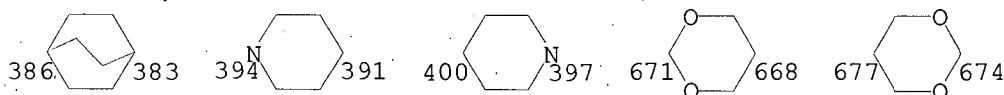


G22 = C(O) / CH2

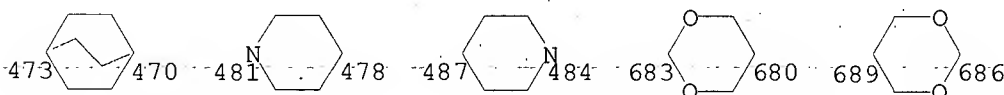
G23 = CH2CH2 / ethynylene / 342-2 343-328 /
 344-2 345-328 / 346-2 347-328 / 348-2 349-328 /
 350-2 351-328 / 352-2 353-328



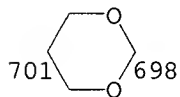
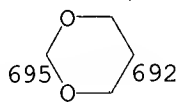
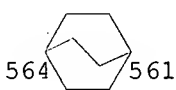
G24 = 359-324 356-326 / Hy<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ (4-5) C, AN (2-) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> / p-C6H4 (SO (1-) G28) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) N (4-5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> / 360-324 362-326 /
 364-324 366-326 / 374-324 371-326 / 380-324 377-326 /
 386-324 383-326 / 394-324 391-326 / 400-324 397-326 /
 Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (2),
 RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> / Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (1-),
 BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> /
 (EX 671-324 668-326 / 677-324 674-326)



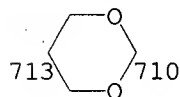
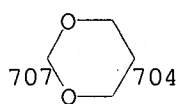
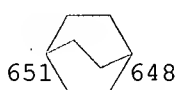
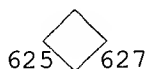
G25 = 446-327 443-329 / Hy<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ (4-5) C, AN (2-) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> / p-C6H4 (SO (1-) G28) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) N (4-5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> / 447-327 449-329 /
 451-327 453-329 / 461-327 458-329 / 467-327 464-329 /
 473-327 470-329 / 481-327 478-329 / 487-327 484-329 /
 Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (2),
 RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> / Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (1-),
 BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> /
 (EX 683-327 680-329 / 689-327 686-329)



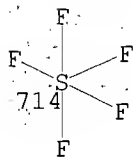
G26 = 537-2 534-529 / Hy<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ (4-5) C, AN (2-) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> / p-C6H4 (SO (1-) G28) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) N (4-5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> / 538-2 540-529 /
 542-2 544-529 / Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2) C, AR (0), BD (1) DE,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> / 564-2 561-529 /
 Hy<EC (1) N (5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (1) N (1) C, AR (0),
 BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) E6> /
 Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (2),
 RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> / Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (1-),
 BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> / (EX 695-2 692-529 /
 701-2 698-529-)



G27 = 624-2 621-531 / Hy<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ (4-5) C, AN (2-) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> / p-C6H4 (SO (1-) G28) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) N (4-5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> / 625-2 627-531 /
 629-2 631-531 / Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2) C, AR (0), BD (1) DE,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> / 651-2 648-531 /
 Hy<EC (1) N (5) C (0) OTHERQ, AN (1) N (1) C, AR (0),
 BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) E6> /
 Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (2),
 RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> / Cb<EC (10) C, AN (2) C, AR (1-),
 BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> / (EX 707-2 704-531 /
 713-2 710-531)



G28 = CN / F / Cl / Br
 G29 = H / F / Cl / Br / Cl / CN / NO2 / 714 /
 alkyl<(1-12)> (SO (1-) G30)



G30 = F / Cl / Br / CF3 / CN
 G31 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G32 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G33 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G34 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G35 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G36 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G37 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G38 = (1) H / I / diazonium
 G39 = (1) H / I / diazonium

MPL: claim 3

NTE: additional interruptions also claimed for alkyl groups in G15, G20, and G29

STE: all cyclohexylene rings are trans

L3 ANSWER 19 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:166133 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of hydroxy pipecolate hydroxamic acid derivatives as MMP inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): McClure, Kim Francis; Noe, Mark Carl; Letavic, Michael Anthony; Chupak, Louis Stanley

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Products Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 98 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

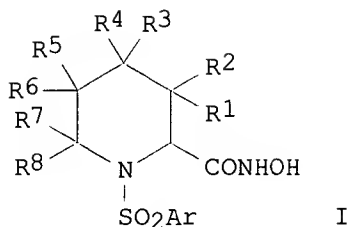
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000009485	A1	20000224	WO 1999-IB1388	19990805
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2340202	AA	20000224	CA 1999-2340202	19990805
AU 9949247	A1	20000306	AU 1999-49247	19990805
BR 9912909	A	20010508	BR 1999-12909	19990805
EP 1104403	A1	20010606	EP 1999-933076	19990805
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
US 6329397	B1	20011211	US 1999-372946	19990812
NO 2001000686	A	20010409	NO 2001-686	20010209
US 2003008901	A1	20030109	US 2001-8943	20011203
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-96232P	19980812
			WO 1999-IB1388	19990805
			US 1999-372946	19990812

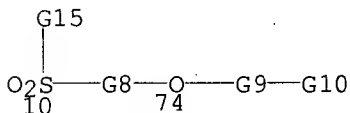
GI



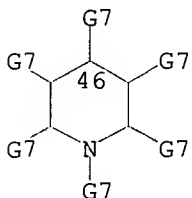
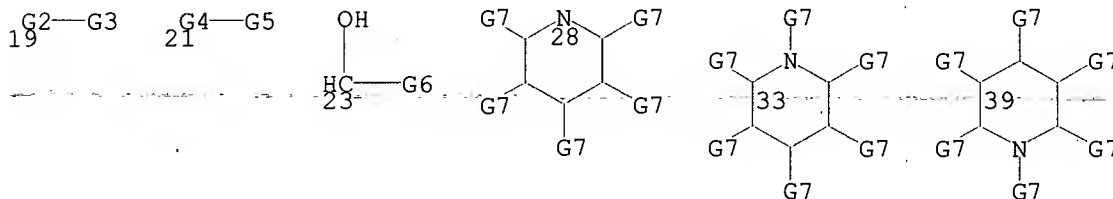
AB The title compds. I [R1 - R8 = H, OH, halogen, CN, (un)substituted (C1-6)alkyl, (un)substituted (C2-6)alkenyl, (un)substituted (C2-10)aryl, (un)substituted (C2-9)heteroaryl, etc; or R1 and R2, or R3 and R4, or R5 and R6 together = carbonyl or form a (C3-6)cycloalkyl, oxacyclohexyl, thiocyclohexyl, indanyl or tetralinyl ring; Ar = (un)substituted (C2-10)aryl, (un)substituted (C1-6)alkoxy, (un)substituted (C6-10)aryl, (un)substituted (C2-9)heteroaryl, etc] are prepd. Compds. of this invention had IC50 of less than 1 .mu.M in at least one of the assays for inhibiting activities against MMP-1, MMP-2, MMP-3, and MMP-13.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

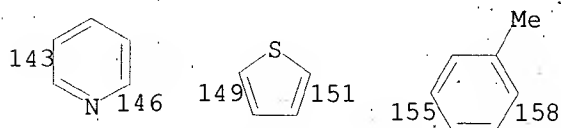
MSTR 1



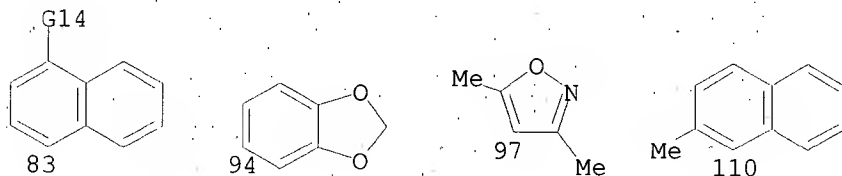
G1 = (1-) OH / H / X / CN / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> / 19 / alkynyl<(2-6)> / 21 /
 perfluoroalkyl<(1-6)> / aryl<(6-10)> (SO) /
 heteroaryl<(2-9)> (SO) / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / 23 / 28 / 33 /
 39 / 46 / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CO2H /
 alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> /
 (SC Me) / (EX OMe / OEt / Et / Ph / CH2CH=CH2 / hexyl /
 CH2Ph / CF3 / F / Pr-i)



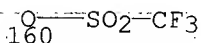
G2 = alkenylene<(2-6)> / alkynylene<(2-6)>
 G3 = aryl<(6-10)> (SO) / heteroaryl<(2-9)> (SO)
 G4 = NH / S / O
 G5 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO) / aryl<(6-10)> (SO) /
 heteroaryl<(2-9)> (SO) / acyl
 G6 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO)
 G7 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO)
 G8 = **arylene<(6-10)> (SO (1-) G11) /**
 heteroarylene<(2-9)> (SO (1-) G11) / (SC phenylene) /
 (EX 143-10 146-74 / 149-10 151-74 / 155-10 158-74)



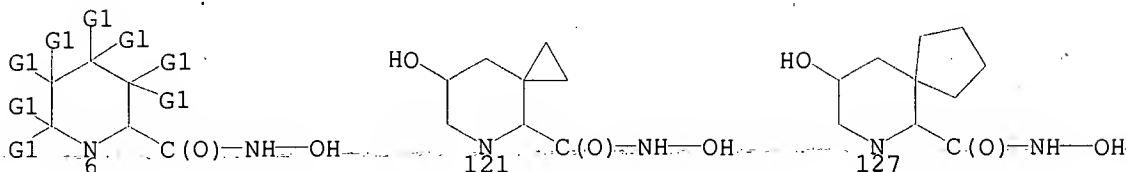
G9 = alkylene<(1-6)> / (SC CH2) / (EX CH2CH2)
 G10 = **aryl<(6-10)> (SO (1-) G11) /**
 heteroaryl<(2-9)> (SO (1-) G11) / (SC pyridyl (SO (1-) G13) /
 thienyl (SO (1-) G13) / pyrazinyl (SO (1-) G13) /
 pyrimidinyl (SO (1-) G13) / pyridazinyl (SO (1-) G13) /
 thiazolyl (SO (1-) G13) / oxazolyl (SO (1-) G13) /
 Ph (SO (1-) G12)) / (EX 83 / 94 / 97 / 2-naphthyl / 110)



G11 = X / CN / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) / OH /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR OH) / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) / **CO2H** /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO2H) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)>) /
 alkyl carbonyloxy<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)>
 (SR alkyl carbonyloxy<(1-6)>) / CHO / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CHO) /
 alkyl carbonyl<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkyl carbonyl<(1-6)>
) / NO2 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR NH2) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR dialkylamino<(1-6)>) / CONH2 /
 alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CONH2) / alkyl<(1-6)>
 (SR alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)>) / NHCHO /
 alkyl carbonylamino<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR NHCHO) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkyl carbonylamino<(1-6)>) /
 alkylthio<(1-6)> / alkylsulfanyl<(1-6)> /
 alkylsulfonyl<(1-6)> / alkylsulfonylamino<(1-6)> / SO2NH2 /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR SO2NH2) / alkyl<(1-6)>
 (SR alkylaminosulfonyl<(1-6)>) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR dialkylaminosulfonyl<(1-6)>) / 160 /
 alkylsulfonyloxy<(1-6)> / Ph / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR Ph) /
 cycloalkyl<(3-10)> / Hy<EC (2-9) C, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE> /
 heteroaryl<(2-9)>



G12 = Me / F / CF₃ / Pr-i / Et / (EX OMe / CN / Cl / Br /
I / CO₂Me / Bu-t / Ph)
G13 = X / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
perfluoroalkyl<(1-3)> / (EX Cl / Me)
G14 = H / Me
G15 = 6 / (EX 121 / 127)



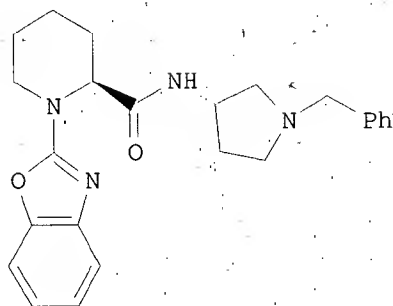
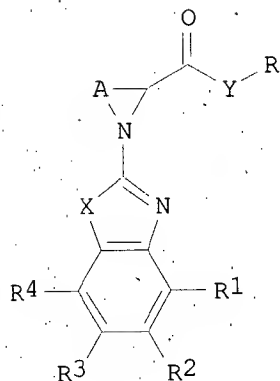
DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1
NTE: substitution is restricted
NTE: addition ring derivatization also claimed

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:137377 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of benzoxazolyl piperidines and analogs as
rotamase enzyme inhibitors
INVENTOR(S): Kemp, Mark Ian; Palmer, Michael John; Sanner, Mark
Allen; Wythes, Martin James
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Limited, UK; Pfizer Inc.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 131 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO 2000005232	A1	20000203	WO 1999-IB1211	19990628
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2338214	AA	20000203	CA 1999-2338214	19990628
AU 9942858	A1	20000214	AU 1999-42858	19990628
BR 9912330	A	20010417	BR 1999-12330	19990628
EP 1100797	A1	20010523	EP 1999-963123	19990628
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002521382	T2	20020716	JP 2000-561188	19990628
NO 2001000322	A	20010315	NO 2001-322	20010119
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			GB 1998-15880	19980721
			WO 1999-IB1211	19990628

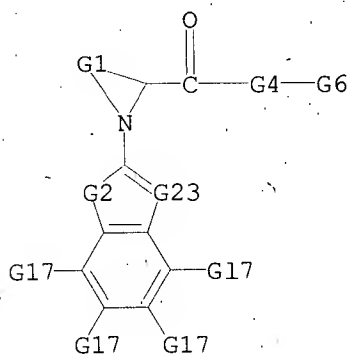
GI



AB Title compds. (I) [wherein A = (un)substituted unbranched C3-C5 alkylene; X and Y = independently O, S, NH, or N-alkyl; R = (un)substituted, C-linked, 4- to 6-membered, non-arom., heterocyclic ring contg. 1 N; R1-R4 = independently H, halo, (cyclo)alkyl, haloalkyl, (cyclo)alkoxy, CONR5R6, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkylalkoxy, or CO2R7; R5 and R6 = independently H, alkyl, or taken together = unbranched alkylene; R7 = alkyl] were prepd. as rotamase enzyme inhibitors, particularly FKBP-12 and FKBP-52 inhibitors. Thus, (2S)-1-(1,3-benzoxazol-2-yl)-2-piperidinecarboxylic acid (prepn. given) was amidated with (3S)-1-benzylpyrrolidine-3-ylamine in the presence of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate and 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide.HCl in CH2Cl2 to yield II. Twenty-one compds. of the invention demonstrated inhibitory activity against human recombinant FKBP-12 in a coupled colorimetric PPIase in vitro assay with IC50 values below 1200 nM, and II inhibited the rotamase enzyme FKBP-52 in a similar assay with IC50 = 2790 nM. As neurotrophic agents, the invention compds. promote neuronal regeneration and outgrowth and are useful for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases or other disorders involving nerve damage.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MSTR 1

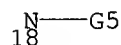


G1 = (3-5) CH2 (SO alkyl<(1-6)>)
 G2 = O / S / 13

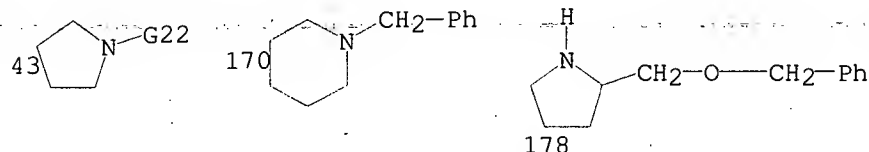
N-G3

13

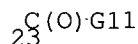
G3 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G4 = O / S / NH / 18

N—G5
 18

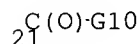
G5 = alkyl<(1-6)>
 G6 = Hy<EC (4-6) A (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ (3-5) C,
 AN (1-) C, RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X6> (SO (1-3) G7) / (SC 43 /
 170 / 178)



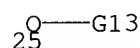
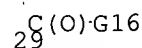
G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-)
 N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> / 23

C(O)G11
 23

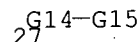
G8 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
 Cl / Br / I / 21 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino

C(O)G10
 21

G9 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
 Cl / Br / I / Ph / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
 G10 = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
 azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
 G11 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8)
 G12 = cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / Ph (SO (1-3) G8) /
 Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / 25 / 29

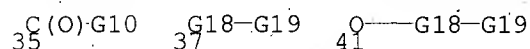
O—G13 C(O)G16
 25 29

G13 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / 27

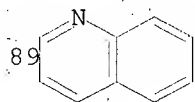
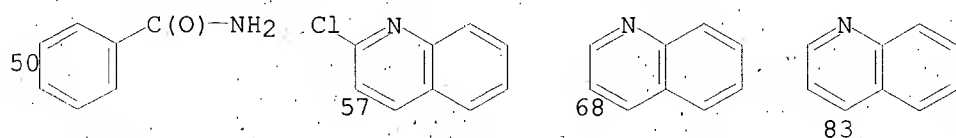
G14-G15
 27

G14 = CH2 / CHMe / CH2CH2
 G15 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8)

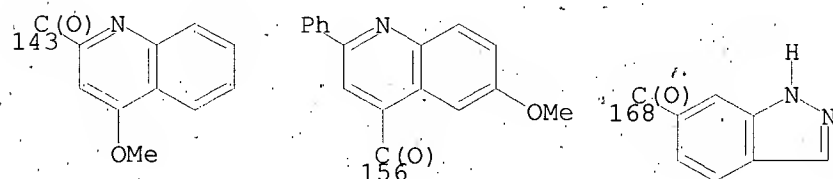
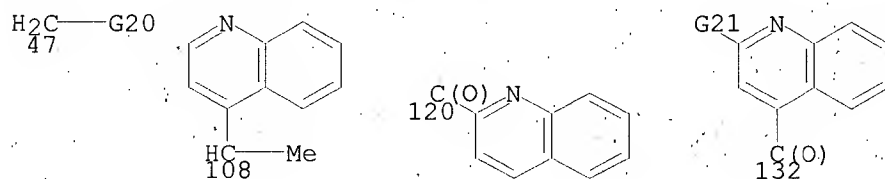
- G16 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-)
O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH2 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino /
pyrrolidino / piperidino
- G17 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) /
cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> / 35 /
cycloalkyloxy<(3-7)> / 37 / 41 / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> /
(SC Br)



- G18 = alkylene<(2-4)>
G19 = cycloalkyl<(3-7)>
G20 = Ph / pyridyl / 50 / 57 / 68 / 83 / 89



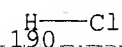
- G21 = Ph / piperidino / Cl
G22 = 47 / 108 / 120 / 132 / 143 / 156 / 168



- G23 = N / 188



- G24 = R<TX "pharmaceutically acceptable salt"> / (SC 190)



G25 = F / Cl / Br / I
 DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
 MPL: claim 1

MSTR 4

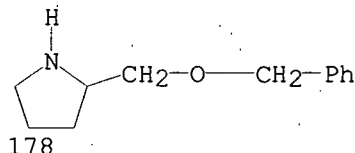
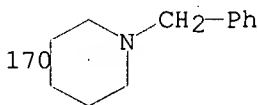
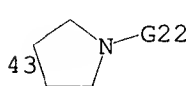
G4—G6

G4 = OH / SH / NH2 / 18

HN—G5
18

G5 = alkyl<(1-6)>

G6 = Hy<EC (4-6) A (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ (3-5) C,
 AN (1-) C, RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X6> (SO (1-3) G7) / (SC 43 /
 170 / 178)



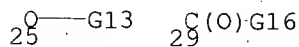
G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO (1-2) G12) / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-)
 N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> / 23

C(0)G11
23

G8 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
 Cl / Br / I / 21 / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino

C(0)G10
21

G9 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G25) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / F /
 Cl / Br / I / Ph / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
 G10 = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
 azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino
 G11 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH2 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino / pyrrolidino / piperidino /
 Ph (SO (1-3) G8)
 G12 = cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / Ph (SO (1-3) G8) /
 Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / 25 / 29



G13 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / 27

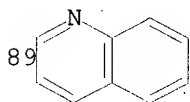
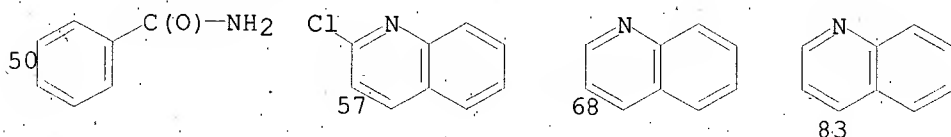
G14-G15
27

G14 = CH₂ / CHMe / CH₂CH₂

G15 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8)

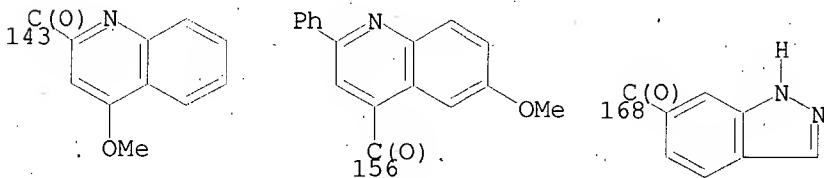
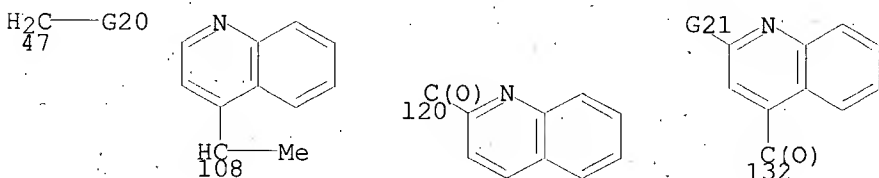
G16 = Ph (SO (1-3) G8) / Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-)
O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / NH₂ /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / azetidino /
pyrrolidino / piperidino

G20 = Ph / pyridyl / 50 / 57 / 68 / 83 / 89



G21 = Ph / piperidino / C1

G22 = 47 / 108 / 120 / 132 / 143 / 156 / 168



G25 = F / Cl / Br / I
MPL: claim 29

L3 ANSWER 21 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:117565 MARPAT

TITLE: Pentamidine and analogs as imidazoline
receptor-binding compounds, and library screening
method

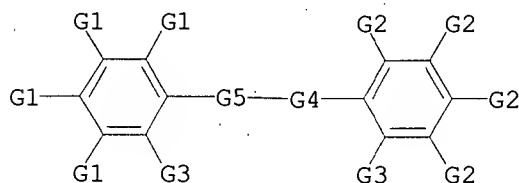
INVENTOR(S): Tidwell, Richard R.; Hall, James E.; Wood, Dorothy H.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of North Carolina At Chapel Hill, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

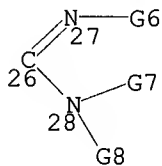
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000004893	A2	20000203	WO 1999-US14428	19990625
WO 2000004893	A3	20000629		
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, VZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2338279	AA	20000203	CA 1999-2338279	19990625
AU 9948327	A1	20000214	AU 1999-48327	19990625
EP 1097382	A2	20010509	EP 1999-931916	19990625
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI				
JP 2002527357	T2	20020827	JP 2000-560886	19990625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 1998-120584	19980722
			WO 1999-US14428	19990625

AB Pentamidine and analogs thereof have activity as imidazoline receptor binding compds. A method of binding the imidazoline receptor comprises contacting a bis-benzene to the imidazoline receptor in an amt. effective to bind to the receptor, wherein the bis-benzene contains at least one amidine group (e.g., one or two). The contacting step may be carried out in vivo or in vitro. Contacting may be carried out with individual active compds. or with libraries of active compds.

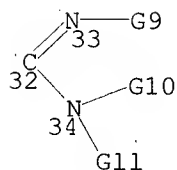
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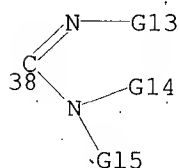
G1 = (3-) H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO NH2) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / NO2 / NH2 / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / CO2H / 26



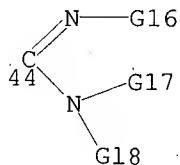
G2 = (3-) H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO NH2) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / NO2 / NH2 / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / CO2H / 32



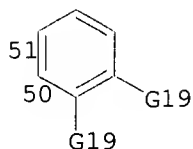
G3 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl / F / Cl / Br / I
 G4 = O / S / NH
 G5 = (1-8) CH2
 G6 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G7 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G8 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G9 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G10 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G11 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G12 = NH2 / alkylamino / OH / alkoxy
 G13 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G14 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G15 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G16 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G17 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G18 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G12) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / aryl
 G19 = (1) 38 / H



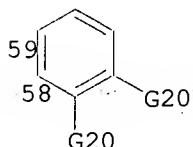
G20 = (1) 44 / H



G6 +G7 = alkylene<EC (2-4) C, DC (0) M3> / 50-27 51-28



G9 +G10= alkylene<EC (2-4) C, DC (0) M3> / 58-33 59-34



G13+G14= alkylene<EC (2-4) C, DC (0) M3> / o-C6H4

G16+G17= alkylene<EC (2-4) C, DC (0) M3> / o-C6H4

DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

MPL: claim 13

NTE: the compound has at least one amidine group

L3 ANSWER 22 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:102202 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of pyridinioalkylindoles and related compounds as bacterial NAD synthetase inhibitors.

INVENTOR(S): Brouillette, Wayne J.; Muccio, Donald; Jedrzejewski, Mark J.; Brouillette, Christie G.; Devedjiev, Yancho; Cristofoli, Walter; Delucas, Lawrence J.; Garcia, Jose Gabriel; Schmitt, Laurent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The UAB Research Foundation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 200 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9936422	A1	19990722	WO 1999-US810	19990114
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RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2317439	AA	19990722	CA 1999-2317439	19990114
EP 1047692	A1	20001102	EP 1999-900821	19990114
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
JP 2002509149	T2	20020326	JP 2000-540138	19990114
CA 2341506	AA	20000302	CA 1999-2341506	19990630
WO 2000010996	A1	20000302	WO 1999-US14839	19990630
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,			

MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
 ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
 CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9949639 A1 20000314 AU 1999-49639 19990630

EP 1109805 A1 20010627 EP 1999-933622 19990630

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2002523412 T2 20020730 JP 2000-566269 19990630

AU 9920317 A1 19990802 AU 1999-20317 19990802

US 6500852 B1 20021231 US 2000-617258 20000714

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

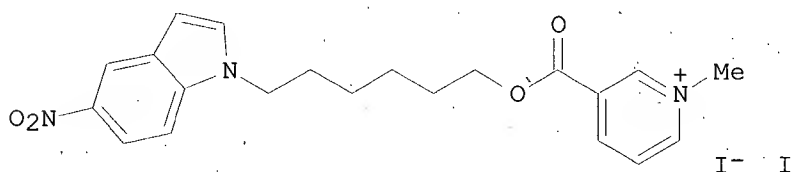
US 1998-71399P 19980114

US 1998-97880P 19980825

WO 1999-US810 19990114

WO 1999-US14839 19990630

GI



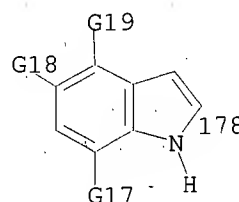
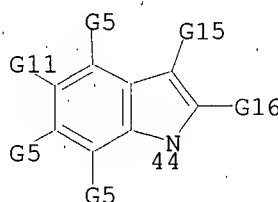
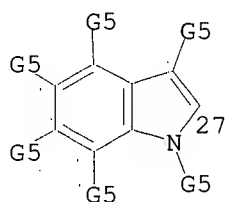
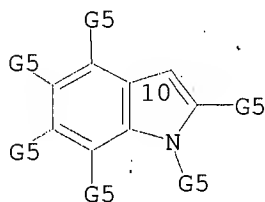
AB Title compds. e.g. R1R2R3Ar(R4R5L)nArR6R7 [Ar = aryl; n = 1-12; R1-R7 = H, (substituted) cyclic or aliph., branched or unbranched group; L = cyclic or aliph., branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl which may contain heteroatoms], were prepd. Thus, 5-nitroindole in DME was added to NaH in DME followed by heating to reflux, cooling, treatment with 6-bromohexyl acetate, and 18 h reflux to give 91.2% 6-[N-(5-nitroindolyl)]hexyl acetate. The product was saponified with K2CO3 in MeOH/H2O (91.6%) followed by stirring with nicotinic acid, DCC, and DMAP in CH2Cl2 followed by heating with MeI to give title compd. (I). I at 0.2 mM gave 46.43% inhibition of bacterial NAD synthetase.

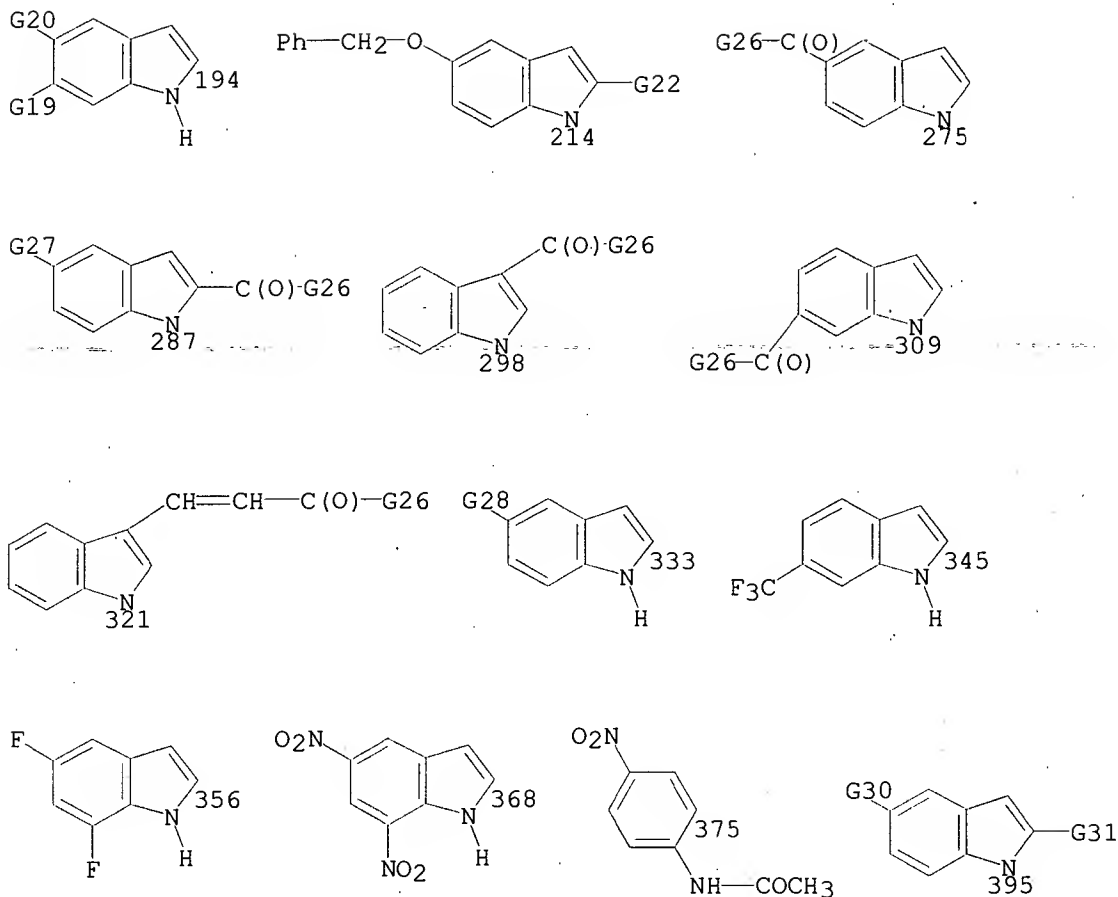
REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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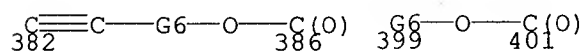
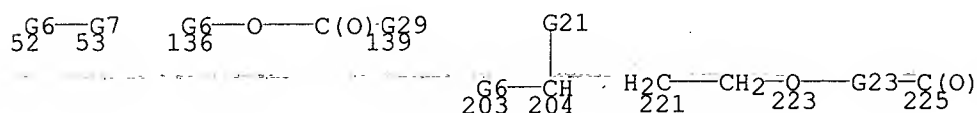
G1—G3—G4
 1 3

G1 = aryl (SO (1-3) G2) / heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-3) G2) / (SC 10 / 27 / 44 / 178 /
 194 / 214 / 275 / 287 / 298 / 309 / 321 / 333 / 345 / 356 /
 368 / 375 / 395)

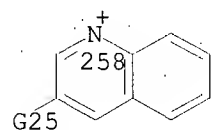
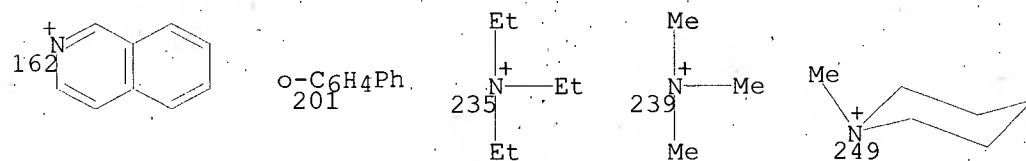
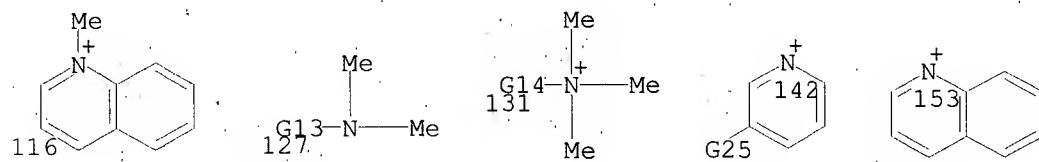
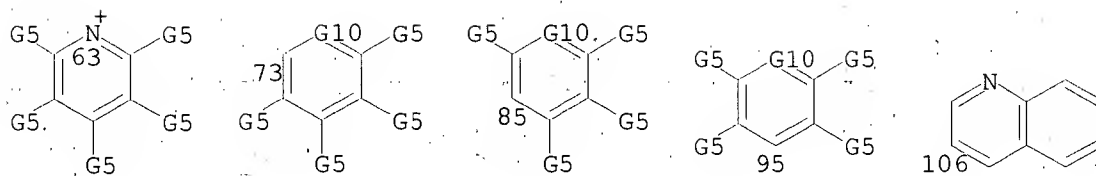




G2 = Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R / (SC alkyl<(1-24)> /
alkenyl<(2-24)> / alkynyl<(2-24)> / aryl / OH / acyl / NO₂ /
NH₂ / C(NH)NH₂ / NHC(NH)NH₂ / CO₂H / CONH₂ / SO₃H / X)
G3 = R<TX "linker optionally containing heteroatoms"> /
alkylene<(1-24)> (SO (1-2) G2) /
alkenylene<(2-24)> (SO (1-2) G2) /
alkynylene<(2-24)> (SO (1-2) G2) / (SC G6 / 52-1 53-3 /
136-1 139-3 / 399-1 401-3. / 203-1 204-3 / 221-1 225-3 /
382-1 386-3)



G4 = aryl (SO (1-2) G2) / heteroaryl<EC (0-) N (0-)
O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-2) G2) / (SC Ph (SO (1-2) G9) /
63 / pyridyl (SO (1-2) G9) / 73 / 85 / 95 / 106 / 116 / 127 /
131 / 142 / 153 / 162 / 201 / 235 / 239 / 249 / 258 /
biphenyl (SO (1) NMe₂))



G5 = H / Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R
 G6 = (1-12) CH2
 G7 = NH (SO) / O / S / 54-52 55-3 / 56-52 57-3 / C(O)

G8—C(O) 54 55 C(O)G8 56 57

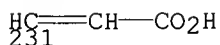
G8 = O / NH (SO)
 G9 = Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R
 G10 = 80 / 81 / 104

$\overset{+}{O}_{80}$ $\overset{+}{S}_{81}$ $\overset{+}{N}_{104}$ —G12

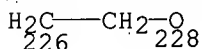
G11 = H / Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R / (SC OMe / OCH2Ph / NO2 / CO2H)
 G12 = Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R / (SC Me / 229)

Me 229 G24

G13 = m-C6H4 / p-C6H4
 G14 = m-C6H4 / p-C6H4
 G15 = H / Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R / (SC CO2H / 231)



G16 = H / Cb (SO) / Ak (SO) / R / (SC CO2H)
 G17 = H / F / NO2
 G18 = H / Me / CF3 / NO2 / Ph / Bu-n / Pr-i / F / OPh /
 CPh3 / CO2Me / OMe / CO2H / COMe / CPh
 G19 = H / CF3
 G20 = H / OPh / Pr-i / COMe / CPh
 G21 = Ph / H
 G22 = H / CO2Me
 G23 = (0-3) 226-223 228-225



G24 = R<TX "anion", CH (1) ->
 G25 = carboxylate / CO2Me
 G26 = OCH2Ph / OMe / OH
 G27 = H / OCH2Ph / OMe
 G28 = H / Me / Bu-n / Pr-i / Ph / NO2 / CPh3 / F / OPh /
 CPh / CF3 / COMe / OMe / CO2Me / CO2H
 G29 = (1-2) CH2
 G30 = H / OCH2Ph
 G31 = H / CO2Me
 MPL: claim 2

L3 ANSWER 23 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:73654 MARPAT

TITLE: Imidazole derivatives and medicines comprising the same as active ingredient

INVENTOR(S): Shioiri, Noriaki; Mikami, Tadashi; Morimoto, Shinichi;
 Yamazaki, Kazuo; Naito, Hiroyuki; Okawa, Junji;
 Kawamoto, Noriyuki; Hasegawa, Hiroshi; Tachibana,
 Koichi; Sato, Susumu; Yokoyama, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ssp Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

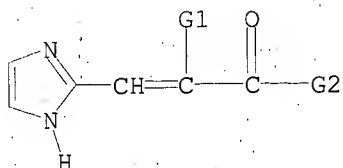
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 924202	A1	19990623	EP 1998-122468	19981126
EP 924202	B1	20020529		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 11236377	A2	19990831	JP 1998-317173	19981109
US 6071943	A	20000606	US 1998-200750	19981130
CN 1222514	A	19990714	CN 1998-125564	19981216
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-346215	19971216

AB Disclosed herein are imidazole derivs., RCH:CR1COC6H2R2R3R4 (R = 2-imidazolyl, R1 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl; R2, R3, R4 are the same or different from one another and are independently H, halogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy). The compds. specifically suppress the prodn. of a particular cytokine and is hence useful as an active ingredient for immune function modulators and the like.

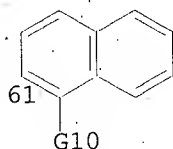
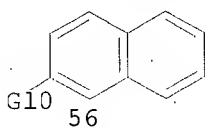
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

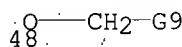
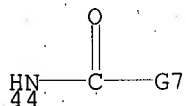
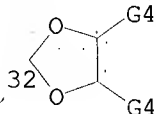
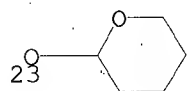
MSTR 1



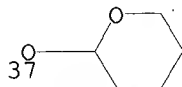
G1 = H / alkyl / cycloalkyl / alkoxy / alkoxy carbonyl
 G2 = Ph (SR (-3) G3) / aryl<EC (7-) C, AR (1-),
 BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (1-) E6> (SO (1-) G3) / (EX 56 / 61)



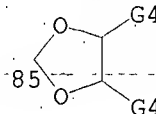
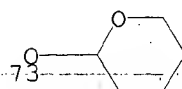
G3 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl (SO (1-) G5) / cycloalkyl /
 OH / alkoxy / CO2H / NO2 / 23 / alkoxy (SR alkoxy) /
 alkoxy carbonyl / CN / tetrazolyl / Ph (SO (1-) G6) /
 OPh (SO (1-) G6) / 48 / NH2 (SO) / 32 /
 (EX alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 44 /
 alkylsulfonylamino<(1-6)> / arylsulfonylamino /
 NHCOPh (SO G8))



G4 = H / R
 G5 = F / Cl / Br / I
 G6 = R / (EX alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 F / Cl / Br / I / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) / 37 /
 CO2H / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> / CN / OH / NO2 / tetrazolyl /
 NH2 (SO))



G7 = H / Ak<(1-6)> / R
 G8 = R / alkoxy (SR Ph)
 G9 = Ph (SO (1-) G6)
 G10 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl (SO (1-) G5) /
 cycloalkyl / OH / alkoxy / CO2H / NO2 / 73 /
 alkoxy (SR alkoxy) / alkoxy carbonyl / CN / tetrazolyl /
 Ph (SO) / OPh (SO) / OCH2Ph (SO) / NH2 (SO) / 85



DER: or salts
MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:18932 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation and formulation of heterocyclic compounds
as cyclic GMP phosphodiesterase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Ohashi, Masayuki; Nishida, Hidemitsu; Shudo, Toshiyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mochida Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 253 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

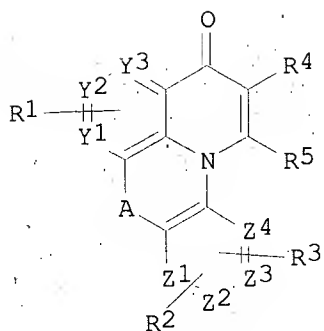
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

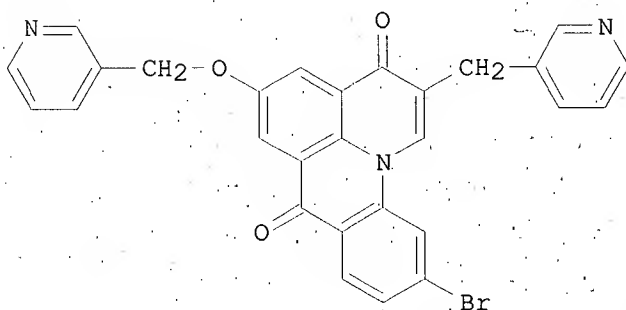
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9928319	A1	19990610	WO 1998-JP5350	19981127
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
ZA 9810766	A	19990525	ZA 1998-10766	19981125
CA 2311947	AA	19990610	CA 1998-2311947	19981127
AU 9912617	A1	19990616	AU 1999-12617	19981127
AU 746883	B2	20020502		
BR 9815070	A	20001003	BR 1998-15070	19981127
EP 1048666	A1	20001102	EP 1998-955965	19981127
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
NO 2000002696	A	20000724	NO 2000-2696	20000526
US 6476021	B1	20021105	US 2000-580657	20000526
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-344164	19971128
			WO 1998-JP5350	19981127

GI



I

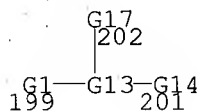


II

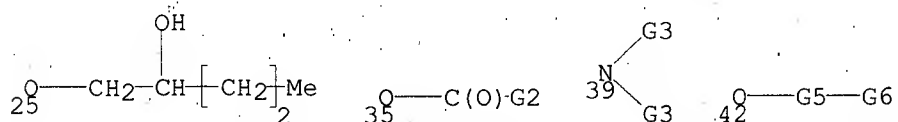
AB The title compds. I [A = single bond, methylene, etc.; R1 = H, halo, etc.; R2 = H, halo, (protected) amino, etc.; R3 = H, halo, (protected) OH, etc.; R4 = H, halo, etc.; R5 = H, methyl; Y1 - Y3, Z1 - Z4 = methine, N] are prepd. I are useful as preventives and/or remedies for pulmonary hypertension, ischemic heart diseases, erectile insufficiency, female sexual dysfunction or diseases against which cGMP-PDE inhibitory effects are efficacious. The title compd. II in vitro showed IC50 of 0.0018 .mu.M against cyclic GMP phosphodiesterase.

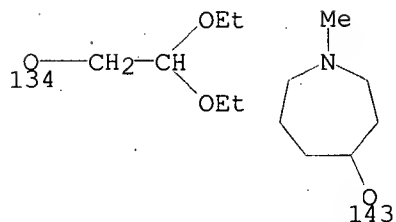
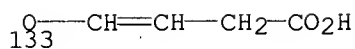
REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

MSTR 1

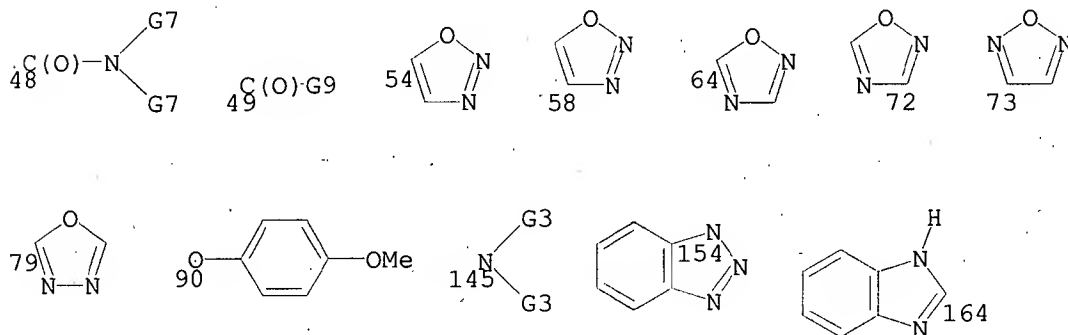


G1 = H / F / Cl / Br / CN / CO2H (SO) / CH2CO2H (SO) /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-4)> / CONH2 / NHCOMe / 133 / 25 / 134 /
OH (SO) / SH (SO) / OCHO / alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-3)> / 35 /
alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (-1) OH) / 39 /
alkylthio<(1-3)> (SO (-1) G4) / 143 / 42

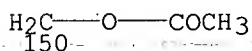




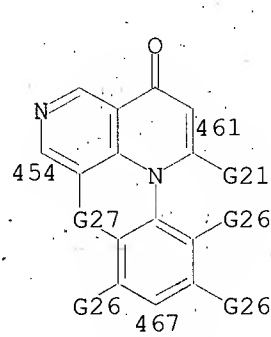
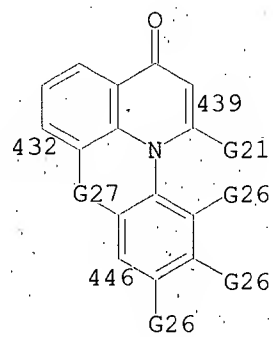
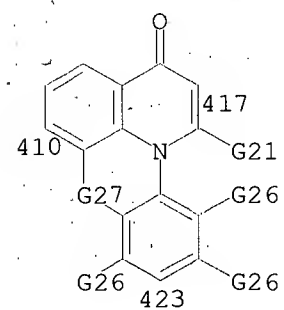
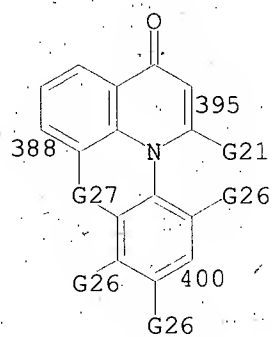
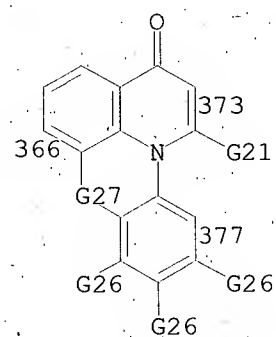
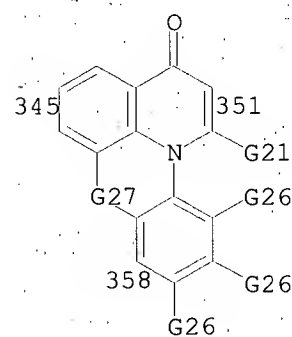
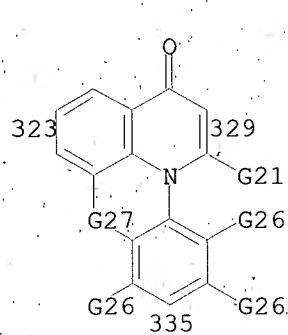
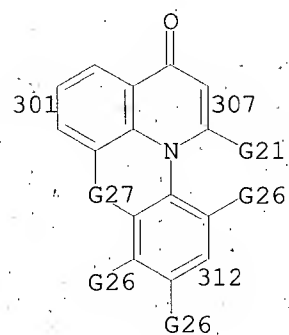
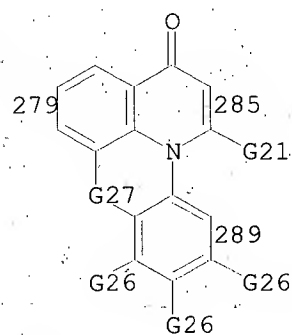
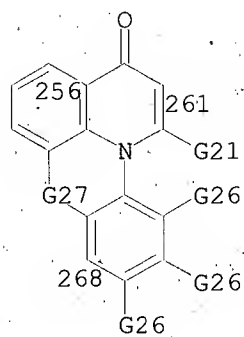
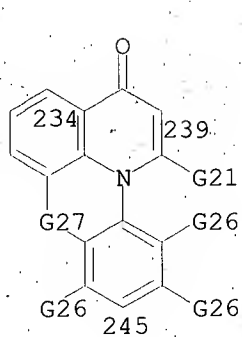
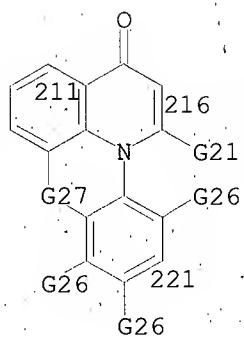
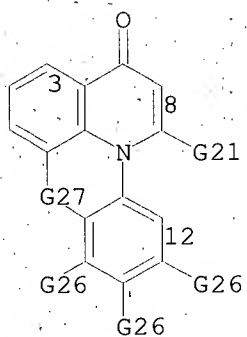
G2 = Ph / pyridyl
 G3 = H / alkyl<(1-4)>
 G4 = OH / CO₂H / Ph / pyridyl
 G5 = (1-6) CH₂
 G6 = H / CO₂H / alkoxy<(1-2)> (SO (-1) OH) /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / 48 / CHO /
 alkylcarbonyl<(1-3)> (SO G8) / 49 / OH / SH / 145 /
 Hy<EC (1-) N, AN (1) N> (SO) / Ph (SO (1-2) G23) /
 pyridyl (SO (-1) G11) / pyrazinyl / pyrimidinyl / furyl /
 thienyl / 54 / 58 / 64 / 72 / 73 / 79 / 90 / 154 / 164 /
 morpholino

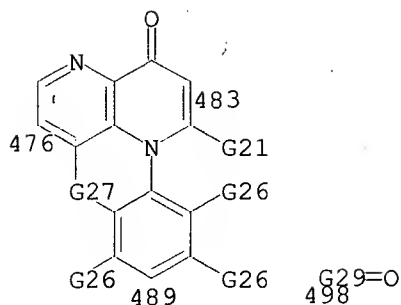


G7 = H / CH₂OH / alkyl<(1-2)>
 G8 = OH / SH
 G9 = piperidino (SO (-1) G10) / morpholino
 G10 = CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-2)>
 G11 = F / Cl / Br / OH / SH / alkoxy<(1-2)> /
 alkylthio<(1-2)> / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-4)> / NHCOMe / CO₂H /
 NH₂ / CN / NO₂ / loweralkylamino / diloweralkylamino /
 CONH₂ / alkyl<(1-4)> / CH₂OH / 150

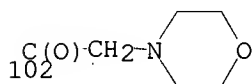


G13 = 3-199 8-202 12-201 / 211-199 216-202 221-201 /
 234-199 239-202 245-201 / 256-199 261-202 268-201 /
 279-199 285-202 289-201 / 301-199 307-202 312-201 /
 323-199 329-202 335-201 / 345-199 351-202 358-201 /
 366-199 373-202 377-201 / 388-199 395-202 400-201 /
 410-199 417-202 423-201 / 432-199 439-202 446-201 /
 454-199 461-202 467-201 / 476-199 483-202 489-201 / 498

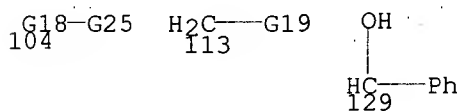




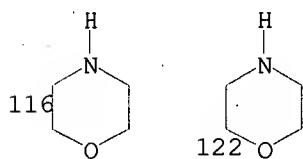
G14 = H / F / Cl / Br / OH (SO) / SH (SO) / NH₂ (SO) /
 CN / NO₂ / CF₃ / OCF₃ / CO₂H (SO) / 102 / OCHO /
 alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-3)> / alkyl<(1-4)> /
 alkylthio<(1-3)> (SO (-1) G15) / alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (-1) G24)



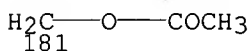
G15 = OH / CO₂H / Ph / pyridyl
 G17 = H / F / Cl / Br / 104 /
 alkyl<(1-2)> (SO cycloalkyl<(3-6)>) / 113 / CPh / 129



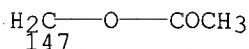
G18 = O / NH / NMe
 G19 = Ph (SO (1-2) G20) / pyridyl (SO (-1) G20) /
 morpholino / 116 / 122 / triazolyl / furyl / thienyl /
 pyrimidinyl / pyrazinyl / pyrrolyl / imidazolyl /
 quinolinyl / indolyl / naphthyl



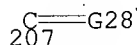
G20 = F / Cl / Br / OH / SH / alkoxy<(1-2)> /
 alkylthio<(1-2)> / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-4)> / NHCOMe / CO₂H /
 NH₂ / CN / NO₂ / loweralkylamino / diloweralkylamino /
 CONH₂ / alkyl<(1-4)> / CH₂OH / 181



G21 = H / Me
 G23 = F / Cl / Br / OH / SH / alkoxy<(1-2)> /
 alkylthio<(1-2)> / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-4)> / NHCOMe / CO₂H /
 NH₂ / CN / NO₂ / NH₂ / loweralkylamino / diloweralkylamino /
 CONH₂ / alkyl<(1-4)> / CH₂OH / 147



G24 = alkoxy carbonyl<(1-4)> / OH / CO2H / Ph / pyridyl
 G25 = Ph (SO (1-2) G20)
 G26 = H / F / Cl / Br / OH (SO) / alkoxy<(1-4)>
 G27 = NULL / CH2 (SO) / 207 / O / S / S(O) / SO2 / NH (SO)



G28 = O / NH (SO)
 G29 = Hy<EC (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-),
 BD (6-) N, RC (4), RS (0-1), E5 (3-4) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO)
 DER: or salts
 MPL: claim 1
 NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 25 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:88106 MARPAT

TITLE: Silver halide color photographic material.

INVENTOR(S): Ishii, Fumio; Daiba, Shinichi; Oshiyama, Tomohiro;
 Hirabayashi, Shigeto; Iwai, Yoshiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Corporation, Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 142 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

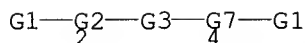
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 886179	A1	19981223	EP 1998-111048	19980616
EP 886179	B1	20011024		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 11007111	A2	19990112	JP 1997-158733	19970616
JP 11024219	A2	19990129	JP 1997-182358	19970708
JP 11044937	A2	19990216	JP 1997-214002	19970724
JP 11065048	A2	19990305	JP 1997-217563	19970812
JP 11065047	A2	19990305	JP 1997-222442	19970819
US 6010809	A	20000104	US 1998-166943	19980610
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-158733	19970616
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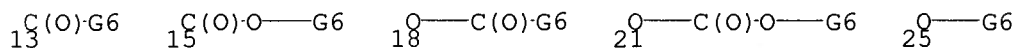
AB A silver halide color photog. material comprises a thermotropic liq. crystal compd. represented by the formula Y1A1(X1)mA2Y2 or Y1A1(X1)mA2(X2)nA3Y2 (A1-3 = an alicyclic or arom. group; X1, X2 = a bonding group; m, n = 0 or 1; Y1, Y2 = a substituent group). The color photog. material is improved in lightfastness of dye images and dye-forming efficiency.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

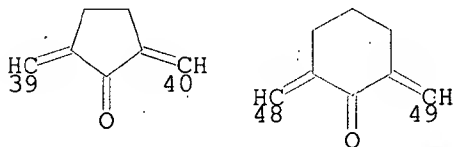
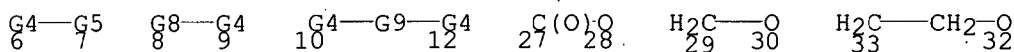
MSTR 1



G1 = R<TX "substituent"> / (EX F / Cl / Br / CN / NO2 / OH / CO2H / 13 / 15 / 18 / 21 / 25 / Ak<(1-25)> / alkyl<(1-25)> / alkenyl<(2-25)> / alkynyl<(2-25)>)



G2 = Cb<AR (0)>-(SO) / = arylene (SO) / heteroarylene (SO) / (EX phenylene)
 G3 = R<TX "bonding group"> / NULL / Cb<AR (0)> (SO) / arylene (SO) / heteroarylene (SO) / 6-2 7-4 / 8-2 9-4 / 10-2 12-4 / (EX phenylene / 27-2 28-4 / CH2CH2 / CH=CH / C(O) / CH2 / 29-2 30-4 / 33-2 32-4 / OCH2O / OCH2CH2O / 39-2 40-4 / 48-2 49-4)



G4 = R<TX "bonding group">
 G5 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO) / arylene (SO) / heteroarylene (SO) / (EX phenylene)
 G6 = Ak<(1-25)> / alkyl<(1-25)> / alkenyl<(2-25)> / alkynyl<(2-25)> / R
 G7 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO) / arylene (SO) / heteroarylene (SO) / (EX phenylene)
 G8 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO) / arylene (SO) / heteroarylene (SO) / (EX phenylene)
 G9 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO) / arylene (SO) / heteroarylene (SO) / (EX phenylene)
 MPL: claim 5

L3 ANSWER 26 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:81526 MARPAT
 TITLE: Preparation of 4-[(4-piperazinobeznoyl)amino]phenyl(ox y)alkanoates as fibrinogen receptor antagonists
 INVENTOR(S): Duggan, Mark E.; Egbertson, Melissa S.; Hartman, George D.; Young, Steven D.; Ihle, Nathan C.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 78 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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US 5854245 A 19981229 US 1997-883108 19970626
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-883108 19970626
 AB XYZAB [I; A = (un)substituted (hetero)arylene; B = O(CH₂)_mCO₂R₉,
 (CH₂)_nCO₂R₉, CHR₈(CH₂)_pCO₂R₉, OCHR₈(CH₂)_pCO₂R₉; R₈ = H, OH, alkyl, alkoxy,
 aryl, etc.; R₉ = H, (ar)alkyl, aryl, acylalkyl, etc.; X = (un)substituted
 heterocyclyl or -heteroaryl; Y = (un)substituted heterocyclylene or
 -(hetero)arylene; Z = bond, NH, CONH, CO, CH₂CH₂, etc.; m = 1-3; n, p =
 0-3] were prepd. Thus, 4-(H₂N)C₆H₄CO₂Me was cyclocondensed with
 HN(CH₂CH₂Cl)₂ and the N-protected and sapond. product amidated by
 4-BrC₆H₄NH₂ to give the bromobenzanilide which was condensed with
 CH₂:CHCO₂Me and the product converted in 3 addnl. steps to
 4-RC₆H₄CONHC₆H₄(CH₂CH₂CO₂H)-4 (R = piperazino). Data for biol. activity
 of I were given.

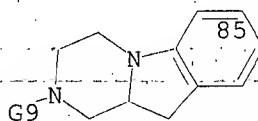
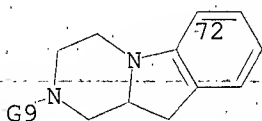
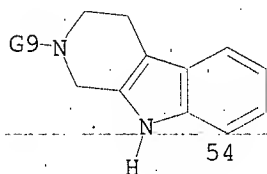
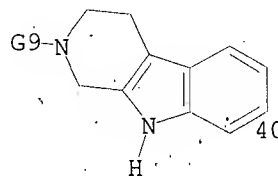
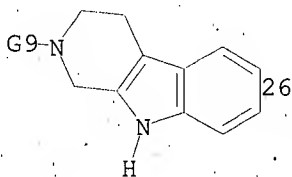
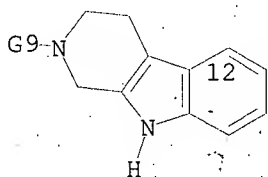
REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

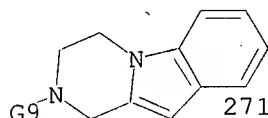
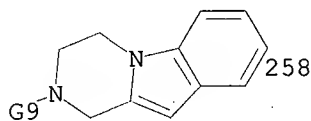
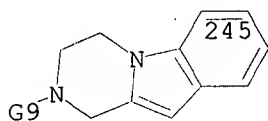
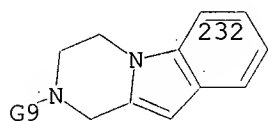
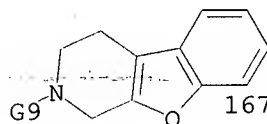
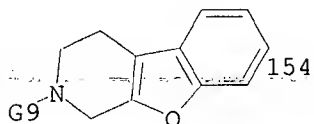
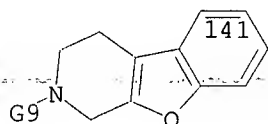
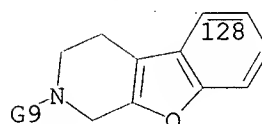
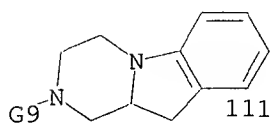
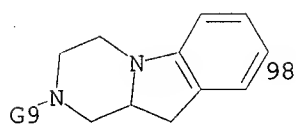
MSTR 2A

G7—G10—G13—G14
 2 177

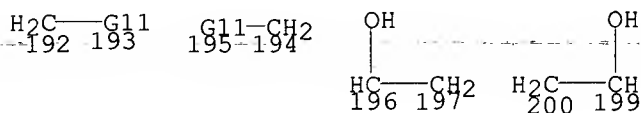
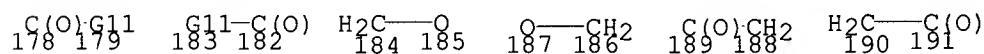
G1 = Hy<EC (-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G2)
 G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO (1-) G3) /
 heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6> (SO (1-) G3) /
 alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-) G4) / NH₂ / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR NH₂) /
 alkylcarbonylamino<(1-3)> / NHCHO / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR G5) /
 alkyl<(1-8)> (SR alkylamino<(1-6)>) / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-8)> (SR dialkylamino<(1-6)>) / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G4) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G6) / CO₂H /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)>) /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR OH)
 G3 = NH₂ / F / Cl / Br / I
 G4 = Ph (SO (1-) G3) / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6> (SO (1-) G3)
 G5 = NHCHO / alkylcarbonylamino<(1-3)>
 G6 = alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G4)
 G7 = 3 / 12 / 26 / 40 / 54 / 72 / 85 / 98 / 111 / 128 /
 141 / 154 / 167 / 232 / 245 / 258 / 271

G1—G8
 3

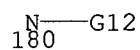




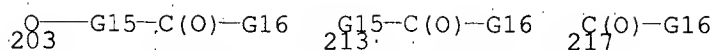
G8 = Cb<EC (5-6) C, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6>
 (SO (1-) G2) / Hy<EC (5-6) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6> (SO (1-) G2)
 G9 = H / R
 G10 = 178-2 179-177 / 183-2 182-177 / CH2CH2 / CH=CH /
 184-2 185-177 / 187-2 186-177 / 189-2 188-177 /
 190-2 191-177 / 192-2 193-177 / 195-2 194-177 /
 196-2 197-177 / 200-2 199-177



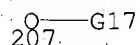
G11 = NH / 180



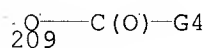
G12 = alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(3-6)>
 G13 = Cb<(5-10)> (SO, (1-) G2) /
 Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
 (SO (1-) G2)
 G14 = 203 / 213 / 217



G15 = alkylene<(1-)> (SO)
G16 = OH / 207



G17 = alkyl<(1-8)> / Ph (SO (1-) G3) /
heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6> (SO (1-) G3) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G4) / alkyl<(1-6)>
(SR alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-8)>) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR 209) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G18) / alkyl<(1-6)>
(SR alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-8)>) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-8)>)



G18 = alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G4)
DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: disclosure

L3 ANSWER 27 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 130:38195 MARPAT

TITLE: New nitromethyl ketones for use as aldose reductase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Lardy, Claude; Barbanton, Jacques; Dumas, Herve;
Collonges, Francois; Durbin, Philipp

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9852906	A1	19981126	WO 1998-EP2353	19980421
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 5932765	A	19990803	US 1997-955624	19971022
AU 9875280	A1	19981211	AU 1998-75280	19980421
AU 729996	B2	20010222		
EP 983226	A1	20000308	EP 1998-922757	19980421
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BR 9809677	A	20000711	BR 1998-9677	19980421
JP 2001526668	T2	20011218	JP 1998-549855	19980421

ZA 9804329	A	19990303	ZA 1998-4329	19980521
US 6043281	A	20000328	US 1999-257046	19990225
NO 9905724	A	19991122	NO 1999-5724	19991122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 1997-108369	19970523
			US 1997-955624	19971022
			WO 1998-EP2353	19980421

AB R3Z(CR1R2)pEnA(X)COCH2NO2 [A = C6-C10 aryl or an optionally arom. three- to ten-membered heterocycle; X = halogen, cyano, alkyl, trifluoromethyl, alkoxy, trifluoromethoxy; p = 0-5; Z = bond, CONH, SO2NH, alkenylene, S, SO, SO2; n = 0, 1; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, CF3, alkoxy; CR1R2 = cycloalkylene; R3 = H, trialkylsilyl, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl, aryloxy, cycloalkyl, heterocyclic; E = (un)substituted CONH, SO2NH, NH, CH:N, O] are aldose reductase inhibitors. Thus, 2-F3COC6H4CO2H was converted to the Ph ester which was treated with MeNO2 to give 2-F3COC6H4COCH2NO2. This compd. had an IC50 for aldose reductase inhibition of 41 nM.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

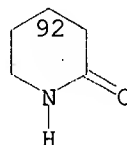
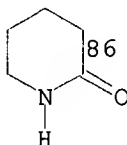
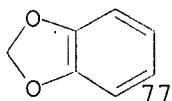
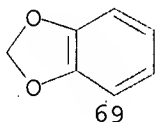
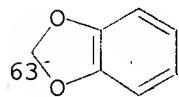
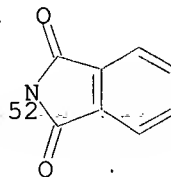
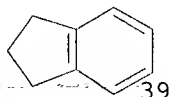
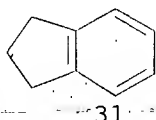
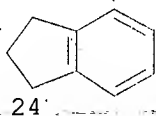
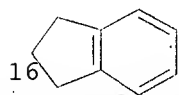
MSTR 1A

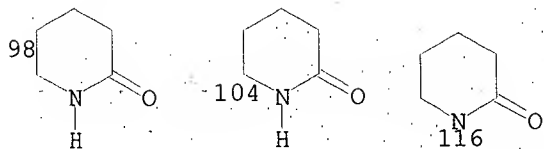
G3—G6—G1
3 5

G1 = 212 / (SC naphthyl (SR (1-) G24)) /
(EX benzothienyl (SR (1-) G24) / thienyl (SR (1-) G24))

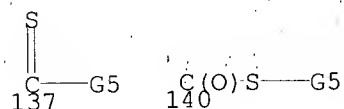
G23—G22
212

G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / CN / alkyl<(1-7)> / CF3 /
alkoxy<(2-7)> / OCF3
G3 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / trialkylsilyl<(1-7)> /
aryl<EC (6-10) C, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G4) /
aryloxy<EC (6-10) C, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G4) /
cycloalkyl<(3-12)> (SO (1-) G4) /
Hy<EC (3-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G4) / 16 / 24 / 31 / 39 / 52 / 63 / 69 /
77 / 86 / 92 / 98 / 104 / 116

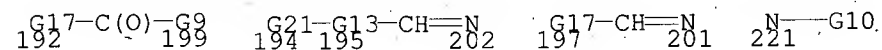
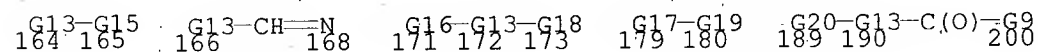
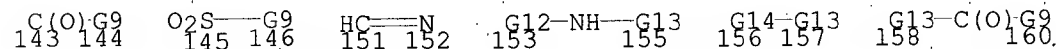




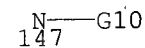
G4 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-7)> / alkoxy<(1-7)> /
 CF3 / CO2H / CONH2 / alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-7)> /
 dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-7)> / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-7)> / NH2 /
 alkylamino<(1-7)> / dialkylamino<(1-7)> / NO2 / CN / OH /
 OCF3 / cycloalkyl<(3-12)> / SO3H / alkylthio<(1-7)> /
 alkylsulfinyl<(1-7)> / alkylsulfonyl<(1-7)> /
 alkylcarbonyl<(1-7)> / 140 / 137 /
 alkylcarbonylamino<(1-7)> / aryl<EC (6-10) C, RC (1-2)>



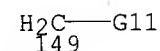
G5 = alkyl<(1-7)>
 G6 = 143-3 144-5 / 145-3 146-5 / alkenylene<(2-)> (SO) /
 S / S(O) / SO2 / G7 / alkylene<EC (1-5) C, DC (0) M3>
 (SO (1-) G8) / NH / 221 / 151-3 152-5 / O / 153-3 155-5 /
 156-3 157-5 / 158-3 160-5 / 164-3 165-5 / 166-3 168-5 /
 171-3 173-5 / 179-3 180-5 / 189-3 200-5 / 192-3 199-5 /
 194-3 202-5 / 197-3 201-5



G7 = (1-5) CH2
 G8 = alkyl<(1-7)> / cycloalkyl<(3-12)> / CF3 /
 alkoxy<(1-7)>
 G9 = NH / 147



G10 = alkyl<(1-7)> / aryl<EC (6-10) C, RC (1-2)> /
 Hy<EC (3-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1-2)> / 149



G11 = H / alkyl<(1-7)> / aryl<EC (6-10) C, RC (1-2)> /

Hy<EC (3-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-2)>

G12 = C(O) / SO2
G13 = alkylene<EC (1-5) C, DC (0) M3> (SR) / G7
G14 = S / S(O) / SO2
G15 = NH / O / 169 / 162-164 163-5

$\text{O}_2\text{S}-\text{G9}$ $\text{N}-\text{G10}$
162 163 169

G16 = 174-3 175-172 / 176-3 177-172 / S / S(O) / SO2

$\text{O}_2\text{S}-\text{NH}$ $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}$
174 175 176 177

G17 = alkenylene<(2-)> (SO)
G18 = 181-172 182-5 / NH / 185 / O

$\text{O}_2\text{S}-\text{G9}$ $\text{N}-\text{G10}$
181 182 185

G19 = 183-179 184-5 / NH / 187 / O

$\text{O}_2\text{S}-\text{G9}$ $\text{N}-\text{G10}$
183 184 187

G20 = 203-3 204-190 / 205-3 206-190 / S / S(O) / SO2

$\text{O}_2\text{S}-\text{NH}$ $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}$
203 204 205 206

G21 = 207-3 208-195 / 209-3 210-195 / S / S(O) / SO2

$\text{O}_2\text{S}-\text{NH}$ $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}$
207 208 209 210

G22 = 6 / 219

$\text{C}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{NO}_2$ $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{G25}$
6 219

G23 = arylen<EC (6-10) C, RC (1-2)> (SO G2) /
Hy<EC (3-10) A (1-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-2)> (SO G2) / (SC phenylene (SO G2))

G24 = 214 / 217 / R

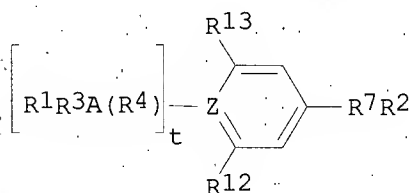
$\text{C}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{NO}_2$ $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{G25}$
214 217

G25 = OH / OPh
DER: and addition salts with pharmaceutically acceptable bases
MPL: claim 1
NTE: substitution is restricted
NTE: additional ring formation also claimed
NTE: also incorporates claims 11 and 12

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 129:198001 MARPAT
 TITLE: Heart disease treatment agents containing aromatic compounds
 INVENTOR(S): Taninaka, Mikio; Nishishima, Fuyuhiko; Kanno, Mikio; Takahashi, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Shigeru; Enari, Hiroyuki; Ise, Michihito
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kureha Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

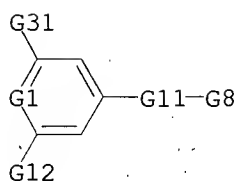
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10203981	A2	19980804	JP 1997-20925	19970121
CA 2224910	AA	19980721	CA 1997-2224910	19971216
US 5932575	A	19990803	US 1997-991411	19971216
AU 9850394	A1	19980723	AU 1998-50394	19980108
AU 714013	B2	19991216		
EP 864568	A1	19980916	EP 1998-100888	19980120
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
US 6211175	B1	20010403	US 1998-166759	19981006
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 1997-20925	19970121
			US 1997-991411	19971216

GI



AB The title agents contain arom. compds. I [R1 = H, C1-8 (halo)alkyl, NH2, NHR21; R2 = OH, OR22, (substituted) 3- to 7-membered satd. aliph. cycloamino, (substituted) N-contg. 3- to 7-membered satd. aliph. cycloalkyl, NHR23, N(R24)2, NH2; R4 = H, C1-8 alkyl, COR25; R7 = CO, SO2; R8 = CO, single bond; R12 = R11-R5; R11 = NR5, NH, O, NR26, NCOR27, NCONH2, NCONHR28; R5 = H, substituted benzyl; R13 = H, C1-6 (halo)alkyl, NHCO(CH2)mPh, NHCOR29, NHCOCHPh2, NH2, NHR30, (CH2)nPh; Z = C, CH, N; A = CH, N; R21-R30 = C1-8 (halo)alkyl; m, n = 0-6; t = 0, 1] or their pharmacol. acceptable salts as active ingredients. Chlorination of 300 mg 3-N-[[[4-carboxyphenyl)methyl]valeramido]-4-dimethylaminobenzoic acid morpholide with SOCl2 followed by esterification with 2-dimethylaminoethanol gave 288 mg 4-dimethylamino-3-N-[[[4-(2'-dimethylaminoethoxycarbonyl)phenyl)methyl]valeramido]benzoic acid morpholide (II). Administration of II at 20 mg/kg p.o. for 4 wk decreased heart wt. in rats with cardiac hypertrophy. II showed substantially no antagonistic activities against angiotensin II receptors (AT1 and AT2) nor antihypertensive effects. II (at 500 mg/kg p.o.) showed no acute toxicity in mice.

MSTR 1



G1 = 7 / N



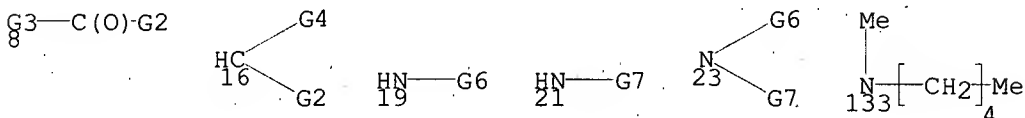
G2 = H / alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / NH2 / 50



G3 = 11 / NH / 14



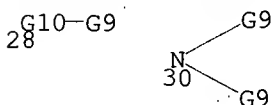
G4 = H / alkyl<(1-8)> / alkylcarbonyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X)
 G5 = 8 / 16 / NH2 / 19 / 21 / 23 / H / (EX NMe2 / 133 / hexyl / NEt2)



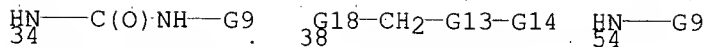
G6 = alkyl<(1-8)> / alkylcarbonyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X)
 G7 = alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / NH2 / 52



G8 = OH / 28 / Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) X7> (SO (1-) G9) / 30 / NH2 / (EX morpholino)

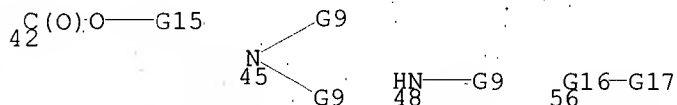


G9 = alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X)
 G10 = O / NH
 G11 = C(O) / SO2
 G12 = NH2 / OH / 54 / alkylcarbonylamino<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / NHCONH2 / 34 / 38

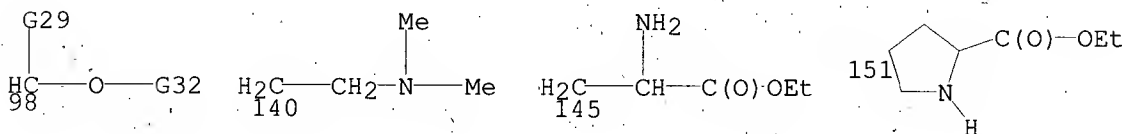
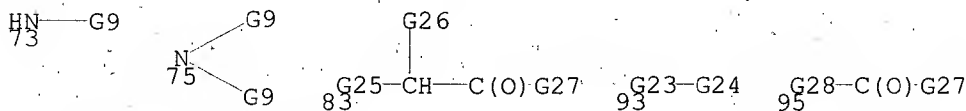


G13 = phenylene

G14 = CO₂H / 42 / OH / alkoxy<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / NH₂ /
45 / Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-), BD (2) D,
RC (1), RS (1) E5> / 48 / 56 / (EX tetrazolyl)



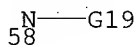
G15 = alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / NH₂ / 73 / 75 /
Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, AR (0),
BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) X7> (SO (1-) G9) /
Hy<BD (1-) D, RC (1), RS (1) X7> / 93 / 83 / 95 / 98 /
(EX 140 / 145 / 151 / Me)



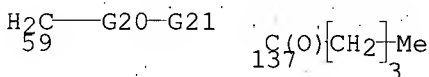
G16 = phenylene

G17 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-), BD (2) D,
RC (1), RS (1) E5> / CO₂H

G18 = NH / 58 / O

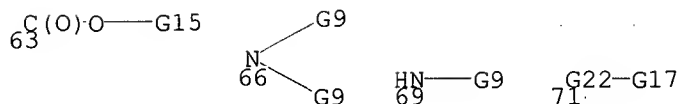


G19 = 59 / alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) /
alkylcarbonyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / CONH₂ /
alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / (EX 137)

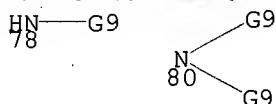


G20 = phenylene

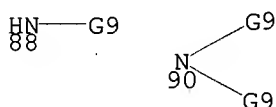
G21 = CO₂H / 63 / OH / alkoxy<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X) / NH₂ /
66 / Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-), BD (2) D,
RC (1), RS (1) E5> / 69 / 71 / (EX tetrazolyl)



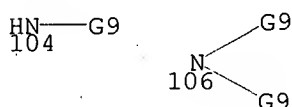
G22 = phenylene
 G23 = (1-6) CH2
 G24 = NH2 / 78 / 80 / Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ, AR (0); BD (ALL) SE, RC (1); RS (1) X7>
 (SO (1-) G9) / Hy<BD (1-) D, RC (1), RS (1) X7>



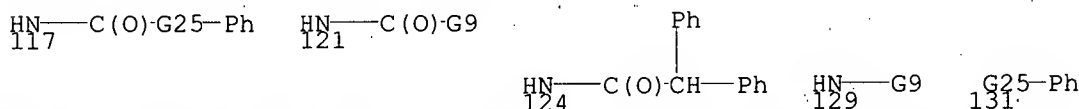
G25 = (0-6) CH2
 G26 = NH2 / 88 / 90



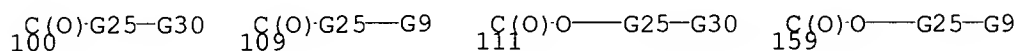
G27 = OH / alkoxy<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X)
 G28 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1),
 RS (1) X6> (SO (1-) G9)
 G29 = H / alkyl<(1-8)> (SO (1-) X)
 G30 = H / NH2 / 104 / 106 / cycloalkyl<(3-8)>



G31 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) X) / 117 / 121 / 124 /
 NH2 / 129 / 131 / (EX Me / CF3)



G32 = 100 / 109 / 111 / 159



MPL: claim 1
 NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 128:128034 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclyl-containing O-substituted
alcoholamines as fibrinogen receptor antagonist

prodrugs
 INVENTOR(S): Young, Steven D.; Hartman, George D.; Libby, Laura A.;
 Egbertson, Melissa S.; Slaughter, Donald E.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hartman, George D., USA; Libby, Laura A.; Egbertson,
 Melissa S.; Slaughter, Donald E.; Merck + Co., Inc.;
 Young, Steven D.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9800401	A1	19980108	WO 1997-US11047	19970625
W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
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AU 9735037	A1	19980121	AU 1997-35037	19970625
AU 719102	B2	20000504		
EP 912513	A1	19990506	EP 1997-931401	19970625
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
JP 2000513375	T2	20001010	JP 1998-504266	19970625
US 5932582	A	19990803	US 1997-883107	19970626
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-20877P	19960628
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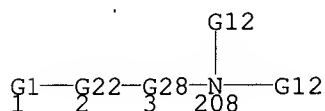
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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

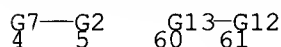
AB The title compds. X-W-Y-Z-(A)r-B [I; W = (CH₂)_q (wherein q = 0 or 2); X = (un)substituted 5-7 membered (non)arom. ring having 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S; 9-10 membered fused (non)arom. ring having 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S; Y = (un)substituted 5-6 membered (non)arom. ring having 0-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, .delta.-lactam, II; XY = III, IV, V (q = 0); Z = (CH₂)₂, CH:CH, CH₂O, etc.; A = (un)substituted 5-6 membered arom. ring having 0-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S; 9-10 membered fused arom. ring having 0-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S; r = 0-1; B = O(CH₂)_pCH₂NR₈R₇, CH₂(CH₂)_tCH₂NR₈R₇, CH(R₉)(CH₂)_tCH₂NR₈R₇, CH₂CH(OPh)CH₂NR₈R₇ (wherein R₇-R₉ = H, halo, C1-10/alkyl, etc.; p = 1-4; t = 0-4)], useful in inhibiting the binding of fibrinogen to blood platelets, inhibiting the aggregation of blood platelets, treating or preventing thrombus or embolus formation, inhibiting osteoclast mediated bone resorption, inhibiting angiogenesis, and inhibiting tumor growth, were prepd. and formulated. Thus, reaction of 4-[4-(1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl)piperazin-1-yl]benzoic acid with 1-(1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonylamino)-2-(4-amino-3-methylphenoxy)ethane in the presence of chloro-N,N,N',N'-bis(pentamethylene)formamidinium hexafluorophosphate and (iPr)₂NEt in CH₂Cl₂ followed by deprotection of the intermediate afforded the title compd. VI.2HCl. Compds. I are prodrugs of active acids X-W-Y-Z-(A)r-B [B = O(CH₂)_pCO₂H, CH₂(CH₂)_tCO₂H, CH(R₉)(CH₂)_tCO₂H, CH₂CH(OPh)CO₂H] which have been evaluated in vitro and found to have an IC₅₀ for inhibiting platelet aggregation of between 8 nM

and 10 .mu.M. Compds. I are effective at 0.9 mg/day - 1.8 g/day when administered orally to a typical 90 kg patient.

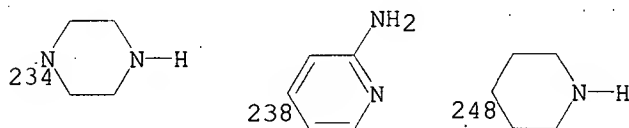
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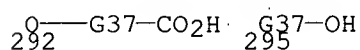
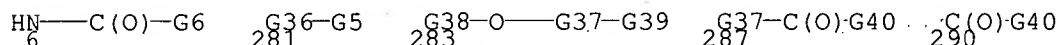
G1 = 4 / 60



G2 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-2) G3) / (SC 234 / 238 / 248)

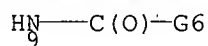


G3 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO (1-) G4) /
heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1)> (SO (1-) G4) / 281 / NH2 / 6 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 283 / 287 / 290 / 292 / OH / 295



G4 = NH2 / F / Cl / Br / I

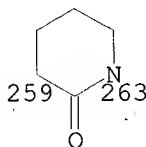
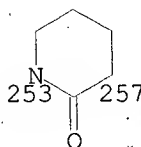
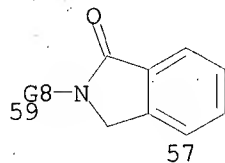
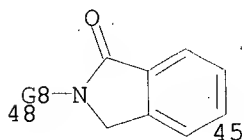
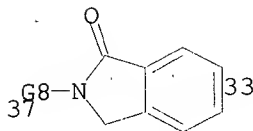
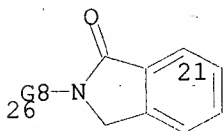
G5 = Ph (SO (1-) G4) / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-)
O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1)> (SO (1-) G4) / NH2 / 9 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)>



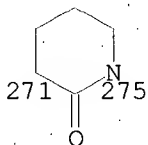
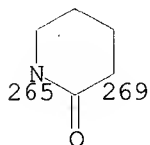
G6 = H / Ak<(1-2)>

G7 = Cy<EC (0-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6> (SO (1) G3) / 12-2 13-5 /
R<TX ".delta.-lactam"> / 14-2 15-5 / 21-2 26-5 / 33-2 37-5 /
45-2 48-5 / 57-2 59-5 / (SC p-C6H4 / 253-2 257-5 /
259-2 263-5)

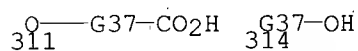
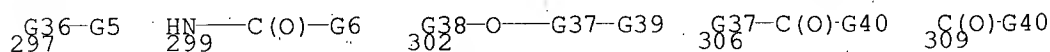
G⁹-G¹¹ 12 13 G¹⁰-G¹¹ 14 15



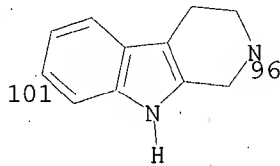
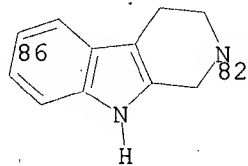
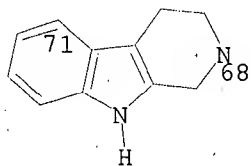
G⁸ = (0-2) CH₂
 G⁹ = Cy<EC (0-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X6> (SO (1) G3) / (SC p-C6H4)
 G¹⁰ = R<TX ".delta.-lactam"> / (SC 265-15 269-2 /
 271-15 275-2)

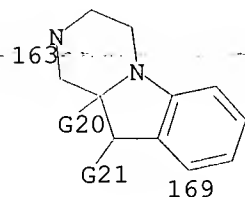
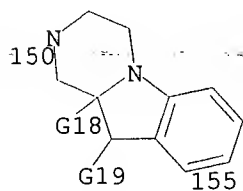
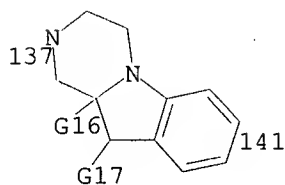
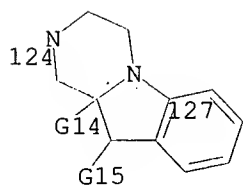
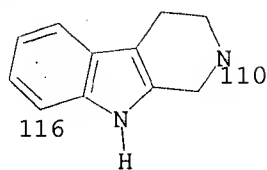


G¹¹ = (1-2) CH₂
 G¹² = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO (1-) G4) /
 heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1)> (SO (1-) G4) / 297 / NH₂ / 299 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / 302 / 306 / 309 / 311 / OH / 314

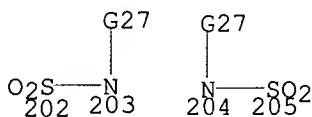
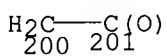
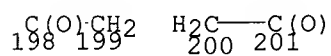
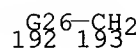
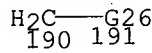
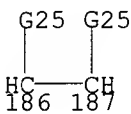
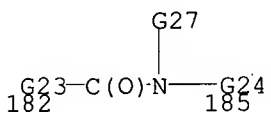
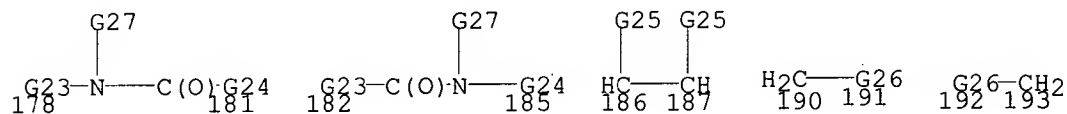


G¹³ = 71-2 68-61 / 86-2 82-61 / 101-2 96-61 /
 116-2 110-61 / 127-2 124-61 / 141-2 137-61 / 155-2 150-61 /
 169-2 163-61

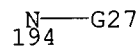




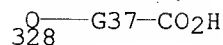
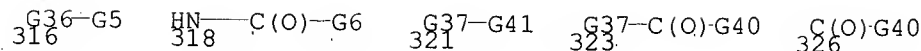
G14 = H
 G15 = H
 G16 = H
 G17 = H
 G18 = H
 G19 = H
 G20 = H
 G21 = H
 G22 = 178-1 181-3 / 182-1 185-3 / 186-1 187-3 / CH=CH /
 190-1 191-3 / 192-1 193-3 / 198-1 199-3 / 200-1 201-3 /
 202-1 203-3 / 204-1 205-3



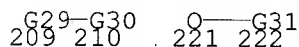
G23 = (0-4) CH2
 G24 = (0-6) CH2
 G25 = H / (-1) OH
 G26 = O / 194



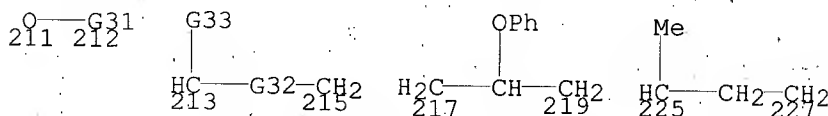
G27 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO (1-) G4) /
 heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1)> (SO (1-) G4) / 316 / NH2 / 318 / alkylamino<(1-6)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-4)> / 321 / 326 / 323 / 328 /
 OH



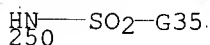
G28 = 221-2 222-208 / 209-2 210-208



G29 = Cy<EC (5-10) A (0-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G3) /
(SC phenylene (SO (1-3) G34))
G30 = 211-209 212-208 / 213-209 215-208 /
217-209 219-208 / (SC 225-209 227-208)



G31 = (2-5) CH2
G32 = (0-4) CH2
G33 = H / R
G34 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-3)> / 250 / Me



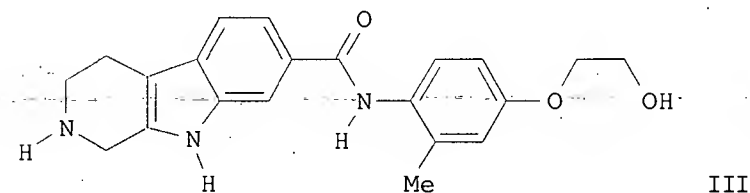
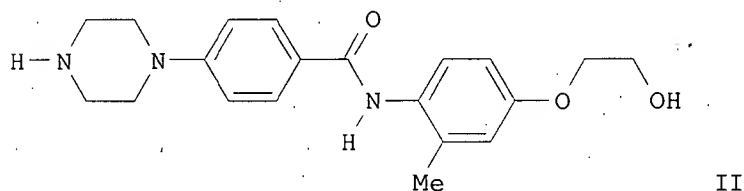
G35 = alkyl<(1-3)> / Me
G36 = alkylene<(1-8)>
G37 = alkylene<(1-6)>
G38 = NULL / alkylene<(1-6)>
G39 = H / Ph (SO (1-) G4) / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-)
N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1)> (SO (1-) G4)
G40 = OH / alkoxy<(1-3)>
G41 = OH / alkoxy<(1-4)>
G14+G15= NULL
G16+G17= NULL
G18+G19= NULL
G20+G21= NULL
DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1
NTE: additional ring formation also claimed

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 128:128033 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of N-(2-hydroxyethoxy)phenyl
heterocyclyl-containing amides as fibrinogen receptor
antagonist prodrugs
INVENTOR(S): Egbertson, Melissa S.; Hartman, George D.; Lumma,
William C.; Wai, John S.; Young, Steven D.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck + Co., Inc., USA; Egbertson, Melissa S.;
Hartman, George D.; Lumma, William C.; Wai, John S.;

SOURCE: Young, Steven D.
PCT Int. Appl., 113 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9800144	A1	19980108	WO 1997-US11037	19970625
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RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
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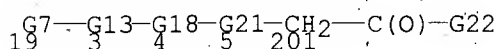
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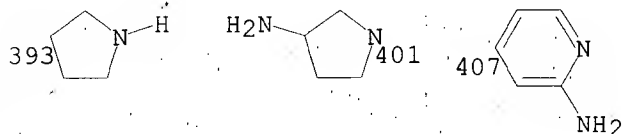
AB The title compds. having the structure, for example, of formula X-Y-C(O)NH-A-OCH₂CH₂OH [I; X = 6-membered arom. or nonarom. ring having 1-3 N atoms; Y = 6-membered arom. or nonarom. ring having 0-3 N atoms; A = (un)substituted 6-membered arom. ring] more particularly, formulas II.HCl and III, were prepd. and formulated. Thus, reaction of 2-(1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-7-carboxylic acid with 2-(3-methyl-4-aminophenoxy)ethanol.HCl in the presence of (iPr)₂NH and PYCLU in CH₂Cl₂ followed by treatment of the Boc-protected product with HCl gas in dioxane afforded III. Compds. I are

prodrugs of active acids X-Y-C(O)NH-A-OCH₂CO₂H which have been evaluated in vitro and found to have an IC₅₀ of 0.008-2 .mu.M for inhibiting platelet aggregation. Compds. I are effective at 0.9 mg/day - 1.8 g/day (when administered to 90 kg patient)..

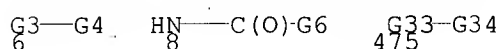
MSTR 2



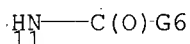
G1 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G2) / (SC piperazino / 4-pyridyl /
393 / 401 / 407)



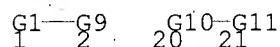
G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
(SO) / NH2 / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-) G5) / 6 / 475 / 8 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> /
alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH



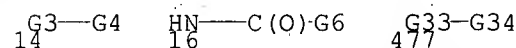
G3 = alkylene<(1-8)>
G4 = NH₂ / 11 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)>



G5 = Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
(SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)> (SO)
G6 = H / alkyl<(1-3)>
G7 = 2 / 20

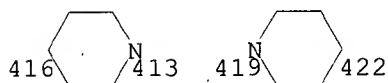


G8 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
(SO) / NH₂ / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-) G5) / 14 / 477 / 16 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> /
alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH

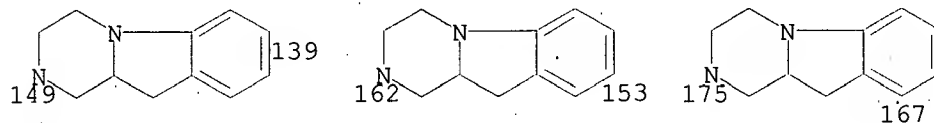
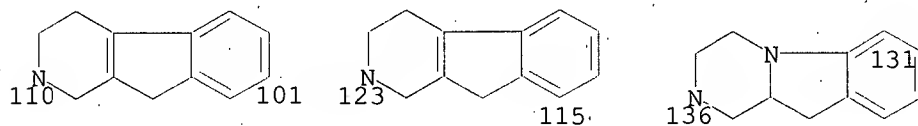
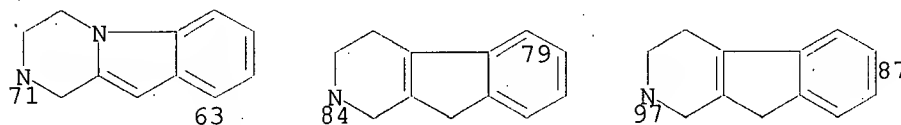
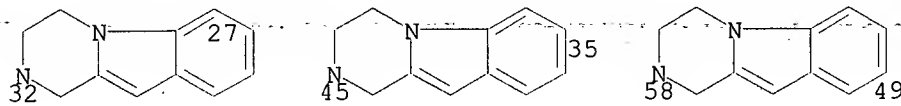


G9 = Hy<EC (5-6) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1)> (SO (1-) G8) / phenylene (SO (1-) G36) /

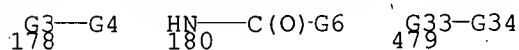
Cb<EC (5-6) C, AR (0)> (SO (1-) G8) / (SC 416-1 413-3 /
419-1 422-3)



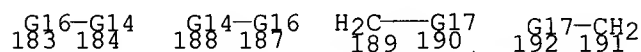
G10 = 27-3 32-21 / 35-3 45-21 / 49-3 58-21 / 63-3 71-21 /
79-3 84-21 / 87-3 97-21 / 101-3 110-21 / 115-3 123-21 /
131-3 136-21 / 139-3 149-21 / 153-3 162-21 / 167-3 175-21



G11 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
(SO) / NH2 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / 178 / 479 / 180 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO2H) / OH



G13 = 183-19 184-4 / 188-19 187-4 / CH2CH2 / CH=CH /
189-19 190-4 / 192-19 191-4 / NULL



G14 = NH / 185

N—G15
185

G15 = R / (SC Me)
G16 = C(O) / CH2
G17 = O / C(O) / CHOH
G18 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G19) / phenylene (SO G35) /
Cb<EC (5-10) C, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G19)
G19 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
(SO) / NH2 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / 193 / 196 / 481 /
198 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / CO2H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> /
alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO2H) / OH / (SC CF3 / Me / OMe)

HN—SO2—G5 G3—G4 HN—C(O)—G6 G33—G34
193 196 198 481

G21 = 203-4 204-201 / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2 /
205-4 206-201 / 208

O—G23 G25 G25
203 204 | |
 HC—G24 CH
 205 206 208

G22 = OH / 218

O—C(O)—G26
218

G23 = (1-2) CH2
G24 = (1-2) CH2
G25 = H / R / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO) / (SC Me)
G26 = alkyl<(1-8)> / cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) /
heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)> (SO) /
alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) G5) / (SC 436 / Et)

G29—C(O)—G30—G31
436

G29 = (1-3) CH2
G30 = NH / 440

N—G31
440

G31 = Me / Et / Pr-n
G33 = alkylene<(1-6)>
G34 = alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> / OH
G35 = R / (SC NHSO2Ph / Me / OMe / CF3 / Cl / NO2 / Br)
G36 = R / (SC Me / NHSO2Me / Br)
DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 31 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 128:128032 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclyl-substituted
phenoxyalkanoic acids as fibrinogen receptor
antagonists
INVENTOR(S): Duggan, Mark E.; Egbertson, Melissa S.; Hartman,
George D.; Young, Steven D.; Ihle, Nathan C.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck + Co., Inc., USA; Duggan, Mark E.; Egbertson,
Melissa S.; Hartman, George D.; Young, Steven D.;
Ihle, Nathan C.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 270 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9800134	A1	19980108	WO 1997-US11133	19970625
W:	AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2258093	AA	19980108	CA 1997-2258093	19970625
AU 9735798	A1	19980121	AU 1997-35798	19970625
AU 721130	B2	20000622		
EP 912175	A1	19990506	EP 1997-932307	19970625
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2000514061	T2	20001024	JP 1998-504291	19970625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-20975P	19960628
			GB 1997-893	19970117
			WO 1997-US11133	19970625

GI

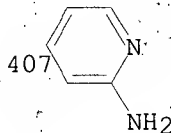
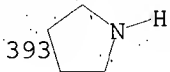
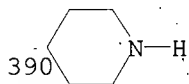
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The title compds. X-Y-Z-A-B [I; X = (un)substituted 5-7- membered arom. or nonarom. ring, having 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, (un)substituted 9-10 membered fused arom. or nonarom. ring, having 1-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S; Y = (un)substituted 5-6 membered arom. or nonarom. ring, having 0-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S; XY = II, III, IV, V; Z = C(O)NR₄, N(R₄)C(O), CH₂CH₂, CH:CH, etc.; R₄ = H, C1-4 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl; A = (un)substituted 5-6 membered arom. ring, having 0-3 heteroatoms selected from N, O, and S, 9-10 membered fused arom. ring having 0-3 heteroatoms (N, O, and S); B = C(CH₂)_mCO₂R₉, (CH₂)_nCO₂R₉, CH(R₈)(CH₂)pCO₂R₉, OCH(R₈)(CH₂)pCO₂R₉ (wherein m = 1-3; n = 0-3; p = 0-3; R₈ = H, aryl, amino, etc.; R₉ = H, aryl, C1-8 alkyl, etc.)], useful in inhibiting the binding of fibrinogen to blood platelets, inhibiting the aggregation of blood platelets, treating thrombus or embolus formation, inhibiting osteoclast mediated bone resorption, inhibiting angiogenesis, and in inhibiting tumor growth, were prepd. and formulated. Thus, a few-step detailed synthesis of the acid VI which showed IC₅₀ in the range between 10 nM and 50 mM against ADP-stimulated platelet aggregation, was described,

MSTR 1A

G7—G13—G18—G21—C(O)—G22
 19 3 4 5 201

G1 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-), G2) / (SC piperazino / 390 /
 4-pyridyl / 393 / 401 / 407)



G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
 (SO) / NH₂ / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-), G5) / 6 / 475 / 8 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-), G5) / CO₂H /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH

G3—G4 HN—C(O)—G6 G33—G34
 6 8 475

G3 = alkylene<(1-8)>
 G4 = NH₂ / 11 / alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)>

HN—C(O)—G6
 11

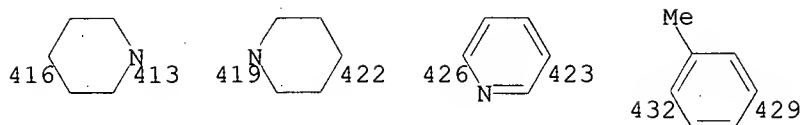
G5 = Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
 (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)> (SO)
 G6 = H / alkyl<(1-3)>
 G7 = 2 / 20

G1—G9 G10—G11
 1 2 20 21

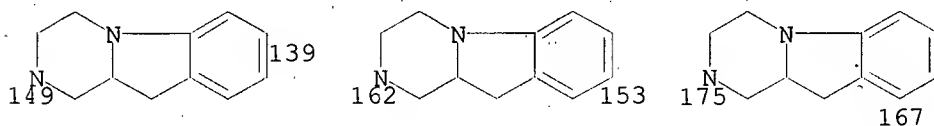
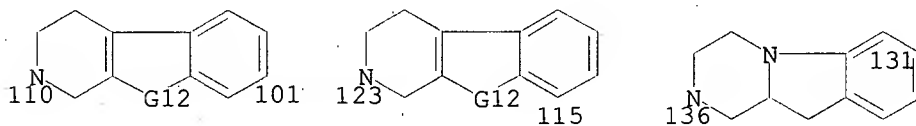
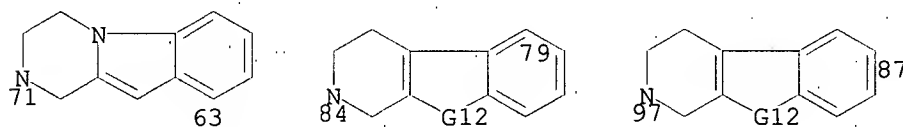
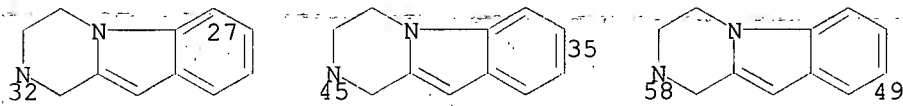
G8 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
 (SO) / NH₂ / alkyl<(1-8)> (SR (1-), G5) / 14 / 477 / 16 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-), G5) / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH / (SC Me)

G3—G4 HN—C(O)—G6 G33—G34
 14 16 477

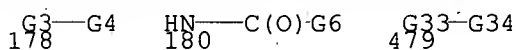
G9 = Hy<EC (5-6) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1)> (SO (1-), G8) / phenylene (SO) /
 Cb<EC (5-6) C, AR (0)> (SO (1-), G8) / (SC 416-1 413-3 /
 419-1 422-3 / 426-1 423-3 / 432-1 429-3)



G10 = 27-3 32-21 / 35-3 45-21 / 49-3 58-21 / 63-3 71-21 /
 79-3 84-21 / 87-3 97-21 / 101-3 110-21 / 115-3 123-21 /
 131-3 136-21 / 139-3 149-21 / 153-3 162-21 / 167-3 175-21

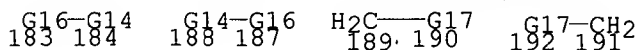


G11 = H / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
 (SO) / NH₂ / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / 178 / 479 / 180 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / CO₂H /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH



G12 = NH / O

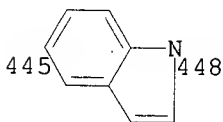
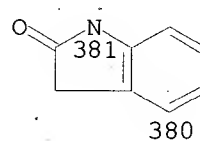
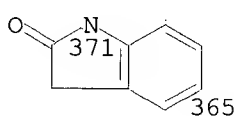
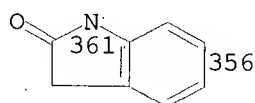
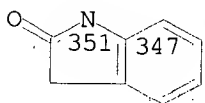
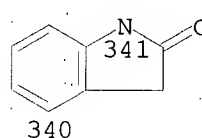
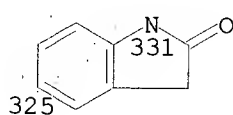
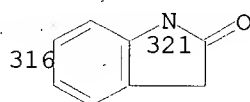
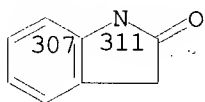
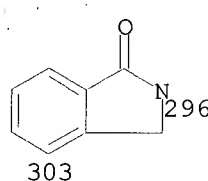
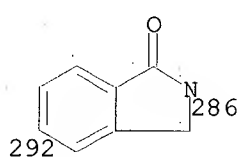
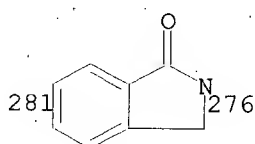
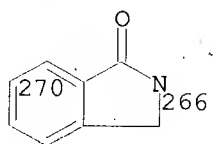
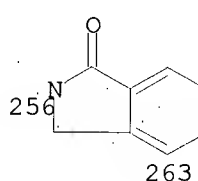
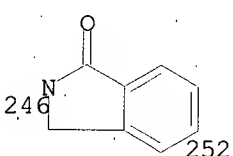
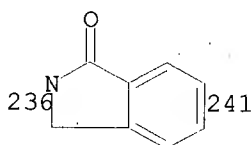
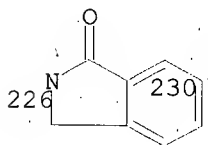
G13 = 183-19 184-4 / 188-19 187-4 / CH₂CH₂ / CH=CH /
 189-19 190-4 / 192-19 191-4



G14 = NH / 185

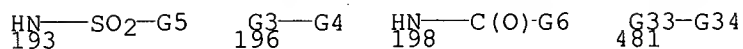
N—G15
185

G15 = alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / (SC Me)
 G16 = C(O) / CH₂
 G17 = O / C(O) / CHO
 G18 = Hy<EC (5-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G19) / **phenylene (SO G35)** /
 Cb<EC (5-10) C, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G19) / (SC 226-3 230-5 /
 236-3 241-5 / 246-3 252-5 / 256-3 263-5 / 270-3 266-5 /
 281-3 276-5 / 292-3 286-5 / 303-3 296-5 / 307-3 311-5 /
 316-3 321-5 / 325-3 331-5 / 340-3 341-5 / 351-3 347-5 /
 361-3 356-5 / 371-3 365-5 / 381-3 380-5 / 445-3 448-5)



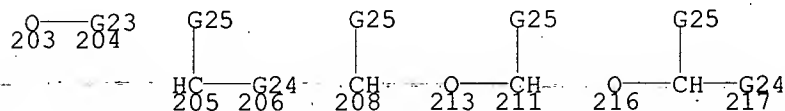
G19 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / Ph (SO) / heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)>
 (SO) / NH₂ / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / 193 / 196 / 481 /
 NO₂ / alkylsulfonylamino<(1-3)> / alkyl (SR (3) G20) / 198 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)> /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G5) / CO₂H / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-3)> /

alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) / OH / (SC CF₃ / Me / OMe)

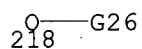


G20 = F / Cl / Br / I

G21 = 203-4 204-201 / NULL / CH₂ / CH₂CH₂ / CH₂CH₂CH₂ /
205-4 206-201 / 208 / 213-4 211-201 / 216-4 217-201



G22 = OH / 218

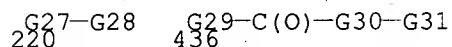


G23 = (1-3) CH₂

G24 = (1-3) CH₂

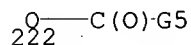
G25 = H / R / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO) / (SC Me)

G26 = alkyl<(1-8)> / Ph (SO) /
heteroaryl<EC (5-6) A, RC (1)> (SO) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / 220 / (SC 436 / Et)



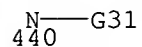
G27 = alkylene<(1-6)>

G28 = alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-8)> / 222 /
alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) /
alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-8)> / dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-8)>



G29 = (1-3) CH₂

G30 = NH / 440

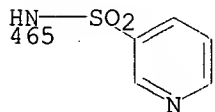


G31 = Me / Et / Pr-n

G33 = alkylene<(1-6)>

G34 = alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G5) / CO₂H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> / OH

G35 = R / (SC NHSO₂Ph / Me / OMe / CF₃ / Cl / NO₂ / Br /
NHSO₂Me / 465)



DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts

MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 32 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 127:346406 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of acylaminocinnamates and related compounds as integrin antagonists.

INVENTOR(S): Chen, Barbara B.; Chen, Helen Y.; Clare, Michael; Docter, Stephen H.; Khanna, Ish Kumar; Koszyk, Francis Jan; Malecha, James W.; Miyashiro, Julie M.; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle & Co., USA; Chen, Barbara B.; Chen, Helen Y.; Clare, Michael; Docter, Stephen H.; Khanna, Ish Kumar; Koszyk, Francis Jan; Malecha, James W.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., -278 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

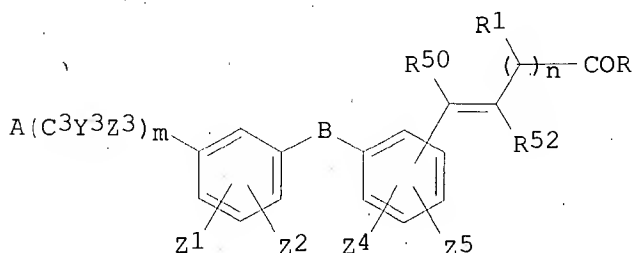
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9736860	A1	19971009	WO 1997-US4462	19970325
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2250690	AA	19971009	CA 1997-2250690	19970325
EP 894084	A1	19990203	EP 1997-916111	19970325
EP 894084	B1	20020626		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2000510098	T2	20000808	JP 1997-532954	19970325
AT 219764	E	20020715	AT 1997-916111	19970325
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-14325P	19960329
			WO 1997-US4462	19970325

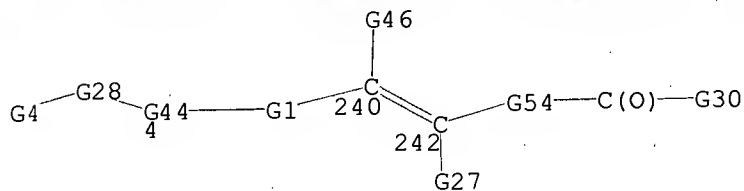
GI



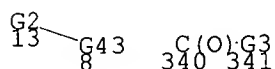
AB Title compds. [I; A = NR5C(Y1)NR7R8, NR5C(NR7)Y2; Y1 = NR2, O, S; R = XR3; R1 = H, alkyl, amino, acylamino, etc.; X = O, S, NR4; R2 = H, (substituted) alkyl, aryl, OH, alkoxy, cyano, NO2, amino, aminocarbonyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, sugar residue, steroid residue, etc.; R5 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, PhCH2, PhCH2CH2; R7 = H, (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl, bicycloalkyl, aryl, acyl, etc.; R50 = H, alkyl, (substituted) aryl, etc.; R52 = H, acylamino, (substituted)

hydrazino; R2R7 = (substituted) heterocyclyl, heteroaryl; R7R8 = (substituted) heterocyclyl; Y2R7 = (substituted) heterocyclyl; Z1, Z2, Z3, Z5 = H, alkyl, OH, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, NO2, amino, aminoalkyl, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, carboxyalkenyl, (fused) aryl, etc.; B = (CH2)pO, CH:CH, CH2CONH, CONH(CH2)p, CO2, SO2NH, etc.; m = 0-2; n = 0-3; p = 0-2]. Thus, 3-[2-methoxy-4-[[[3-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-2-yl)amino]phenyl]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]propionic acid trifluoroacetate (prepn. given) antagonized .alpha.v.beta.3 with IC50 = 0.43 nM.

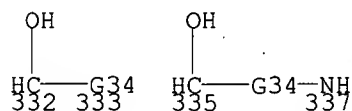
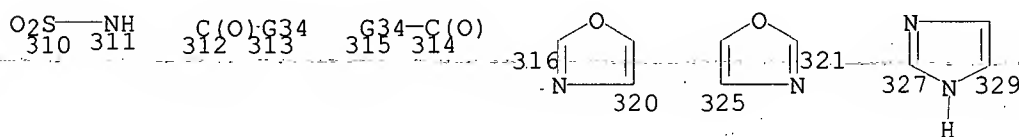
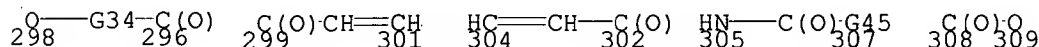
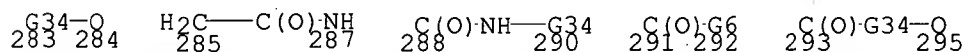
MSTR 1



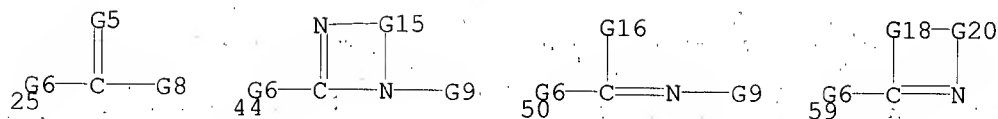
G1 = 13-4 8-240 / 340-4 341-240



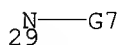
G2 = 283-4 284-8 / CH=CH / 285-4 287-8 / 288-4 290-8 /
 291-4 292-8 / 293-4 295-8 / 298-4 296-8 / 299-4 301-8 /
 304-4 302-8 / 305-4 307-8 / 308-4 309-8 / 310-4 311-8 /
 312-4 313-8 / 315-4 314-8 / 316-4 320-8 / 325-4 321-8 /
 327-4 329-8 / 332-4 333-8 / 335-4 337-8



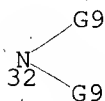
G3 = Hy<EC (8-9) A (1-) N (6-) C, AR (1-), BD (6-) N,
 RC (2), RS (0-1) E5 (1-2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO)
 G4 = 25 / 44 / 50 / 59 / 64



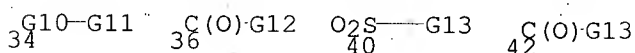
G5 = NH (SO) / O / S
 G6 = NH / 29



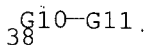
G7 = alkyl<(1-10)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)> /
 CH2Ph / CH2CH2Ph
 G8 = 32 / Hy<EC (4-12) A (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0-1) O (0-1)
 S (0) OTHERQ, AN (1-) N, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-) G14)



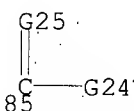
G9 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl<(2-6)> / 34 / Cb<(3-8)> / Cb<EC (6-12) C, RC (2)> /
 aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / heteroaryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / 36 /
 Hy<EC (4-12) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1)> (SO) / Hy<AR (0), BD (ALL) SE, RC (1-2)> / 40 / 42



G10 = alkylene<(1-10)>
 G11 = aryl<RC (1-)> / heteroaryl<RC (1-)>
 G12 = alkyl<(1-10)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)> /
 aryl<RC (1-)> / heteroaryl<RC (1-)> / 38 / Ph



G13 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO) / aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) /
 heteroaryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / Hy<EC (4-12) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-)
 S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1)> (SO)
 G14 = alkyl<(1-6)> / 85 / aryl<RC (1-)> /
 heteroaryl<RC (1-)> / OH



G15 = Ak<EC (1-9) C, BD (0-) D (0) T> (SO) /

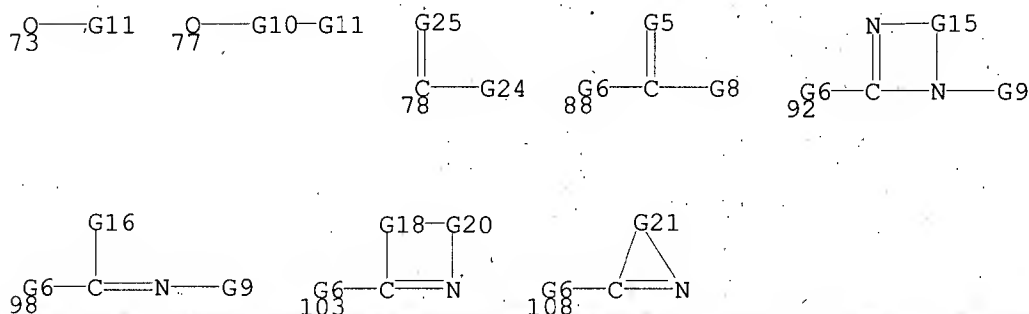
G16 = R<TX "group to form optionally substituted ring">
 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO G17) / Cb<(3-8)> /
 Cb<EC (6-12) C, RC (2)> / aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) /
 heteroaryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / Hy<EC (4-12) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-)
 S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ, RC (1)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl<(2-6)> / OH / SH / 55

G18-G19
 55

G17 = aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / heteroaryl<RC (1-)> (SO)
 G18 = O / S
 G19 = alkyl<(1-10)> / 57 / aryl<RC (1-)> /
 heteroaryl<RC (1-)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl<(2-6)>

G10-G11
 57

G20 = R<TX "group to form ring">
 G21 = R<TX "group to form optionally substituted ring",
 EC (1-) C>
 G22 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G23) / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G23) / 73 / 77 / F / Cl / Br / I /
 NO2 / NH2 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR NH2) / alkylamino<(1-10)> /
 dialkylamino<(1-10)> / CN / alkylthio<(1-10)> /
 alkylsulfonyl<(1-10)> / 78 / alkenyl<(2-6)> (SR CO2H) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> (SR alkoxy carbonyl<(1-10)>) /
 alkoxy carbonylamino<(1-10)> / NHCOMe / aryl<RC (1-)> /
 heteroaryl<RC (1-)> / Cb<(3-8)> / SH /
 Hy<EC (4-12) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1)> / Hy<EC (8-16) A (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
 OTHERQ (6-) C, AR (1-), BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (1-) E6> / 88 /
 92 / 98 / 103 / 108



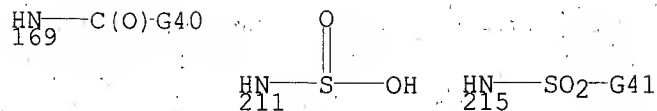
G23 = F / Cl / Br / I
 G24 = OH / NH2 / SH / 80

G25-G26
 80

G25 = O / S / NH
 G26 = alkyl<(1-10)> / 82 / aryl<RC (1-)> /
 heteroaryl<RC (1-)>

G10-G11
 82

G27 = H / 169 / 211 / 215



G28 = NULL / alkylene (SO G29)

G29 = Cb<(3-8)> / aryl<RC (1-)> / heteroaryl<RC (1-)>

G30 = OH / SH / NH2 / 117

G31-G32
117

G31 = O / S / NH / 119

N---G32
119

G32 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G23) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkynyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-10)>
(SR dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-10)>) / aryl<RC (1-)> /
heteroaryl<RC (1-)> / 121 / R<TX "sugar or steroid residue">

G10-G11
121

G34 = (0-2) CH2

G40 = OH / 207 / H / alkyl<(1-10)> / Cb<(3-8)> / 209 /
aryl<RC (1-)> / heteroaryl<RC (1-)> / NH2 / 218 /
pyrrolidino / piperidino / morpholino / Ph

O---G41 G10-G11 HN---G41
207 209 218

G41 = alkyl<(1-10)> / Cb<(3-8)> / 172 / aryl<RC (1-)> /
heteroaryl<RC (1-)>

G10-G11
172

G43 = Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (6) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
(SO (1-2) G22) / phenylene

G44 = Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (6) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
(SO (1-2) G22) / m-C6H4

G45 = (0-3) CH2

G46 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> / aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) /
heteroaryl<RC (1-)> (SO)

G54 = alkylene (SO) / NULL

DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

MPL: claim 1

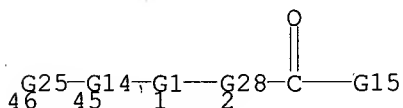
NTE: substitution is restricted

TITLE: Preparation of pyridinioarylcarbamoylindoline derivatives as serotonin receptor antagonists.
 INVENTOR(S): Bromidge, Steven Mark
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Plc, UK; Bromidge, Steven Mark
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

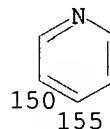
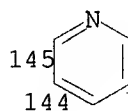
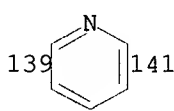
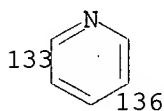
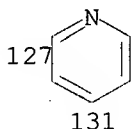
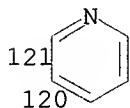
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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EP 891348	A1	19990120	EP 1997-915465	19970326
R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 2001508399	T2	20010626	JP 1997-535805	19970326
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			WO 1997-EP1611	19970326

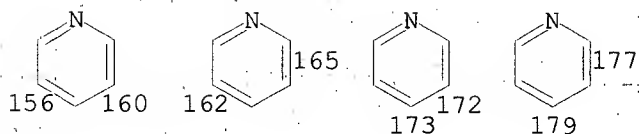
AB (R1)nP1A[P2(R2)m]NR3COR4 [R1, R2 = H, (substituted) alkyl; R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = (substituted) N-bonded bicycloheterocyclyl, aminopyrazinyl, aminopyridinyl, aminophenyl, etc.; P1, P2 = Ph, heterocyclyl contg. a quaternary N atom; A = bond, chain of 1-5 atoms (substituted) phenylene, heterocyclylene; n, m = 0-2], were prepd. as 5-HT2B/5-HT2C antagonists with increased soly./activity (no data). Thus, 5-methoxy-6-trifluoromethyl-1-[3-fluoro-5-(pyridin-3-yl)phenylcarbamoyl]indoline in MeCN was treated with sodium tetraphenylboron and bromomethyl acetate followed by 4 h reflux to give a tetraphenylborate salt which was subjected to ion exchange to give 100% 5-methoxy-6-trifluoromethyl-1-[3-fluoro-5-[1-(acetyloxy)methylpyridinium-3-yl]phenylcarbamoyl]indoline chloride.

MSTR 1A

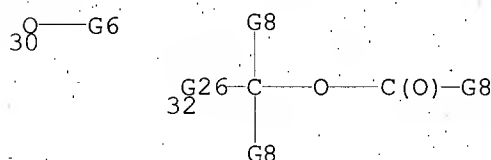
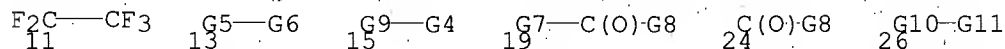


G1 = phenylene (SO (1-2) G2) /
 Hy<EC (1-3) Q (1-) N (-2) O (-2) S (0) OTHERQ, CH (0-) +,
 RC (1-2)> (SO (1-2) G2) / (SC 121-45 120-2 / 127-45 131-2 /
 133-45 136-2 / 139-45 141-2 / 144-45 145-2 / 150-45 155-2 /
 156-45 160-2 / 162-45 165-2 / 173-45 172-2 / 179-45 177-2)

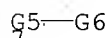




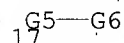
G2 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G3) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl<(2-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)> / CN / NO2 / X / CF3 / 11 /
 NH2 / 13 / 15 / 19 / CHO / OCF3 / SCF3 / 24 / 26 / OH / 30 /
 32 / (SC F / Me)



G3 = NH2 / 7



G4 = NH2 / 17

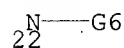


G5 = NH / 9



G6 = alkyl<(1-6)> / aryl (SO) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) aryl (SO))

G7 = NH / 22

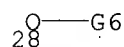


G8 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / aryl (SO) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) aryl (SO))

G9 = C(O) / S(O) / SO2

G10 = CH2 / C(O)

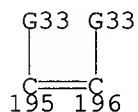
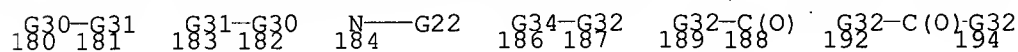
G11 = OH / 28



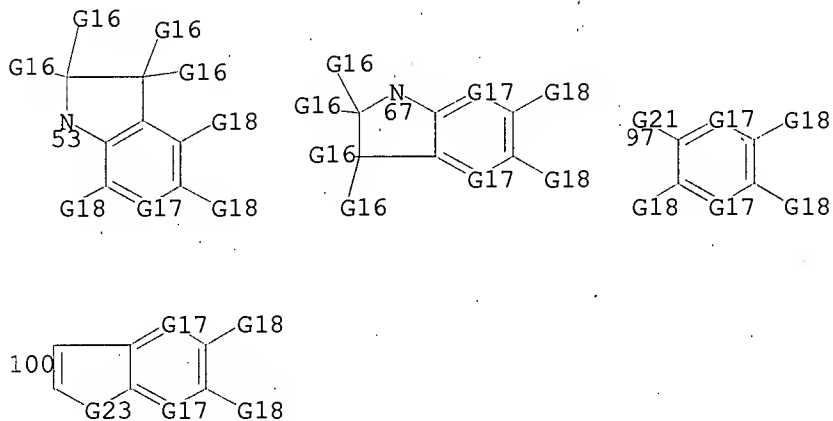
G12 = NH / 35



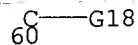
G13 = R<TX "counter ion"> / (EX halogen anion / chloride / bromide)
 G14 = R<TX "chain of 1 to 5 atoms"> / phenylene (SO) /
 Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0-) E7 (0) OTHER> (SO) /
 (EX 180-46 181-1 / 183-46 182-1 / NH / 184 / 186-46 187-1 /
 189-46 188-1 / 192-46 194-1 / C(O) / CHOH / alkylene /
 195-46 196-1 / O / S(O) / SO2)



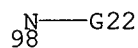
G15 = 53 / 67 / 97 / 100



G16 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G17 = N / 60



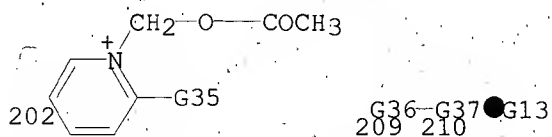
G18 = H / R / (SC CF3 / OMe)
 G21 = NH / 98



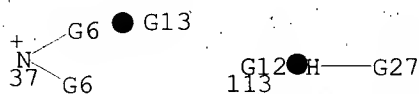
G22 = alkyl<(1-6)>
 G23 = O / S / CH2 / 111

N—G24
111

G24 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
G25 = Ph (SO (1-2) G2) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (1-) N (-2) O (-2)
S (0) OTHERQ, CH (0-), +, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-2) G2) / (SC 209 /
pyridyl / 202)



G26 = 113 / 37



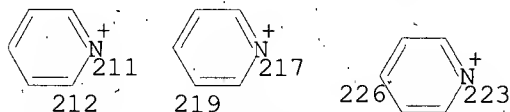
G27 = R<TX. "counter ion"> / (EX X / Cl / Br)
G28 = NH / 118

N—G29
118

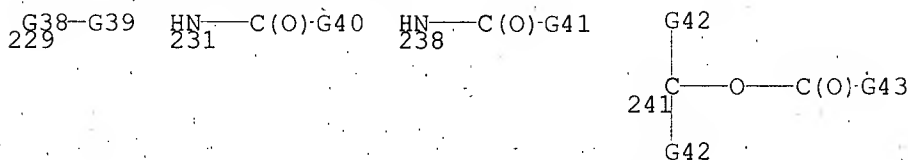
G29 = alkyl<(1-6)>
G30 = (1-4) CH2
G31 = C(O) / O / S / S(O) / SO2
G32 = NH / 190

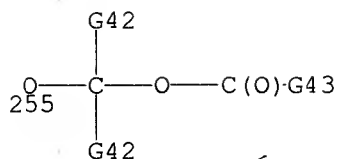
N—G22
190

G33 = H / F
G34 = C(O) / SO2
G35 = H / Me
G36 = 219-45 217-210 / 226-45 223-210 / 212-45 211-210



G37 = alkyl<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> / O / NH2 / 229 / 231 /
238 / 241 / 255





G38 = NH / 234

$\text{N} - \text{G39}$
234

G39 = alkyl<(1-20)> / aryl (SO) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) aryl (SO))

G40 = NH2 / 236

$\text{G38} - \text{G39}$
236

G41 = H / alkyl<(1-20)> / aryl (SO) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) aryl (SO))

G42 = H / R

G43 = H / alkyl<(1-20)> / aryl (SO) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) aryl (SO)) / NH2 / 247

$\text{G38} - \text{G39}$
247

MPL: claim 1

NTE: oxygen alternative in G37 is free radical

L3 ANSWER 34 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 127:220648 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of cyclic amic acid derivatives as
protein-farnesyl transferase (PFT) inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Aoyama, Tetsuya; Kawakami, Kumiko; Arai, Sachie;
Sato, Toshihiko; Monden, Yoshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Aoyama,
Tetsuya; Kawakami, Kumiko; Arai, Sachie; Sato,
Toshihiko; Monden, Yoshiaki

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 194 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9729078	A1	19970814	WO 1997-JP303	19970207
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

CA 2244695	AA 19970814	CA 1997-2244695	19970207
AU 9716191	A1 19970828	AU 1997-16191	19970207
EP 882703	A1 19981209	EP 1997-902605	19970207
EP 882703	B1 20020814		

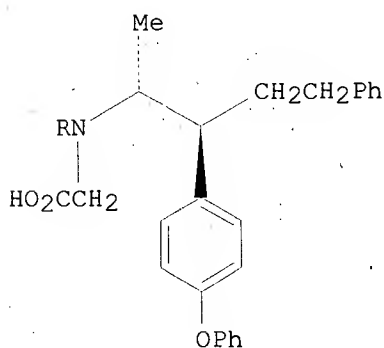
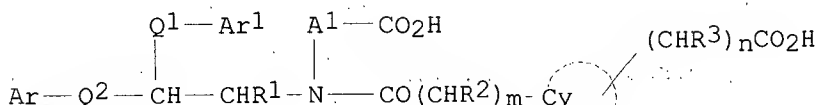
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI

AT 222234	E 20020815	AT 1997-902605	19970207
US 6011174	A 20000104	US 1998-117534	19980804

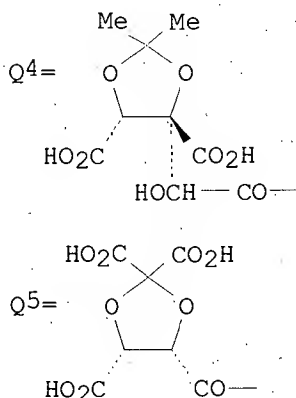
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1996-45500	19960207
JP 1996-206673	19960717
WO 1997-JP303	19970207

GI



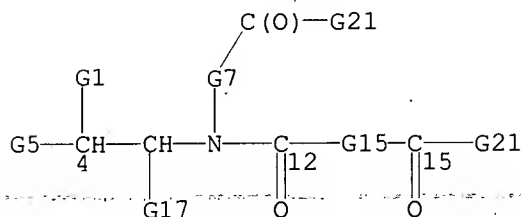
II



AB Comps. represented by general formula [I; Ar¹ = aryl or heteroaryl; Ar = Ar³-Q³-Ar²-, Ar²; wherein Ar², Ar³ = aryl, heteroaryl; Q³ = a single bond, oxygen, sulfur, methylene, vinylene, or a group represented by CO, NH, CO₂, O₂C, CH₂CH₂, OCH₂, SCH₂, CH₂O, CH₂S, NHCO, or CONH; Cy = aryl, heteroaryl, or an alicyclic group optionally having one or two oxygen atoms; A¹ = C1-4 hydrocarbyl; Q¹ = a single bond, a group represented by CH₂O, OCH₂, CH₂S, or SCH₂, or C1-6 hydrocarbyl; Q² = a single bond or a group represented by (CH₂)_l or -(CH₂)_q-W-(CH₂)_p; R¹ = lower alkyl; wherein l = an integer of 1 to 6; p, q = an integer of 0 to 3; R₂, R₃ = H, OH, or lower alkyl; W = oxygen, sulfur, vinylene, or ethynylene; m = an integer of 0 to 2; n = 0 or 1] or pharmacol. acceptable salts or esters thereof, which inhibits functional expression of cancer gene Ras protein by inhibiting PFT in vivo and exhibit antitumor activity, are prepd. An antitumor agent comprising these comps. as the active ingredients is claimed. These comps. also inhibit transfection of ras and thereby reactivation of HIV gene incorporated into host cells and are also useful as anti-HIV agents. Thus, N-(methoxycarbonylmethyl)-[(1R,2R)-1-methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-4-phenylbutyl]amine (prepn. given) was condensed with di-Me 2-(1-acetoxycarboxymethyl)-2,3-O-isopropylidene-L-tartrate (prepn. given) using 2-chloro-1,3-dimethylimidazolium chloride in the presence of Et₃N in CHCl₃ at room temp. for 4 h followed by sapon. with a mixt. of 1 N aq. NaOH and THF to give the title compd. (II.3Na; R = Q₄). II.3Na (R = Q₄) and II (R = Q₅) showed IC₅₀ of 0.16 and 0.075 nM, resp., against PFT

and IC50 of 0.24 and 2.0 .mu.M, resp., against farnesylation of Ras protein in NIH3T3 cells expressing activated ras gene.

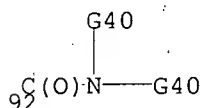
MSTR 1



G1 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G2) /
heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
(SO (1-) G2) / Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl / 64

G9-G20
64 65

G2 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / NH2 / NO2 / CN / CO2H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / 92 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F) /
Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-)
N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>



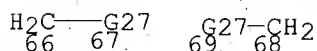
G3 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G31) /
heteroarylene<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
(SO (1-) G31)
G4 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G31) /
heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
(SO (1-) G31) / Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl / 71

G18-G29
71 50

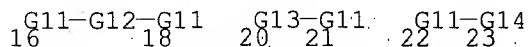
G5 = 48 / 59

G3-G4 G10-G29
48 59 60

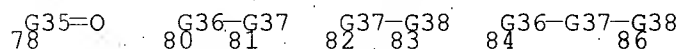
G6 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)>
G7 = Ak<EC (1-4) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8)
G8 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkoxy<(1-6)>
G9 = 66-4 67-65 / 69-4 68-65 /
Ak<EC (1-6) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G6)



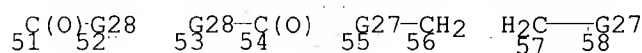
G10 = alkylene<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3> / O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene / 16-4 18-60 / 20-4 21-60 / 22-4 23-60



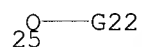
G11 = alkylene<EC (1-3) C, DC (0) M3>
 G12 = O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene
 G13 = O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene
 G14 = O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene
 G15 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3), RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G32) / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G32) / Cb<AR (0)> (SO (1-) G32) / Hy<EC (1-2) O, AR (0)> (SO (1-) G32) / 78 / 80-12 81-15 / 82-12 83-15 / 84-12 86-15



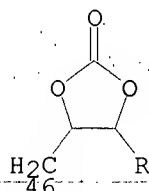
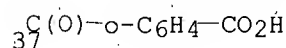
G17 = alkyl<(1-6)>
 G18 = O / S / CH2 / CH=CH / C(O) / NH / 51-48 52-50 / 53-48 54-50 / CH2CH2 / 55-48 56-50 / 57-48 58-50



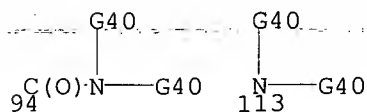
G19 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3), RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER>
 G20 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3), RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G2) / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G2) / Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl
 G21 = OH / 25



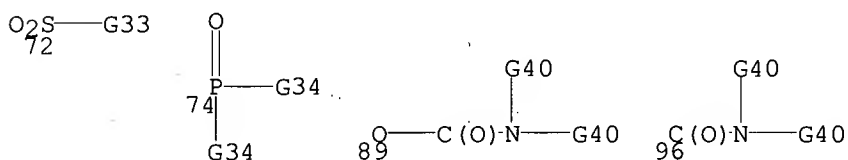
G22 = R / (EX alkyl<(1-6)> / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / alkyl (SR (1-) G19) / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G26) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)>) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO2H) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy carbonyloxy<(1-6)>) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR OCONH2 (SO)) / 37 / 46)



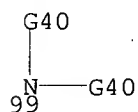
G26 = OCHO / alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-5)>
 G27 = O / S
 G28 = O / NH
 G29 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
 RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G31) /
 heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
 (SO (1-) G31) / Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl
 G31 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / 113 / NO2 / CN / CO2H /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / 94 / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
 alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G19) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F)



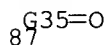
G32 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / NH2 / NO2 / CN / CO2H / 96 /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SO 89) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR OH) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F) /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) / SO3H / 72 /
 Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
 RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-)
 O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> / 74



G33 = alkoxy<(1-6)> / 99



G34 = OH / alkoxy<(1-6)>
 G35 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO (1-) G32) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) O, AR (0)> (SO (1-) G32)
 G36 = alkylene<(1-14)> (SO OH)
 G37 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
 RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G32) /
 heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
 (SO (1-) G32) / Cb<AR (0)> (SO (1-) G32) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) O, AR (0)> (SO (1-) G32) / 87

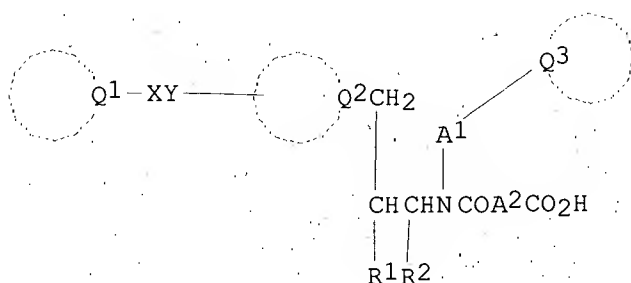


G38 = alkylene<(1-7)> (SO OH)
 G40 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
 MPL: claim 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 127:176338 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of substituted amide derivatives as
protein-farnesyl transferase inhibitors
INVENTOR(S): Iwasawa, Yoshikazu; Aoyama, Tetsuya; Kawakami, Kumiko;
Arai, Sachie; Satoh, Toshihiko; Monden, Yoshiaki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Iwasawa,
Yoshikazu; Aoyama, Tetsuya; Kawakami, Kumiko; Arai,
Sachie; Satoh, Toshihiko; Monden, Yoshiaki
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 101 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9729073	A1	19970814	WO 1997-JP304	19970207
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2244862	AA	19970814	CA 1997-2244862	19970207
AU 9716192	A1	19970828	AU 1997-16192	19970207
EP 882701	A1	19981209	EP 1997-902606	19970207
EP 882701	B1	20020724		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
AT 221045	E	20020815	AT 1997-902606	19970207
US 6048894	A	20000411	US 1998-117533	19980804
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1996-45502 19960207 WO 1997-JP304 19970207				

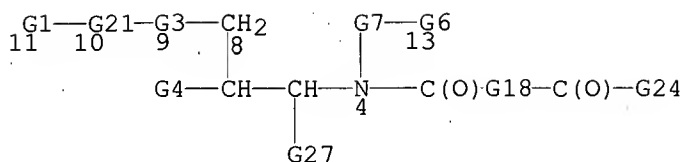
GI



I

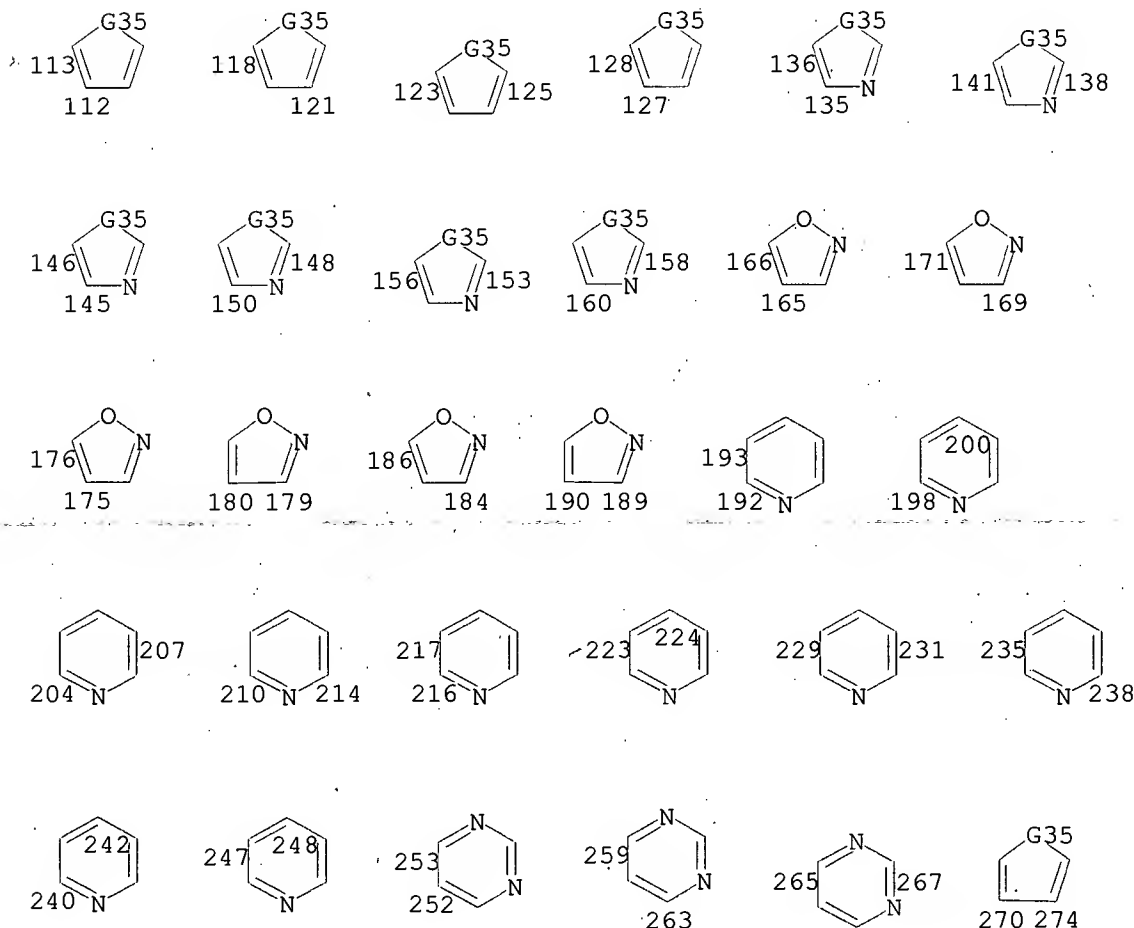
AB The title compds. I [Q1, Q2, Q3 each represents aryl or heteroaryl; A1 represents hydrocarbyl, etc.; A2 represents hydrocarbyl; R1 represents lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, carboxy, lower alkoxy carbonyl, carbamoyl, lower alkyl carbamoyl, etc.; R2 represents lower alkyl; and X and Y each represents oxygen, sulfur, carbonyl, etc.; or X and Y are bonded to each other to thereby form vinylene or ethynylene; a proviso is given] are prepd. In an in vitro test for protein farnesyl transferase inhibiting activity, 3-(ethoxycarbonyl)-4-hydroxy-4-[N-[(1RS,2RS)-2-(isopropoxycarbonyl)-1-methyl-3-[5-(phenylcarbamoyl)-2-furyl]propyl]-N-(2-naphthylmethyl)carbamoyl]-3-butenic acid showed IC50 of 3.1 nM.

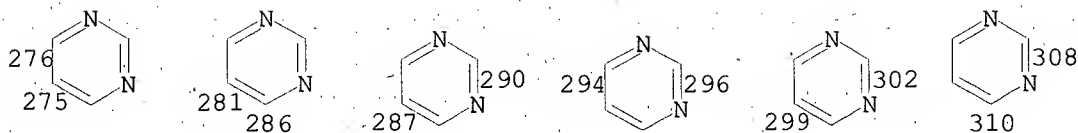
MSTR 1



G1 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
 RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G5) / Ph / naphthyl /
 anthracenyl / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) N (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ> (SO (1-) G5) / (SC thienyl)

G3 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
 RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G5) /
 heteroarylene<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) N (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
 (SO (1-) G5) / (EX phenylene / 113-10 112-8 / 118-10 121-8 /
 123-10 125-8 / 127-10 128-8 / 270-10 274-8 / 136-10 135-8 /
 141-10 138-8 / 145-10 146-8 / 150-10 148-8 / 153-10 156-8 /
 158-10 160-8 / 166-10 165-8 / 171-10 169-8 / 175-10 176-8 /
 180-10 179-8 / 184-10 186-8 / 189-10 190-8 / 192-10 193-8 /
 198-10 200-8 / 204-10 207-8 / 210-10 214-8 / 217-10 216-8 /
 223-10 224-8 / 229-10 231-8 / 235-10 238-8 / 242-10 240-8 /
 248-10 247-8 / 253-10 252-8 / 259-10 263-8 / 265-10 267-8 /
 275-10 276-8 / 281-10 286-8 / 287-10 290-8 / 296-10 294-8 /
 302-10 299-8 / 308-10 310-8)

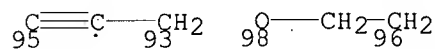
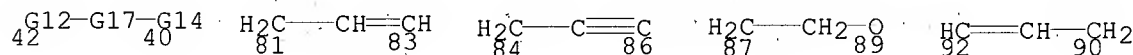
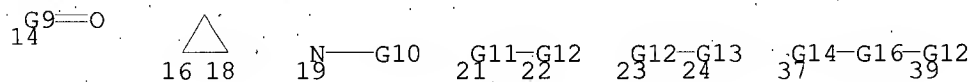




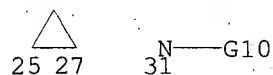
G4 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO G30) / alkenyl<(2-6)> (SO G30) /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CONH₂ /
alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> /
107 / Cb<AR (0)> (SO (1-) G34) /
Hy<EC (1-2) O (-2) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (0)> (SO (1-) G34)

G32-C(O)-G31
107

G5 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / NH₂ / NO₂ / CN / CO₂H (SO) /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CONH₂ / alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> /
dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)>
G6 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHERQ (SO (-2) G5) / Ph / naphthyl /
anthracenyl / heteroaryl<EC (1-2) Q (0-) O (0-) N (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ> (SO (-2) G5) / (SC thienyl / benzothienyl /
benzofuranyl)
G7 = Ak<EC (1-6) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8) /
14 / O / S / ethynylene / 16-4 18-13 / 19 / 21-4 22-13 /
23-4 24-13 / 37-4 39-13 / 42-4 40-13 / (SC 81-4 83-13 /
84-4 86-13 / 87-4 89-13 / 92-4 90-13 / 95-4 93-13 /
98-4 96-13 / CH₂CH₂CH₂)



G8 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkoxy<(1-6)>
G9 = Ak<EC (1-6) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8)
G10 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
G11 = O / S / ethynylene / 25-4 27-22 / 31



G12 = Ak<EC (1-5) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8) /
35

$\overset{\text{G28=O}}{\underset{35}{\triangle}}$

G13 = O / S / ethynylene / 28-23 30-13 / 33

$\overset{\triangle}{\underset{28 \ 30}{\text{N}}} \text{---} \underset{33}{\text{G10}}$

G14 = Ak<EC (1-4) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8) /
43

$\overset{\text{G15=O}}{\underset{43}{\triangle}}$

G15 = Ak<EC (1-4) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8)
G16 = O / S / ethynylene / 45-37 47-39 / 99

$\overset{\triangle}{\underset{45 \ 47}{\text{N}}} \text{---} \underset{99}{\text{G10}}$

G17 = O / S / ethynylene / 48-42 50-40 / 101

$\overset{\triangle}{\underset{48 \ 50}{\text{N}}} \text{---} \underset{101}{\text{G10}}$

G18 = Ak<EC (1-8) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G19)
G19 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) / OH /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / CO2H (SO) / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> /
alkenyloxycarbonyl<(2-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO2H (SO)) /
Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G20)
G20 = Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl
G21 = 51-11 52-9 / 53-11 54-9 / 59-11 60-9 / CH=CH /
ethynylene

$\overset{\text{G22-G23}}{\underset{51 \ 52}{\triangle}} \quad \overset{\text{G23-G22}}{\underset{53 \ 54}{\triangle}} \quad \overset{\text{G23-G23}}{\underset{59 \ 60}{\triangle}}$

G22 = O / S / 55

$\overset{\text{N}}{\underset{55}{\triangle}} \text{---} \text{G10}$

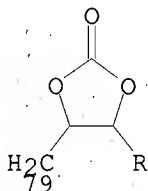
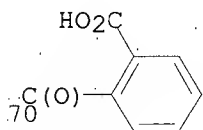
G23 = C(O) / 57

$\overset{\text{HC}}{\underset{57}{\triangle}} \text{---} \text{G10}$

G24 = OH / 62

O—G25
62

G25 = R / (EX alkyl<(1-6)> / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G19) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G26) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)>) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO2H) / alkyl<(1-6)>
(SR alkoxycarbonyloxy<(1-6)>) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR OCONH2 (SO)) / 70 / 79)



G26 = OCHO / alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-5)>
G27 = alkyl<(1-6)>
G28 = Ak<EC (1-5) C, BD (0) T, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8)
G29 = alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)>
G30 = OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CONH2 /
alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / 103

C(O)NH—G29
103

G31 = H / NH2 / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / dialkylamino<(1-6)>
G32 = O / 110

N—G33
110

G33 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
G34 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / NH2 / NO2 / CN / CO2H /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) OH) / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F) / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CONH2 /
alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)>
G35 = O / S
DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 36 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 127:176275 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of substituted amide derivatives as
antitumor agents

INVENTOR(S): Iwasawa, Yoshikazu; Aoyama, Tetsuya; Kawakami, Kumiko;
Arai, Sachie; Satoh, Toshihiko; Monden, Yoshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Iwasawa,
Yoshikazu; Aoyama, Tetsuya; Kawakami, Kumiko; Arai,
Sachie; Satoh, Toshihiko; Monden, Yoshiaki

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.

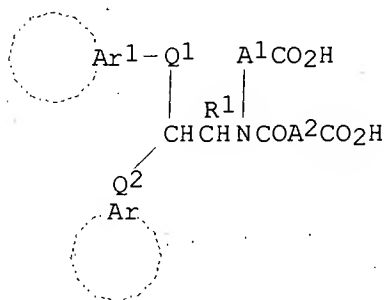
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

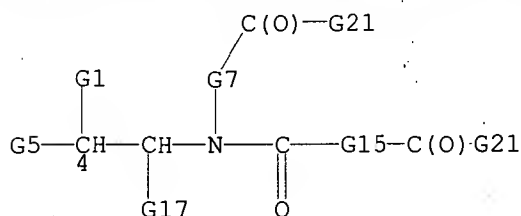
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9729077	A1	19970814	WO 1997-JP302	19970207
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9716190	A1	19970828	AU 1997-16190	19970207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-45501	19960207
			WO 1997-JP302	19970207

GI



AB The title compds. I [Ar1 represents aryl or heterocyclic arom. group; Ar represents aryl, etc.; A1 represents C1 - C4 hydrocarbyl; A2 represents C1 - C8 hydrocarbyl; m is an integer of 1 to 6; Q1 represents a single bond, a group represented by CH2O, etc.; Q2 represents a single bond or a group represented by -(CH2)m, etc.; R1 represents lower alkyl] are prepd. (2R)-2-[N-(carboxymethyl)-N-[(1R, 2R)-1-methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-4-phenylbutyl]carbamoylmethyl]succinic acid in vitro showed IC50 of 0.2 nM (against protein farnesyl transferase) and IC50 of 2.9 .mu.M (against ras protein farnesylation).

MSTR 1



G1 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3), RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G2) / heteroaryl (SO (1-) G2) / Ph (SO) / naphthyl (SO) / anthracenyl (SO) / 64 / (SC thienyl)

G⁹—G²⁹
64 65

G² = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / NH₂ / NO₂ / CN / CO₂H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-6)> / CONH₂ / alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> /
dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F) /
Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl / heteroaryl
G³ = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G31) /
heteroarylene (SO (1-) G31)
G⁴ = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G31) /
heteroaryl (SO (1-) G31) / Ph (SO) / naphthyl (SO) /
anthracenyl (SO) / 71

G¹⁸—G²⁹
71 50

G⁵ = 48 / 59

G³—G⁴ G¹⁰—G²⁹
48 59 60

G⁶ = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)>
G⁷ = Ak<EC (1-4) C, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G8)
G⁸ = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkoxy<(1-6)>
G⁹ = 66-4 67-65 / 69-4 68-65 /
Ak<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G6)

H₂C—G²⁷ G²⁷—CH₂
66 67 69 68

G¹⁰ = alkylene<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3> / O / S / CH=CH /
ethynylene / 16-4 18-60 / 20-4 21-60 / 22-4 23-60

G¹¹—G¹²—G¹¹ G¹³—G¹¹ G¹¹—G¹⁴
16 18 20 21 22 23

G¹¹ = alkylene<EC (1-3) C, DC (0) M3>
G¹² = O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene
G¹³ = O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene
G¹⁴ = O / S / CH=CH / ethynylene
G¹⁵ = Ak<EC (1-8) C, DC (0) M3> (SO (1-) G16)
G¹⁶ = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) / OH /
alkoxy<(1-6)> / CO₂H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO₂H) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) G19) / Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl
G¹⁷ = alkyl<(1-6)>
G¹⁸ = O / S / CH₂ / CH=CH / C(O) / NH / 51-48 52-50 /
53-48 54-50 / CH₂CH₂ / 55-48 56-50 / 57-48 58-50

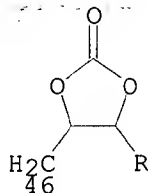
C(O)—G²⁸ G²⁸—C(O) G²⁷—CH₂ H₂C—G²⁷
51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58

G¹⁹ = Ph / naphthyl / anthracenyl
G²¹ = OH / 25

⁰
25—G22

G22 = R / (EX alkyl<(1-6)> / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> /
alkyl (SR (1-) G19) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxy<(1-6)>) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR G26) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR alkoxyalkonyl<(1-6)>) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR CO2H) / alkyl<(1-6)>
(SR alkoxyalkonyloxy<(1-6)>) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR OCONH2 (SO)) / 37 / 46)

³
C(O)-o-C₆H₄-CO₂H



G26 = OCHO / alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-5)>
G27 = O / S
G28 = O / NH
G29 = Cb<EC (6-14) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-3),
RS (1-3) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G2) /
heteroaryl (SO (1-) G2) / Ph (SO) / naphthyl (SO) /
anthracenyl (SO) / (SC thienyl)
G31 = F / Cl / Br / I / OH / NH2 / NO2 / CN / CO2H /
alkoxyalkonyl<(1-6)> / CONH2 / alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> /
dialkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO OH) /
alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-) F)
DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 37 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:344209 MARPAT

TITLE: Liquid crystalline acrylates or .alpha.-substituted
acrylates, curable dental compositions containing
these compounds, and methods for using these
compositions

INVENTOR(S): Klee, Jochem E.; Frey, Holger; Holter, Dirk;
Mulhaupt, Rolf

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dentsply International, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9714674	A1	19970424	WO 1996-US16436	19961016
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5998499	A	19991207	US 1996-723443	19961007
EP 861230	A1	19980902	EP 1996-936465	19961016
EP 861230	B1	20020102		
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI				
JP 2001509128	T2	20010710	JP 1997-515908	19961016

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

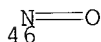
US 1995-543950 19951017
 US 1996-723443 19961007
 US 1994-217998 19940325
 US 1994-231535 19940422
 WO 1996-US16436 19961016

AB. CH₂:CR₄CO₂[CH₂CH(OXR₃M)CH₂OR₁O]_nCH₂CH(OXR₃M)CH₂OCOCR₄:CH₂ [I; R₁ = A, AY₁B, AY₁BY₂C, or a steroidal group; A, B, C = (substituted) C₆-24 arom. group, (substituted) C₂-24 heteroarom. group, (substituted) C₅-30 cycloalkylene, (substituted) C₂-20 alkylene; Y₁, Y₂ = covalent bond, OCO, N:N, CH:N, C:C, CO, O(CO)O, O, S, SO₂, OCS, CH₂O, CH₂S, C.tplbond.C, CL₁:CL₂, CL₁:CL₂CO₂, CL₁:CL₂CO, N(O):N; L₁, L₂ = H, C₁-20 alkyl, or CN; R₃ = H, (substituted) C₁-20 alkylene, C₁-20 oxyalkylene, C₁-20 thioalkylene, or C₁-20 carboxyalkylene; R₄ = H, (substituted) C₁-20 alkyl, C₅-12 cycloalkyl, C₆-20 aryl, M = mesogenic AZ, AY₁BZ, AY₁BY₂CZ, or a steroidal group; Z = H, halo, CN, OR, CO₂R, NO₂, (halo-substituted) C₁-20 alkylene or alkenylene, (halo-substituted) C₁-20 oxyalkylene or oxyalkylenylene, (halo-substituted) C₁-20 thioalkylene or thioalkenylenylene, (halo-substituted) C₁-20 carboxyalkylene or carboxyalkylenylene; X = covalent bond, CO, NHCO, or OCO; n = 1-10]. I polymerize quant. and with vol. shrinkage <2.5% using redox and(or) photochem. initiators and are useful in dental compns. A typical monomer was manufd. by esterification of 4,4'-bis(2-hydroxy-3-methacryloyloxypropoxy)biphenyl with 4'-cyanobiphenyl-4-oxyvaleric acid.

MSTR 2

G₂₁-G₁₀-G₁₅-G₂₀
 104 105 109 123

G₄ = O / S
 G₅ = alkenylene (SO CN)
 G₆ = CH / 46

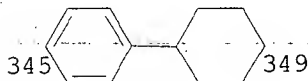
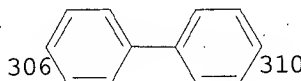

 46

G₁₀ = NULL / alkylene<(1-20)> (SO) / 356-104 357-109 /
 358-104 360-109

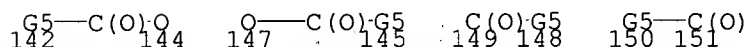
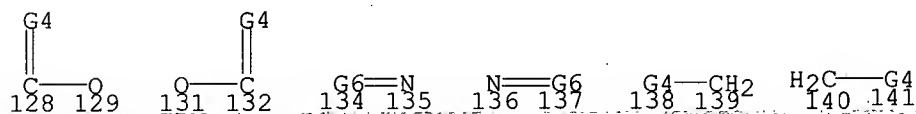
G₁₁-G₁₂ G₁₁-C(O)-O
 356 357 358 360

G₁₁ = alkylene<(1-20)>
 G₁₂ = O / S
 G₁₅ = arylene<(6-24)> (SO) / heteroarylene<(2-24)> (SO) /
 cycloalkylene<(5-30)> (SO) / 125-105 127-123 /
 152-105 156-123 / R<TX "steroid moiety"> /
 (EX 306-105 310-123 / 345-105 349-123)

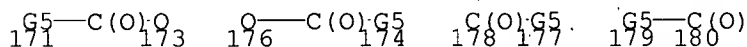
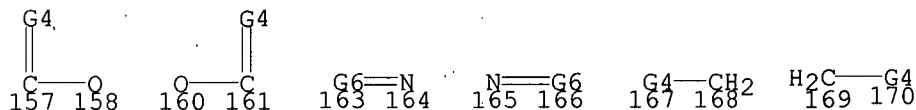
G₁₆-G₁₇-G₁₆ G₁₆-G₁₈-G₁₆-G₁₉-G₁₆
 -125 127 152 154 156



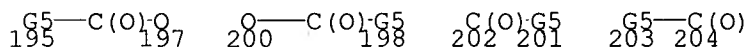
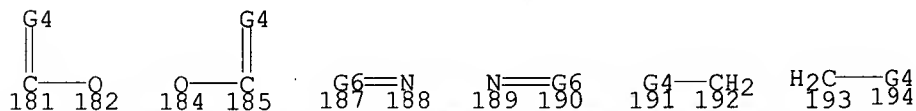
G16 = **arylene<(6-24)> (SO)** / heteroarylene<(2-24)> (SO) /
 cycloalkylene<(5-30)> (SO)
 G17 = NULL / 128-125 129-127 / 131-125 132-127 / N=N /
 134-125 135-127 / 136-125 137-127 / OCO2 / O / S / SO2 /
 138-125 139-127 / 140-125 141-127 / ethynylene / CH=CH /
 alkenylene (SO CN) / 142-125 144-127 / 147-125 145-127 /
 149-125 148-127 / 150-125 151-127



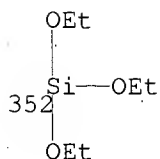
G18 = NULL / 157-152 158-154 / 160-152 161-154 / N=N /
 163-152 164-154 / 165-152 166-154 / OCO2 / O / S / SO2 /
 167-152 168-154 / 169-152 170-154 / ethynylene / CH=CH /
 alkenylene (SO CN) / 171-152 173-154 / 176-152 174-154 /
 178-152 177-154 / 179-152 180-154



G19 = NULL / 181-154 182-156 / 184-154 185-156 / N=N /
 187-154 188-156 / 189-154 190-156 / OCO2 / O / S / SO2 /
 191-154 192-156 / 193-154 194-156 / ethynylene / CH=CH /
 alkenylene (SO CN) / 195-154 197-156 / 200-154 198-156 /
 202-154 201-156 / 203-154 204-156



G20 = H / X / CN / OH (SO) / **CO2H (SO)** / NO2 /
 alkyl<(1-20)> (SO (1-) X) / alkenyl<(2-20)> (SO (1-) X) /
 alkoxy<(1-20)> (SO (1-) X) / alkenyloxy<(2-20)> (SO (1-) X) /
 alkylthio<(1-20)> (SO (1-) X) /
 alkenylthio<(2-20)> (SO (1-) X) /
 alkylcarbonyloxy<(1-20)> (SO) /
 alkenylcarbonyloxy<(2-20)> (SO (1-) X)
 G21 = H / OMe / OH / Cl / Br / **CO2H** / NCO / 352 / R

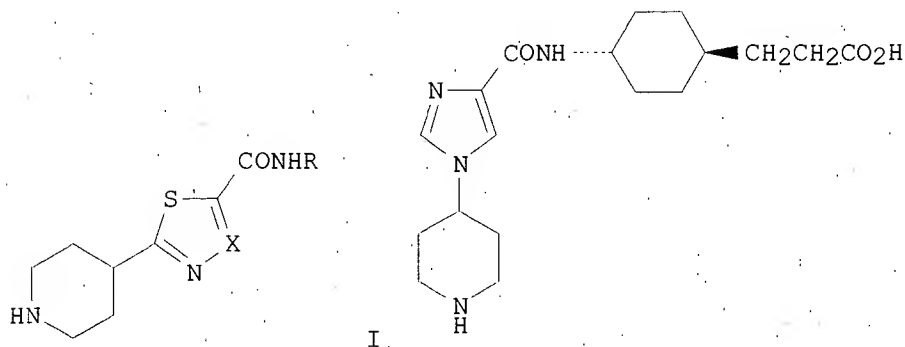


MPL: claim 8
NTE: also incorporates claim 14

L3, ANSWER 38 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:343567 MARPAT
TITLE: Five-membered heterocycles for use as antithrombics and platelet aggregation inhibitors
INVENTOR(S): Linz, Guenter; Himmelsbach, Frank; Pieper, Helmut; Austel, Volkhard; Guth, Brian; Weisenberger, Johannes
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dr. Karl Thomae GmbH, Germany
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 33 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19539091	A1	19970424	DE 1995-19539091	19951020
DE 19548798	A1	19970703	DE 1995-19548798	19951227
WO 9715567	A1	19970501	WO 1996-EP4390	19961010
W: CA, JP, MX				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2229617	AA	19970501	CA 1996-2229617	19961010
EP 858457	A1	19980819	EP 1996-934603	19961010
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
JP 11513382	T2	19991116	JP 1996-513786	19961010
US 5817677	A	19981006	US 1996-733898	19961018
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			DE 1995-19539091	19951020
			DE 1995-19548798	19951227
			WO 1996-EP4390	19961010

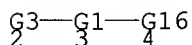
GI



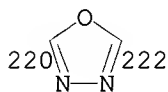
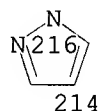
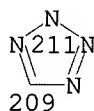
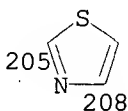
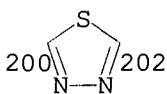
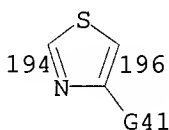
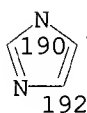
AB. Five-membered heterocyclic compds., such as I. [X = CMe, N; R = trans-4-(2-carboxyethyl)cyclohexyl, 4-HO₂CCH₂C₆H₄] and II were prepd. Thus, II was obtained by amidating the imidazolecarboxylic acid and

deprotection. II had IC50 in the fibrinogen binding test of 0.120 .mu.M and in the platelet aggregation inhibition test of 0.13 .mu.M.

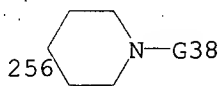
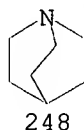
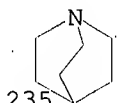
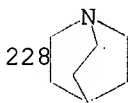
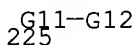
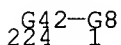
MSTR 2



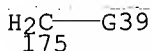
G1 = Hy<EC (1-5) Q (-5) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1), RS (1) E5> (SO (1-) G2) /
Hy<EC (1-3) Q (-3) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-),
BD (6) N, RC (2), RS (1) E5 (1) E6> (SO (1-) G2) /
(SC 190-2 192-4 / 194-2 196-4 / 200-2 202-4) /
(EX 205-2 208-4 / 211-2 209-4 / 216-2 214-4 / 220-2 222-4)



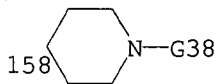
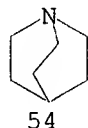
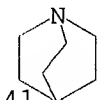
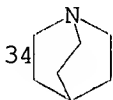
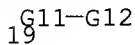
G2 = alkyl<(1-5)> / alkyl<(1-3)> (SR Ph) / Ph / pyridyl
G3 = cycloalkyl<(5-7)> (SO (1-) G9) / 225 / pyridyl /
228 / 235 / 248 / 224 / (SC 256)



G4 = O / S
G5 = (1-2) CH2
G6 = C(O) / G5
G7 = H / alkyl<(1-3)> (SO Ph) /
alkyl<(1-3)> (SR pyridyl) / (SC 175)

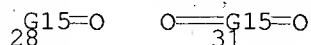


G8 = cycloalkyl<(5-7)> (SO (1-) G9) / 19 / pyridyl / 34 /
41 / 54 / (SC 158)

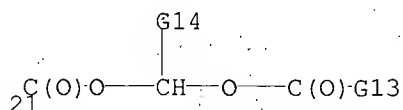


G9 = (-4) alkyl<(1-3)> / (-1) G10
G10 = OH / alkoxy<(1-3)> (SO Ph) / CN / CONH2 / CO2H /

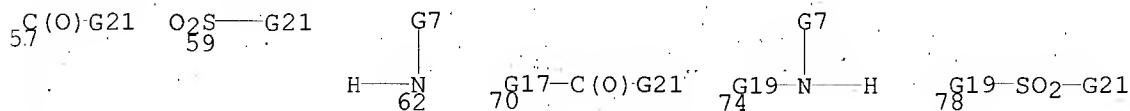
G11 = alkoxy carbonyl<(1-3)> (SO Ph)
 = Hy<EC (4-6) C (1) Q (1) N, AN (1-) C (1-) N,
 AR (0), BD (-1) DE (0) T, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7>
 (SO (1-) G9) / Hy<EC (4-5) C (2) Q (2) N, AN (1-) N, AR (0),
 BD (ALL) S, RC (1), RS (1) M6 (1) X7> (SO (1-) G9) / 28 / 31



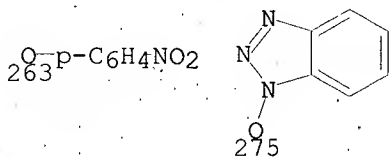
G12 = H / alkyl<(1-3)> (SO Ph) / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-5)> /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-3)> (SR Ph) / alkenyloxy carbonyl<(3-5)> /
 cycloalkyloxy carbonyl<(5-7)> / 21



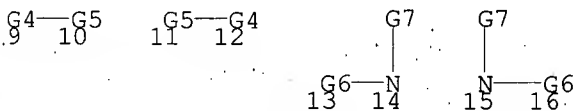
G13 = alkyl<(1-5)> / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> /
 alkyl<(1-3)> (SR Ph) / alkoxy<(1-5)> / cycloalkyloxy<(5-7)> /
 Ph
 G14 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> / Ph
 G15 = Hy<EC (4-5) C (2) Q (2) N, AN (1-) C (1-) N,
 AR (0), BD (ALL) S, RC (1), RS (1) M6 (1) X7> (SO (1-) G9)
 G16 = 57 / 59 / 70 / 78 / 62 / 74



G17 = alkylene<(1-3)> / alkenylene<(2-3)>
 G19 = alkylene<(1-3)>
 G21 = R<TX "leaving group"> / (EX OH / X / Cl / Br / 260 /
 263 / 275)



G38 = H / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-4)> / CO₂CH₂Ph
 G39 = pyridyl
 G41 = Me / (EX Ph / H)
 G42 = alkylene<(1-8)> / alkenylene<(2-3)> / 9-1 10-3 /
 11-1 12-3 / 13-1 14-3 / 15-1 16-3



MPL: claim 11
 NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 39 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:330553 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of (guanidinophenyl)isoquinolinonecarboxylates, -naphthalenonecarboxylates, and related compounds as glycoprotein IIb/IIIa antagonists.

INVENTOR(S): Fisher, Matthew J.; Happ, Anne M.; Jakubowski, Joseph A.; Kinnick, Michael D.; Kline, Allen D.; Morin, Jr John M.; Sall, Daniel J.; Skelton, Marshall A.; Vasileff, Robert T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eli Lilly and Company, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 62 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 96,220, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

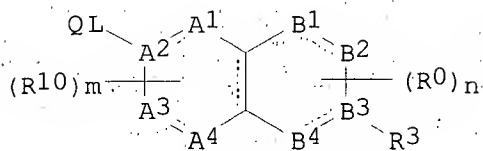
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5618843	A	19970408	US 1994-255821	19940708
IL 110172	A1	20011031	IL 1994-110172	19940630
TW 450953	B	20010821	TW 1994-83106357	19940713
AU 9467500	A1	19950202	AU 1994-67500	19940715
AU 685807	B2	19980129		
EP 635492	A1	19950125	EP 1994-305241	19940718
EP 635492	B1	20021002		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
ZA 9405251	A	19960118	ZA 1994-5251	19940718
AT 225337	E	20021015	AT 1994-305241	19940718
CA 2128348	AA	19950123	CA 1994-2128348	19940719
NO 9402734	A	19950123	NO 1994-2734	19940721
HU 70397	A2	19951030	HU 1994-2156	19940721
RU 2140907	C1	19991110	RU 1994-26092	19940721
PL 181905	B1	20011031	PL 1994-304388	19940721
FI 9403478	A	19950123	FI 1994-3478	19940722
BR 9402916	A	19950411	BR 1994-2916	19940722
CN 1108248	A	19950913	CN 1994-109191	19940722
CN 1057292	B	20001011		
JP 08188564	A2	19960723	JP 1994-170747	19940722
US 5731324	A	19980324	US 1995-376191	19950119
US 6137002	A	20001024	US 1996-710823	19960923
US 6020362	A	20000201	US 1998-47285	19980324
US 6472405	B1	20021029	US 1999-299404	19990426
CN 1274723	A	20001129	CN 1999-111888	19990731
FI 2000000648	A	20000320	FI 2000-648	20000320
US 6448269	B1	20020910	US 2001-883639	20010618

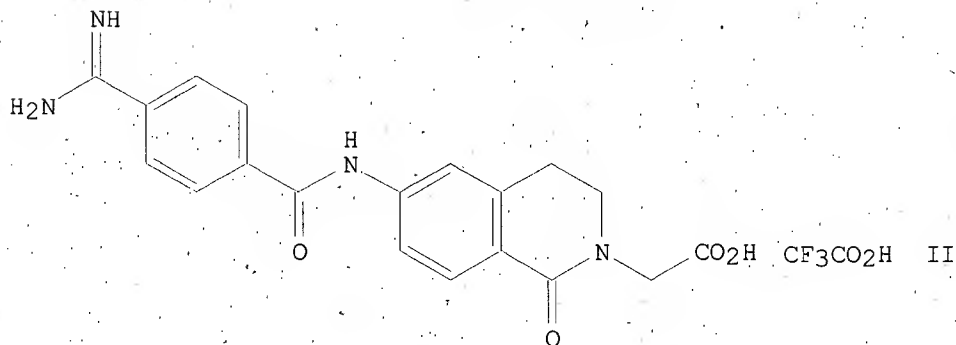
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1993-96220	19930722
US 1994-255821	19940708
US 1995-376191	19950119
US 1996-710823	19960923
US 1998-47285	19980324
US 1999-412142	19991005

GI



I



II

AB Title compds. [I; A1-A4, B1-B4 = C, O, S, N; .gtoreq.2 of A1-A4 and B1-B4 = C; L = bond, divalent (substituted) chain of 1-10 atoms; Q = org. group contg. .gtoreq.1 basic group; R3 = acidic group or salt, solvate, or prodrug thereof; R0, R10 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, OH, alkoxy, aralkoxy, amino, carbamyl, CO2H, acyl, cyano, halo, NO2, sulfo; m, n = 2-6], were prepd. Thus, title compd. (II) (multistep prepn. given) inhibited ADP-induced platelet aggregation with IC50 = 0.1 .mu.M.

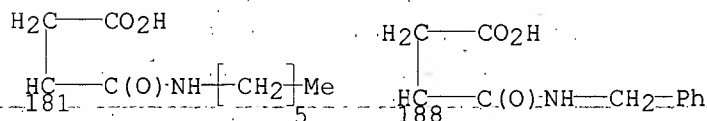
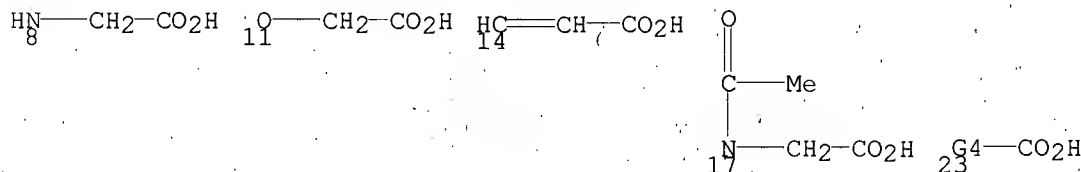
MSTR 2

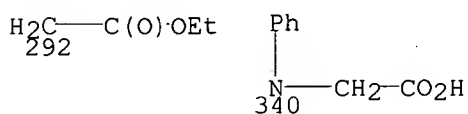
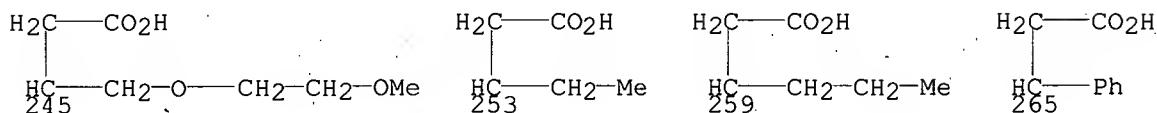
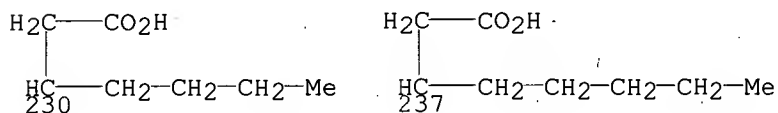
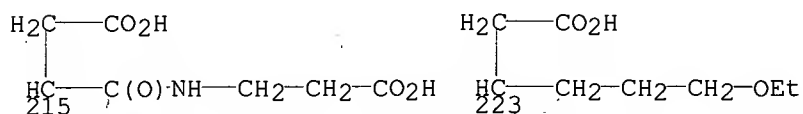
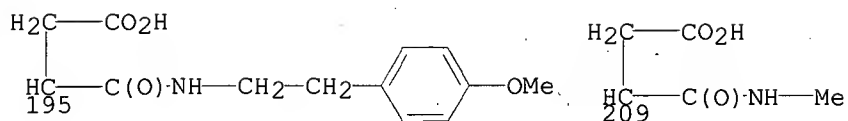
G18-G12-G1

G1 = 4 / 6

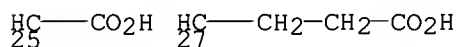
G5-G2 G6-G3

G2 = R<TX "acidic group"> / (EX CH2CO2H / 8 / 11 / CH2CH2CO2H / 14 / 17 / 23 / CO2H / 181 / 188 / 195 / 209 / 215 / 223 / 230 / 237 / 245 / 253 / 259 / 265 / 292 / 340)





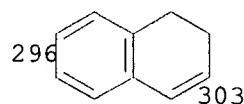
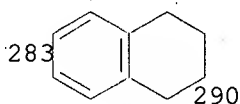
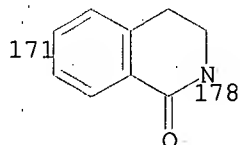
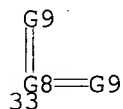
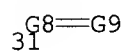
G3 = R<TX "acidic group"> / (EX 25 / 27)

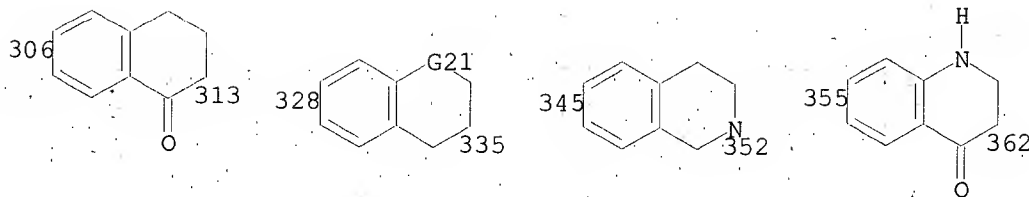


G4 = phenylene

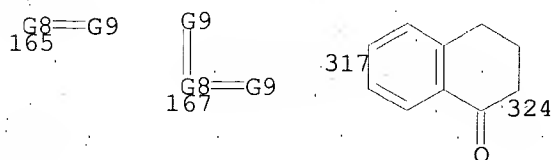
G5 = Cb<EC (10) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER>

(SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G7) / 31 / 33 / (EX 171-2 178-5 / 283-2 290-5 / 296-2 303-5 / 306-2 313-5 / 328-2 335-5 / 345-2 352-5 / 355-2 362-5.)

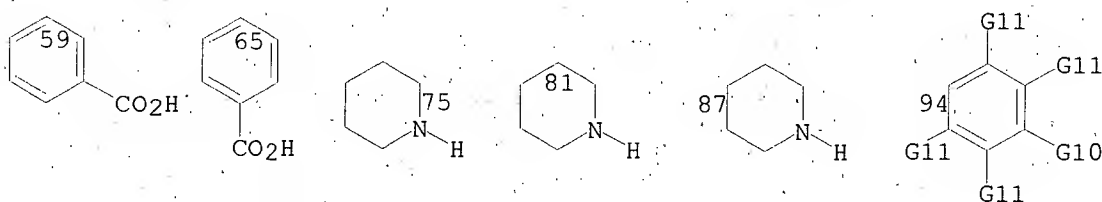
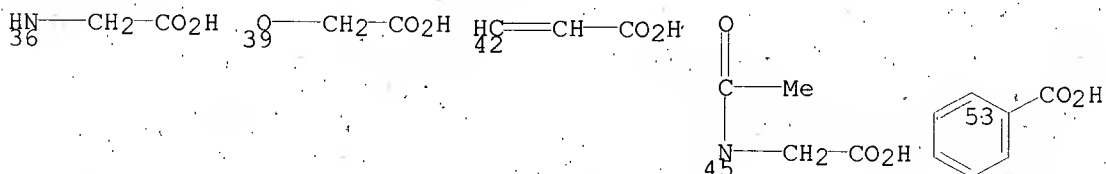




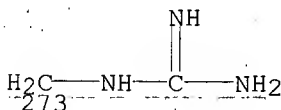
G6 = Cb<EC (10) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G7) /
 165 / 167 / (EX 317-2 324-7)



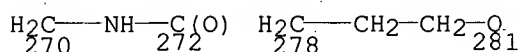
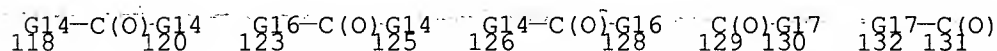
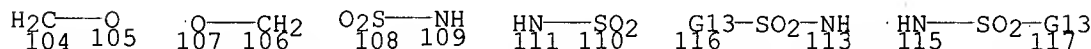
G7 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G22) /
 alkenyl<EC (2-10) C, BD (1) D> / alkynyl<(2-10)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-10)> / aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR (1-3) G23) / OH / alkoxy<(1-10)> /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR (1-3) G23) / CO2H / acyl / CN / F / Cl /
 Br / I / NO2 / SO3H / R<TX "acidic or basic group"> /
 NH2 (SO) / CONH2 / (EX CH2CO2H / 36 / 39 / CH2CH2CO2H / 42 /
 45 / 53 / 59 / 65 / CO2H / piperidino / 75 / 81 / 87 /
 NHC(NH)NH2 / C(NH)NH2 / 94)



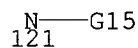
G8 = Cb<EC (10) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (10) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
 OTHERQ, FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G7)
 G9 = O / S
 G10 = R<TX "basic radical"> / C(NH)NH2 / 273



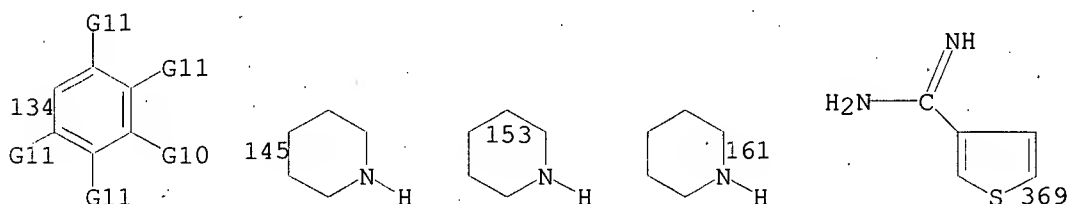
G11 = H / R
 G12 = NULL / R<TX "linking group"> / (EX 104-1 105-3 /
 107-1 106-3 / 108-1 109-3 / 111-1 110-3 / 116-1 113-3 /
 115-1 117-3 / 118-1 120-3 / 123-1 125-3 / 126-1 128-3 /
 129-1 130-3 / 132-1 131-3 / ethynylene / CH=CH / CH2CH2 /
 270-1 272-3 / 278-1 281-3)



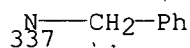
G13 = alkylene<(1-10)>
 G14 = NH / 121



G15 = alkyl<(1-10)>
 G16 = O / S
 G17 = O / NH
 G18 = R<TX "basic group"> / (EX 134 / 145 / 153 / 161 /
 Cb<EC (6) C, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SR (1-) G19) /
 Hy<EC (6) A (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> (SR (1-) G19) / 369)



G19 = (1-3) G20 / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G22) /
 alkenyl<EC (2-6) C, BD (1) D> / alkynyl / cycloalkyl /
 aryl<RC (1-)> (SO) / alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) G23) / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-10)> / alkoxy<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) G23) / NH2 (SO) /
 CONH2 / CO2H / acyl / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / NO2 / SO3H
 G20 = R<TX "basic group"> / NH2 / NHC(NH)NH2 / C(NH)NH2
 G21 = O / NH / 337

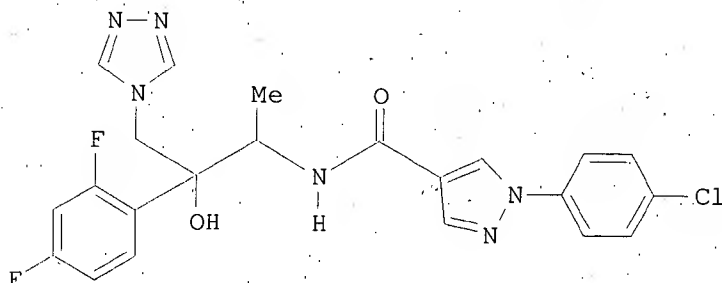


G22 = F / Cl / Br / I
 G23 = aryl<RC (1-)> (SO)
 DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or prodrug derivatives
 MPL: disclosure
 NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 40 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:212156 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of heteroarylcarboxamides as agrochemical
and medical fungicides
INVENTOR(S): Bartroli, Javier; Turmo, Enric; Anguita, Manuel
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): J. Uriach & Cia. S.A., Spain; Bartroli, Javier; Turmo,
Enric; Anguita, Manuel
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9705131	A1	19970213	WO 1996-EP3419	19960802
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM				
ES 2107376	A1	19971116	ES 1995-1564	19950802
ES 2107376	B1	19980701		
BR 9606546	A	19980714	BR 1996-6546	19950802
ES 2112774	A1	19980401	ES 1995-2042	19951020
ES 2112774	B1	19990516		
CA 2201478	AA	19970213	CA 1996-2201478	19960802
AU 9667889	A1	19970226	AU 1996-67889	19960802
EP 783502	A1	19970716	EP 1996-928404	19960802
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 10507205	T2	19980714	JP 1996-507253	19960802
US 5888941	A	19990330	US 1997-809815	19970331
NO 9701471	A	19970530	NO 1997-1471	19970401
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			ES 1995-1564	19950802
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			WO 1996-EP3419	19960802

GI

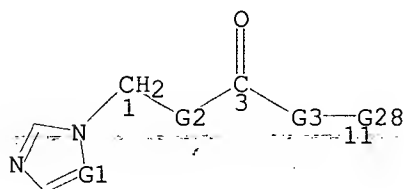


II

AB RCH2CR5(OR4)CR1R2NR3COZ1(CH2)mZ2(CH2)qR6 [I; R = imidazolo or 1,2,4-triazo-1-yl; R1 = alkyl; R2 = H or alkyl; R1R2 = alkylene; R3 = H (halo)alkyl; Ph, etc.; R4 = H; R3R4 = CH2, CH2CH2, CH(OH)CH2, COCH2; R5 = (halo- or CF3-substituted) Ph; R6 = (un)substituted Ph, -heterocyclyl; Z1 = (un)substituted phenylene or -heterocyclylene; Z2 = bond, O, SO0-2, NR6;

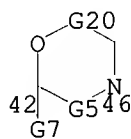
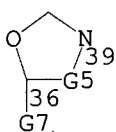
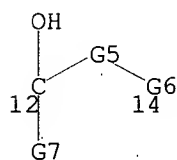
m,q = 0-2] were prepd. Thus, (2R,3R)-3-amino-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-2-butanol was amidated by 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (prepn. given) to give title compd. (R,R)-II. Data for biol. activity of I were given.

MSTR 1



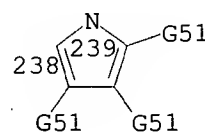
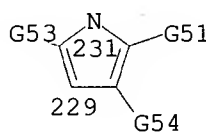
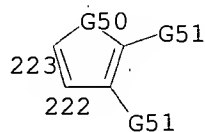
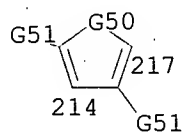
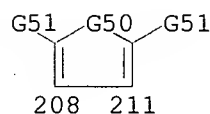
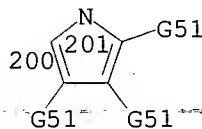
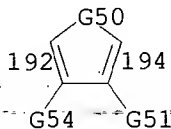
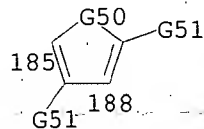
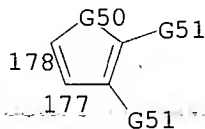
G1 = N / CH.

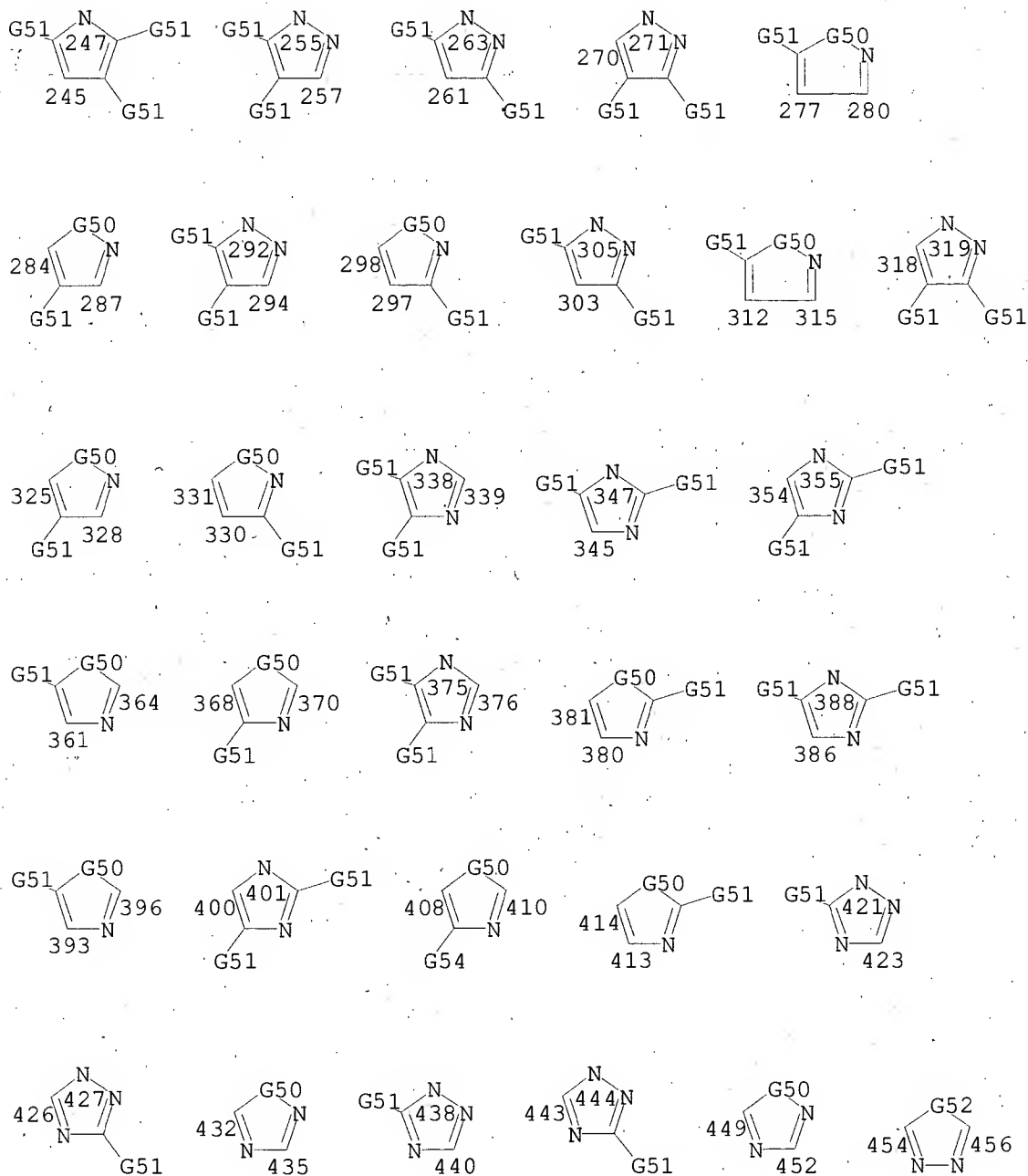
G2 = 12-1 14-3 / 36-1 39-3 / 42-1 46-3



G3 = phenylene (SO (1-4) G36) /
 Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2),
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-4) G36) / 166-3 167-11 /
 (SC 178-3 177-11 / 185-3 188-11 / 192-3 194-11 /
 200-3 201-11 / 208-3 211-11 / 214-3 217-11 / 222-3 223-11 /
 229-3 231-11 / 239-3 238-11 / 247-3 245-11 / 255-3 257-11 /
 263-3 261-11 / 271-3 270-11 / 280-3 277-11 / 287-3 284-11 /
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 318-3 319-11 / 325-3 328-11 / 331-3 330-11 / 338-3 339-11 /
 347-3 345-11 / 355-3 354-11 / 364-3 361-11 / 370-3 368-11 /
 376-3 375-11 / 380-3 381-11 / 386-3 388-11 / 393-3 396-11 /
 400-3 401-11 / 408-3 410-11 / 414-3 413-11 / 421-3 423-11 /
 427-3 426-11 / 435-3 432-11 / 440-3 438-11 / 443-3 444-11 /
 449-3 452-11 / 454-3 456-11)

G46-G4
166 167

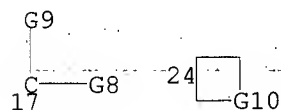




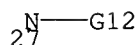
G4 = S / S(O) / SO2 / O / NH / 164 / G47 /
168-166 169-11 / 171-166 170-11 / 172-166 174-11

N—G27 G48—G49 G49—G48 G48—G49—G48
164 168 169 171 170 172 174

G5 = 17 / 24



G6 = NH / 27



G7 = Ph (SO (1-) G11)

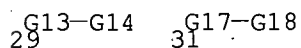
G8 = alkyl<(1-4)> / (SC Me)

G9 = H / alkyl<(1-4)>

G10 = (0-2) CH₂

G11 = F / Cl / Br / I / CF₃

G12 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / cyclopropyl /
cyclobutyl / cyclopentyl / cyclohexyl / 29 / 31



G13 = alkylene<(1-4)>

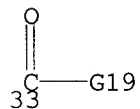
G14 = cyclopropyl / cyclobutyl / cyclopentyl /
cyclohexyl / Ph (SO (1-) G16)

G15 = F / Cl / Br / I

G16 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / F / Cl / Br / I

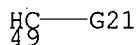
G17 = (1-4) CH₂

G18 = OH / OCH₂Ph / NH₂ / alkylamino<(1-4)> /
dialkylamino<(1-4)> / 33



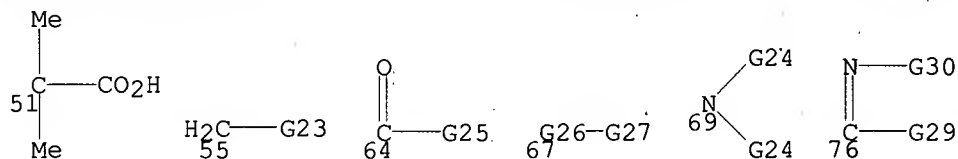
G19 = OH / alkoxy<(1-4)> / OCH₂Ph

G20 = C(O) / 49

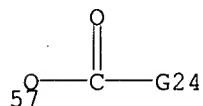


G21 = H / OH

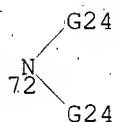
G22 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / alkenyl<(2-4)> /
alkynyl<(2-4)> / cyclopropyl / cyclobutyl / cyclopentyl /
cyclohexyl / alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / 51 / F / Cl / Br /
I / NO₂ / CN / OH / OCH₂Ph / 55 / 64 / 67 / 69 / 76 /
(-1) G55 / (SC CF₃ / OCF₃)



G23 = OH / 57



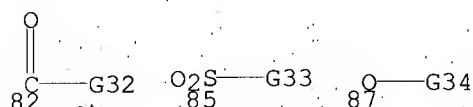
G24 = H / alkyl<(1-4)>
 G25 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / OH / alkoxy<(1-4)> / 72



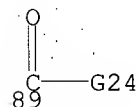
G26 = S / S(O) / SO2
 G27 = alkyl<(1-4)>
 G28 = Ph (SO (1-4) G22) / Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER>
 (SO (1-4) G22)
 G29 = NH2 / OH / 80

G31-G27
 80

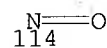
G30 = H / 82 / CN / 85 / OH / 87



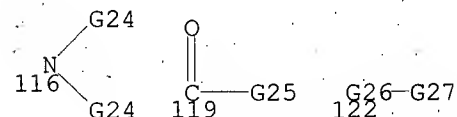
G31 = O / NH
 G32 = NH2 / Me
 G33 = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-4)> / alkyl<(1-4)>
 G34 = alkyl<(1-4)> / 89



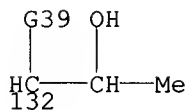
G35 = N / 114



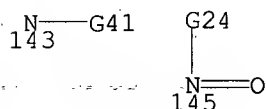
G36 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / cyclopropyl /
 cyclobutyl / cyclopentyl / cyclohexyl /
 alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / F / Cl / Br / I / Ph (SO) /
 NO2 / CN / OH / CH2OH / 116 / 119 / 122



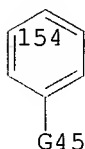
G37 = H / Me
 G38 = H / Pr-i / cyclopentyl / cyclopropyl / Bu-s /
 CH2CH2CHMe2 / 132



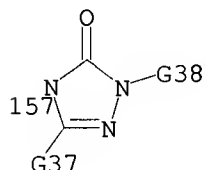
G39 = Me / Et
G40 = 143 / 145



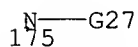
G41 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / 154



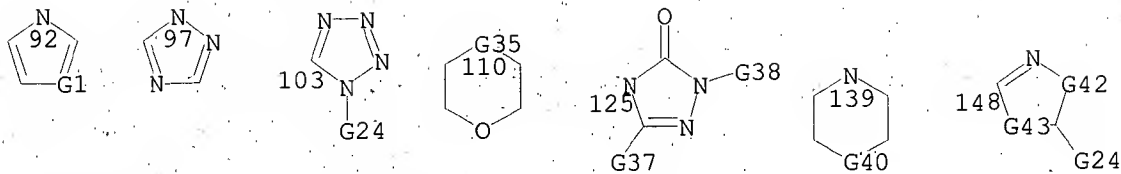
G42 = CH2 / C(O)
G43 = NH / O
G45 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-4)> (SR (1-) G15) /
alkoxy<(1-4)> (SR (1-) G15) / NO2 / NH2 / CN / 157



G46 = phenylene (SO (1-4) G36) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2),
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-4) G36)
G47 = (1-4) CH2
G48 = (1-2) CH2
G49 = S / S(O) / SO2 / O / NH / 175

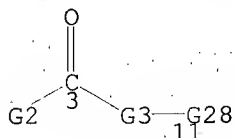


G50 = O / S / NH (SO)
G51 = H / R
G52 = O / S
G53 = H / R / (SC Me / CF3)
G54 = H / R / (SC Me)
G55 = 92 / 97 / 103 / pyrrolidino / 110 / Ph (SO) /
OPh (SO) / 125 / 139 / 148

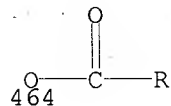


DER: and salts and solvates
MPL: claim 1:

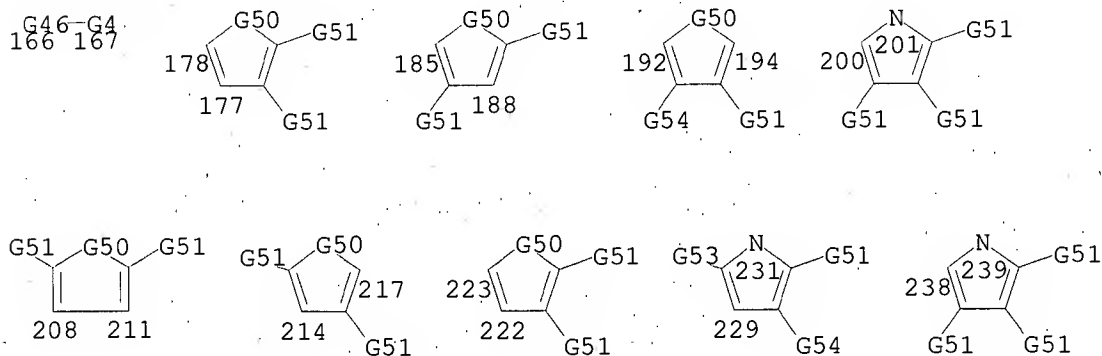
MSTR 3

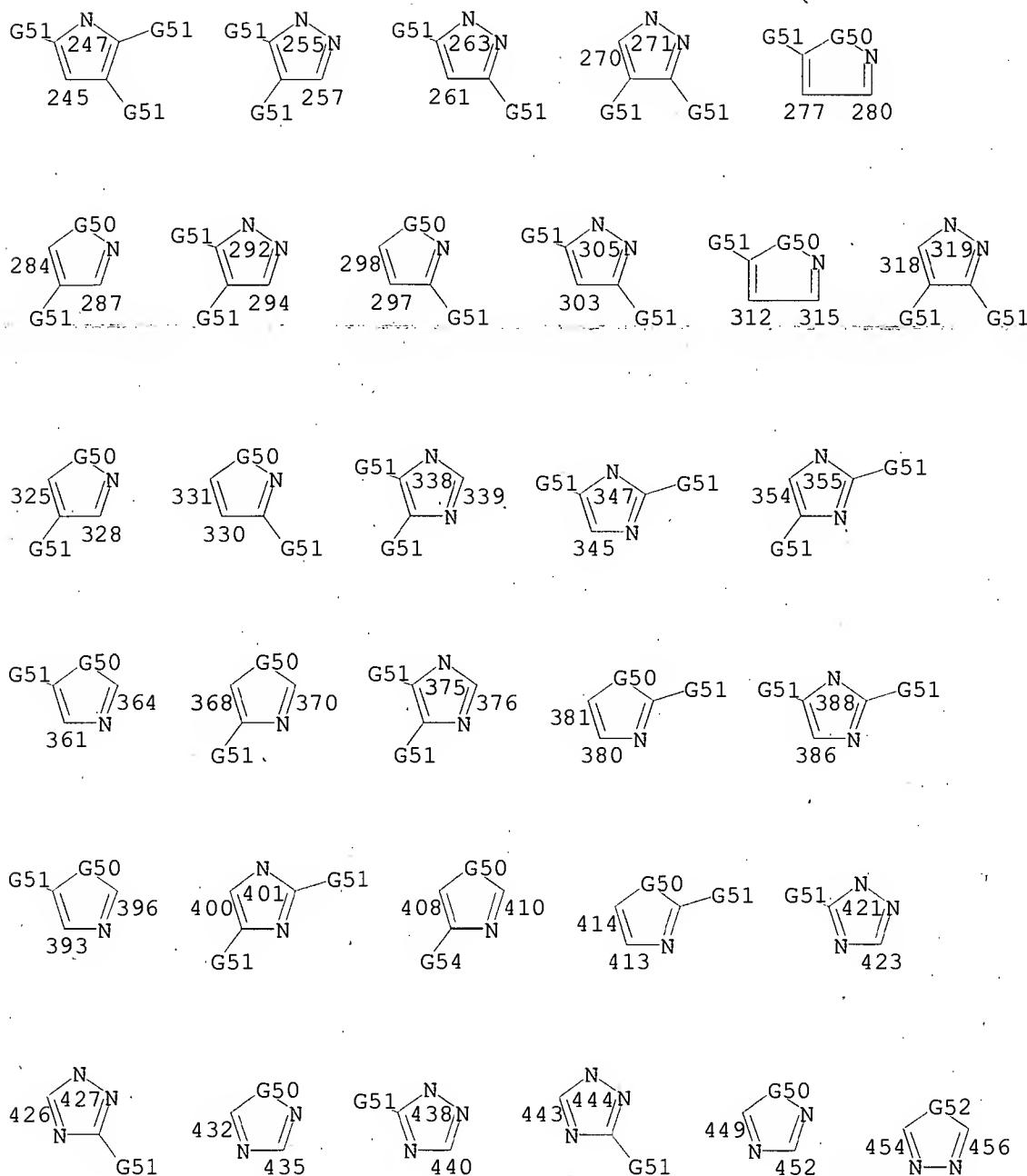


G1 = N / CH
G2 = OH / R<TX "reactive derivative"> / Cl / 464



G3 = phenylene (SO (1-4) G36) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2),
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-4) G36) / 166-3 167-11 /
(SC 178-3 177-11 / 185-3 188-11 / 192-3 194-11 /
200-3 201-11 / 208-3 211-11 / 214-3 217-11 / 222-3 223-11 /
229-3 231-11 / 239-3 238-11 / 247-3 245-11 / 255-3 257-11 /
263-3 261-11 / 271-3 270-11 / 280-3 277-11 / 287-3 284-11 /
294-3 292-11 / 297-3 298-11 / 303-3 305-11 / 312-3 315-11 /
318-3 319-11 / 325-3 328-11 / 331-3 330-11 / 338-3 339-11 /
347-3 345-11 / 355-3 354-11 / 364-3 361-11 / 370-3 368-11 /
376-3 375-11 / 380-3 381-11 / 386-3 388-11 / 393-3 396-11 /
400-3 401-11 / 408-3 410-11 / 414-3 413-11 / 421-3 423-11 /
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449-3 452-11 / 454-3 456-11)



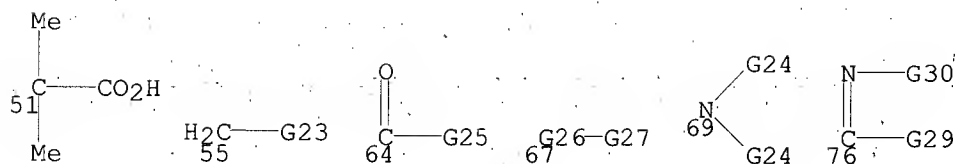


G4 = S / S(O) / SO2 / O / NH / 164 / G47 /
168-166 169-11 / 171-166 170-11 / 172-166 174-11

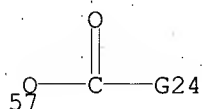
N-G27 164
G48-G49 168 169
G49-G48 171 170
G48-G49-G48 172 174

G15 = F / Cl / Br / I

G22 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / alkenyl<(2-4)> /
alkynyl<(2-4)> / cyclopropyl / cyclobutyl / cyclopentyl /
cyclohexyl / alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / 51 / F / Cl / Br /
I / NO2 / CN / OH / OCH2Ph / 55 / 64 / 67 / 69 / 76 /
(-1) G55 / (SC CF3 / OCF3)

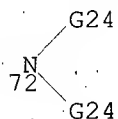


G23 = OH / 57



G24 = H / alkyl<(1-4)>

G25 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / OH / alkoxy<(1-4)> / 72

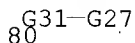


G26 = S / S(O) / SO2

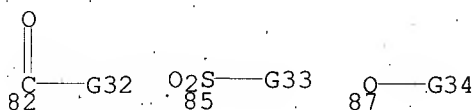
G27 = alkyl<(1-4)>

G28 = Ph (SO (1-4) G22) / Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-4) G22)

G29 = NH2 / OH / 80



G30 = H / 82 / CN / 85 / OH / 87

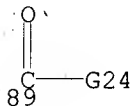


G31 = O / NH

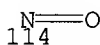
G32 = NH2 / Me

G33 = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-4)> / alkyl<(1-4)>

G34 = alkyl<(1-4)> / 89

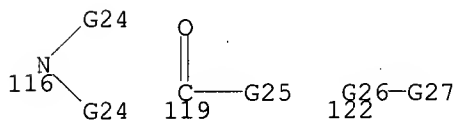


G35 = N / 114

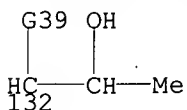


G36 = alkyl<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / cyclopropyl /

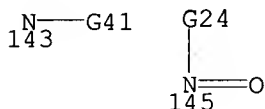
cyclobutyl / cyclopentyl / cyclohexyl /
alkoxy<(1-4)> (SO (1-) G15) / F / Cl / Br / I / Ph (SO) /
NO2 / CN / OH / CH2OH / 116 / 119 / 122



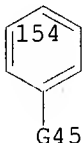
G37 = H / Me
G38 = H / Pr-i / cyclopentyl / cyclopropyl / Bu-s /
CH2CH2CHMe2 / 132



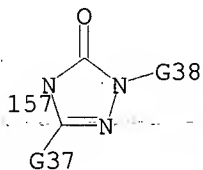
G39 = Me / Et
G40 = 143 / 145



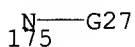
G41 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / 154



G42 = CH2 / C(O)
G43 = NH / O
G45 = F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl<(1-4)> (SR (1-) G15) /
alkoxy<(1-4)> (SR (1-) G15) / NO2 / NH2 / CN / 157

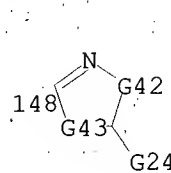
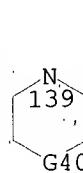
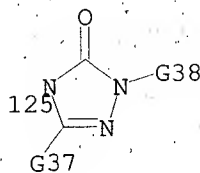
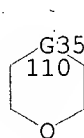
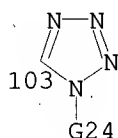


G46 = **phenylene** (SO (1-4) G36) /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2),
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-4) G36)
G47 = (1-4) CH2
G48 = **(1-2) CH2**
G49 = S / S(O) / SO2 / O / NH / 175



G50 = O / S / NH (SO)

G51 = H / R
G52 = O / S
G53 = H / R / (SC Me / CF3)
G54 = H / R / (SC Me)
G55 = 92 / 97 / 103 / pyrrolidino / 110 / Ph (SO) /
Oph (SO) / 125 / 139 / 148



MPL: claim 14

L3 ANSWER 41 OF 55 MARPAT. COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

126:171490 MARPAT

TITLE:

Preparation of 2-pyridinones as thrombin inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Sanderson, Philip E.; Naylor-Olsen, Adel M.; Dyer, Dona L.; Vacca, Joseph P.; Isaacs, Richard C. A.; Dorsey, Bruce D.; Fraley, Mark E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck and Co., Inc., USA; Sanderson, Philip E.; Naylor-Olsen, Adel M.; Dyer, Dona L.; Vacca, Josep, P.; Isaacs, Richard C. A.; Dorsey, Bruce D.; Fraley, Mark, E.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 103 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9701338	A1	19970116	WO 1996-US10778	19960624
W:	AL, AM, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ			
RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2224437	AA	19970116	CA 1996-2224437	19960624
AU 9663917	A1	19970130	AU 1996-63917	19960624
AU 703744	B2	19990401		
EP 835109	A1	19980415	EP 1996-923399	19960624
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
JP 11508558	T2	19990727	JP 1996-504499	19960624
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-560P	19950627
			US 1995-3818P	19950915
			GB 1996-3450	19960219
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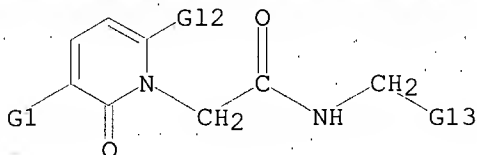
GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

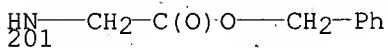
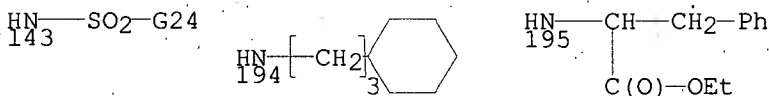
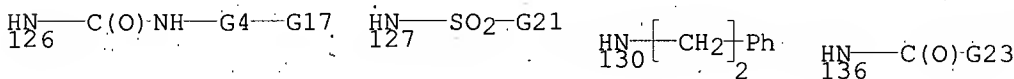
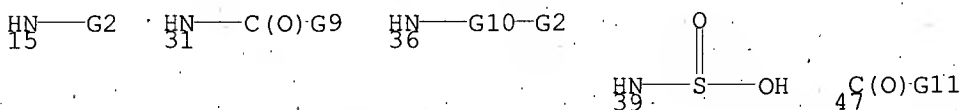
AB The title compds. [I; W = benzenemethylsulfonyl, diphenylmethylsulfonyl,

naphthylsulfonyl, etc.; A = trans-4-aminocyclohexyl, 2-aminopyridin-4-yl, etc.; R3 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, CF3], useful in inhibiting thrombin and assocd. thrombotic occlusions, were prepd. Thus, reaction of PhCH2SO2Cl with 2-pyridinone II in the presence of Et3N in CH2Cl2 followed by treatment of the intermediate III in CH2Cl2/EtOAc with HCl gas, reaction of the Boc-protected intermediate with H2NC(:NH)SO3H in the presence of Et3N in DMF, and treatment of the resulting 2-pyridinone IV in MeOH/THF with 1M LiOH afforded V which showed Ki < 100 nM against human thrombin and Ki of > 500 nM against human trypsin.

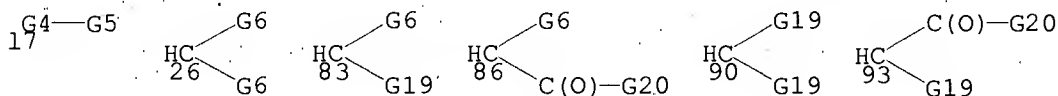
MSTR 1

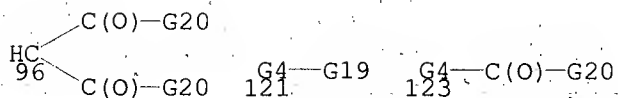


G1 = NH2 / 15 / 31 / NHCHO / 36 / 39 / 47 / 126 /
(SC 127 / 130) / (EX 136 / 143 / 194 / 195 / 201)

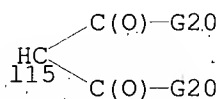
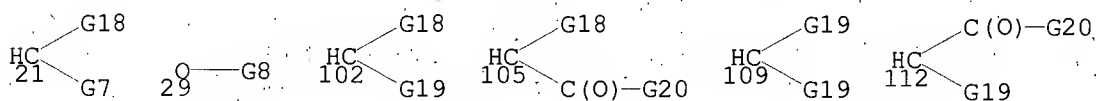


G2 = Ph-(SO-(1-)-G3)-/naphthyl-/biphenyl-/
Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1),
RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / CO2H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-4)> /
alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)> / 17 / 26 / 83 / 86 / 90 /
93 / 96 / 121 / 123





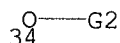
G3 = alkyl<(1-4)> / alkoxy<(1-4)> / F / Cl / Br / I / CF3 / OH / CO2H / CONH2
 G4 = alkylene<EC (1-4) C, DC (0) M3>
 G5 = H / Ph (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)> / 21 / OH / 29 / 102 / 105 / 109 / 112 / 115



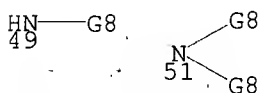
G6 = H / Ph (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)>
 G7 = OH / 24 / H / Ph (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)>



G8 = Ph (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / CO2H / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-4)> / alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)>
 G9 = OH / 34

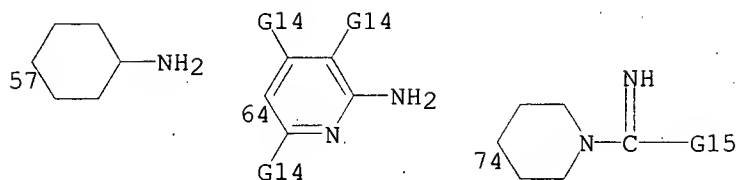


G10 = C(O) / SO2
 G11 = NH2 / 49 / 51



G12 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / CF3 / (SC Me)

G13 = 57 / 64 / 74

G14 = (1-) H / alkyl<(1-4)> / alkoxy<(1-4)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-7)> / F / Cl / Br / I / CF₃ / (SC Me)G15 = NH₂ / 81HN—G16
81

G16 = OH / CN

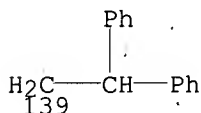
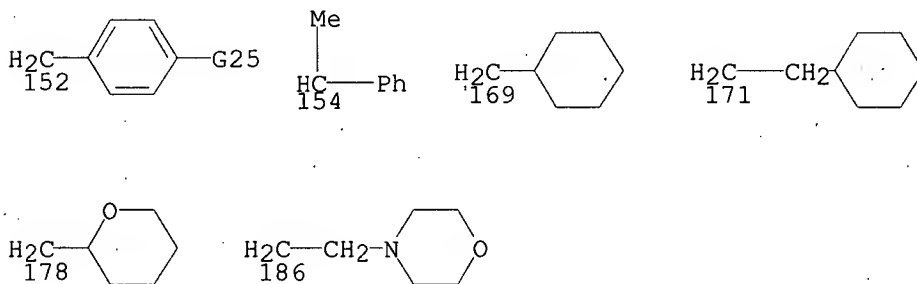
G17 = H / Ph (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl /
Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1),
RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / CO₂H / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-4)> /
alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)>G18 = H / Ph (SO (1-) G3) / naphthyl / biphenyl /
Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1),
RS (1) M5 (1) X7> / Hy<EC (9-10) A (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (2)> / cycloalkyl<(3-7)> /
cycloalkyl<EC (7-12) C, RC (2)>

G19 = alkyl<(1-4)>

G20 = OH / alkoxy<(1-4)>

G21 = CH₂Ph / CHPh₂ / p-C₆H₄Me / 133H₂C—G22—C1
133

G22 = phenylene

G23 = OCH₂Ph / CH₂Ph / CH₂CH₂Ph / 139G24 = 152 / 154 / 169 / 171 / 178 / Bu-n / CH₂CH₂CHMe₂ /
pentyl / 186

G25 = F / Br

DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1
STE: 57-trans

L3 ANSWER 42 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:60367 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of aryloxy- and arylthioglutamic acids as
excitatory amino acid receptor antagonists
INVENTOR(S): Heinz, Lawrence J.; Lunn, William H. W.; Schoepp,
Darryle D.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eli Lilly and Company, USA
SOURCE: U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.
161,830, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

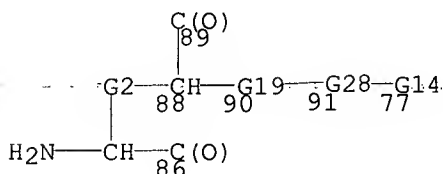
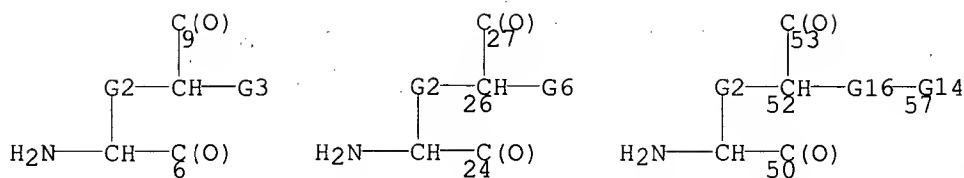
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US 5576323	A	19961119	US 1994-322632	19941013
ZA 9409405	A	19960528	ZA 1994-9405	19941128
NO 9404578	A	19950606	NO 1994-4578	19941129
AU 9479151	A1	19950608	AU 1994-79151	19941130
AU 676781	B2	19970320		
BR 9404809	A	19950801	BR 1994-4809	19941201
FI 9405704	A	19950604	FI 1994-5704	19941202
EP 658539	A1	19950621	EP 1994-308949	19941202
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
HU 69181	A2	19950828	HU 1994-3469	19941202
CN 1108240	A	19950913	CN 1994-119360	19941202
JP 07267908	A2	19951017	JP 1994-299390	19941202
US 5843997	A	19981201	US 1996-626447	19960402
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-161830	19931203
			US 1994-322632	19941013

AB Novel compds. $R_3pX_3mX_2sX_1nCH(CO_2R_2)(CH_2)rCH(NH_2)CO_2R_1$ [$R_1, R_2 = H$,
protective group, $R_3, X_2 = (un)substituted$ aryl or heterocyclyl group, X_1
 $= NH_2$ or substituted amino, $O, S, X_3 = alkylene, alkenediyl, oxoalkylene,$
oxyalkylene, etc., $m, n, s = 0, 1, p = 0-3, q = 0-6, r = 1, 2$] or their
pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd. as antagonists of excitatory
amino acid receptors. Thus, Me 3-hydroxy-2-pyrrolidone-5-carboxylate was
prepd. in 4 steps from cyclopentadiene and benzyl N-hydroxycarbamate and
etherified with phenol and treated with LiOH in H₂O-THF to afford
4-phenoxyglutamic acid. The latter at 10 μM concn. gave 88.0%
displacement of 3H-glutamate binding from rat brain cell membranes.
Formulation contg. the title compds. are given.

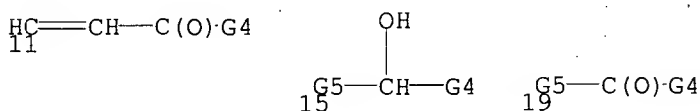
MSTR 1

G22-G1—G22
1 3

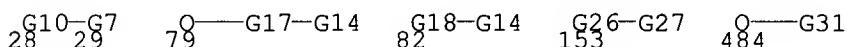
G1 = 6-1 9-3 / 24-1 27-3 / 50-1 53-3 / 86-1 89-3



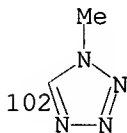
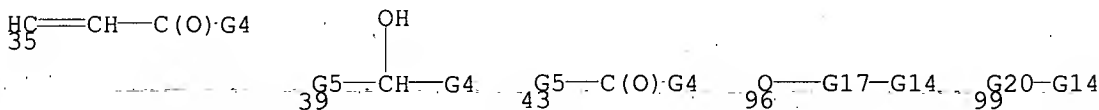
G2 = (1-2) CH2
G3 = 11 / 15 / 19



G4 = alkyl<(1-10)>
G5 = NULL / alkylene<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3>
G6 = 28 / aryl (SO (1-) G8) /
Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) / 79 / 82 /
(SC tetrazolyl / triazolyl / 153) / (EX 484)



G7 = 35 / 39 / 43 / aryl (SO (1-) G8) /
Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) / 96 / 99 /
(SC Ph (SO (1-) G29) / naphthyl (SO) / pyrimidinyl / 102 /
pyridyl (SO))



G8 = X / OH / CN / NO2 / alkyl<(1-10)> /
cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / alkoxy<(1-4)> / CO2H / COMe / CHO /
CH2CO2H / CH2OH / NH2 / CH2NH2 / CF3
G9 = X / OH / CN / NO2 / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkoxy<(1-4)> /
alkoxycarbonyl / CO2H / CH2CO2H / CH2OH / NH2 / CH2NH2 / CF3

G10 = NH / 31 / O / S / arylene (SO (1-) G8) /
 Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) / 33-26 34-29

N—G11
 31 33 34

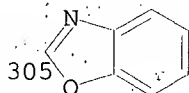
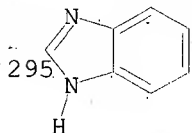
G11 = alkyl<(1-10)> / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)> /
 alkylsulfonyl<(1-4)>

G12 = NH / 46 / O / S

N—G11
 46

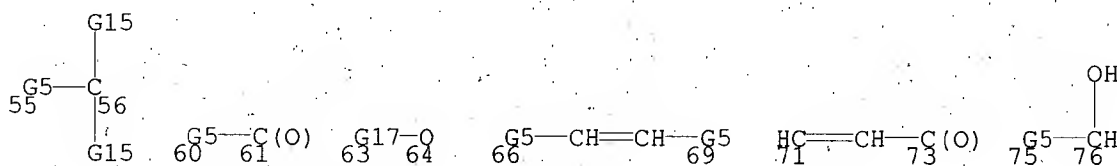
G13 = arylene (SO (1-) G8) /
 Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) /
 (SC phenylene (SO))

G14 = aryl (SO (1-) G8) / Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
 S (0) OTHERQ, RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) /
 (SC Ph (SO (1-) G29) / pyridyl (SO)) / (EX 2-thiazolyl /
 295 / 305)



G15 = H / aryl (SO (1-) G8) /
 Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) / (SC Ph (SO) /
 pyridyl (SO))

G16 = 55-52 56-57 / 60-52 61-57 / 63-52 64-57 /
 66-52 69-57 / 71-52 73-57 / 75-52 76-57



G17 = alkylene<EC (1-6) C, DC (0) M3>

G18 = S(O) / SO2

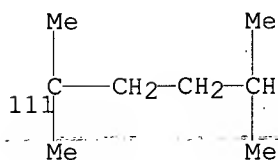
G19 = NH / 107 / O / S / arylene (SO (1-) G8) /
 Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) / 94-88 95-91

G12-G21 N—G11
 94 95 107

G20 = NH / 92 / O / S / S(O) / SO2

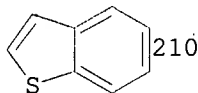
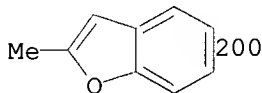
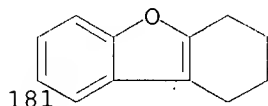
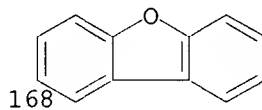
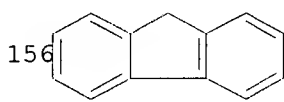
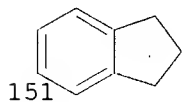
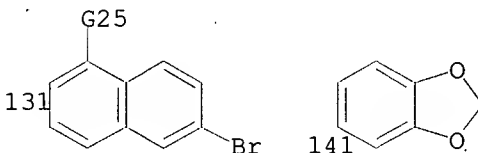
N—G11
 92

G21 = arylene (SO (1-) G8) /
 Hy<EC (1-8) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G9) /
 (SC phenylene (SO))
 G22 = OH (SO)
 G23 = Me / OMe / Pr-i / cyclopentyl / 111 / COMe / CF3 /
 Cl

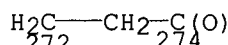
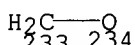
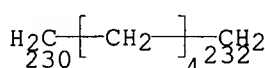
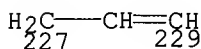
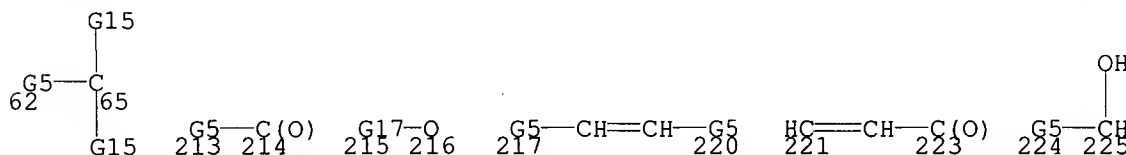


G24 = Me / Br
 G25 = H / Br
 G26 = O / S
 G27 = 119 / 109 / 121 / naphthyl / 131 / 141 / 151 / 156 /
 168 / 181 / 200 / 210

p-C₆H₄G23 109 o-C₆H₄G24 119 m-C₆H₄I 121

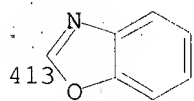


G28 = 62-90 65-77 / 213-90 214-77 / 215-90 216-77 /
 217-90 220-77 / 221-90 223-77 / 224-90 225-77 / (SC CH2 /
 CH2CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2CH2 / 227-90 229-77 / 230-90 232-77 /
 233-90 234-77) / (EX CH2CH2 / 272-90 274-77)

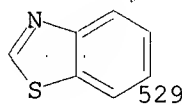
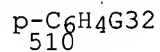
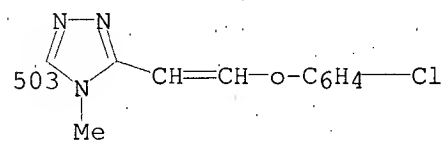
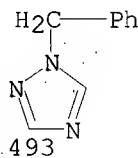
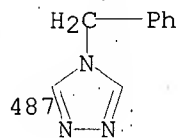
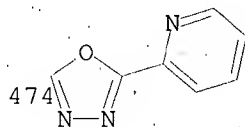
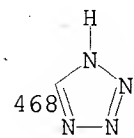
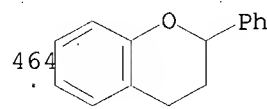
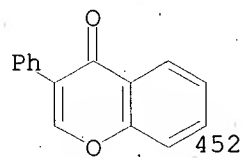
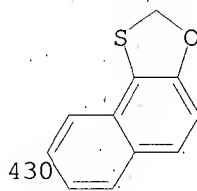
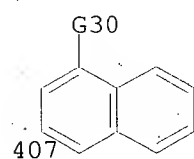
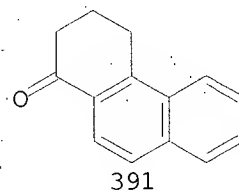
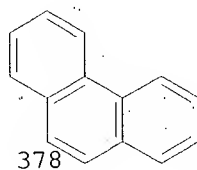
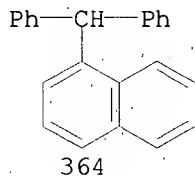
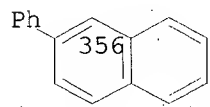
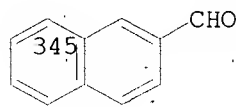
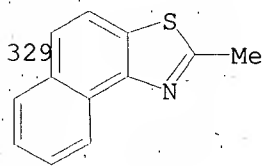
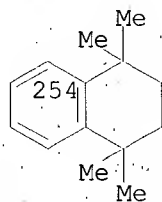
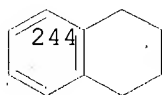


G29 = R / Cl / NO2

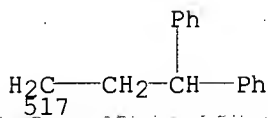
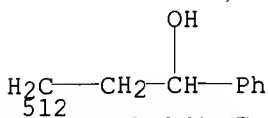
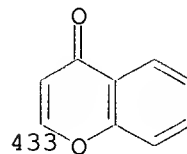
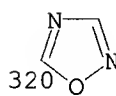
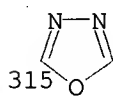
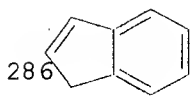
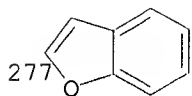
G30 = Ph / 413



G31 = 510 / 244 / 254 / 529 / 329 / 345 / 356 / 364 /
378 / 391 / 407 / 430 / 452 / 464 / 468 / 474 / 487 / 493 /
503



G32 = C(Me)2CH2CMe3 / morpholino / 277 / 286 / 315 / 320 /
COMe / 433 / NHSO2Me / 512 / 517



DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 1
NTE: substitution is restricted
NTE: additional ring fusion also claimed

L3 ANSWER 43 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 125:247613 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of indolines as 5-HT_{2B/2C} receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Gaster, Laramie Mary; Wyman, Paul Adrian; Mulholland, Keith Raymond; Davies, David Thomas; Duckworth, David Malcom; Forbes, Ian Thomson; Jones, Graham Elgin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Plc, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9623783	A1	19960808	WO 1996-EP368	19960126
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE				
CA 2212061	AA	19960808	CA 1996-2212061	19960126
AU 9646646	A1	19960821	AU 1996-46646	19960126
AU 699727	B2	19981210		
BR 9607016	A	19971028	BR 1996-7016	19960126
EP 808312	A1	19971126	EP 1996-902259	19960126
EP 808312	B1	20001102		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI				
CN 1179156	A	19980415	CN 1996-192777	19960126
JP 10513442	T2	19981222	JP 1996-523247	19960126
RO 115522	B3	20000330	RO 1997-1439	19960126
AT 197300	E	20001115	AT 1996-902259	19960126
ES 2151652	T3	20010101	ES 1996-902259	19960126
PL 184490	B1	20021129	PL 1996-321706	19960126
ZA 9600758	A1	19970930	ZA 1996-758	19960131
IL 116998	A1	20010808	IL 1996-116998	19960201
FI 9703205	A	19971001	FI 1997-3205	19970801
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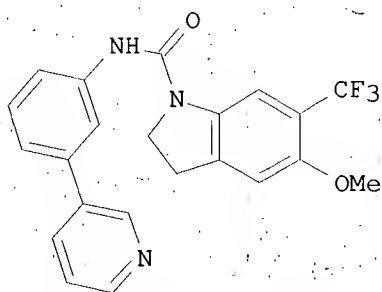
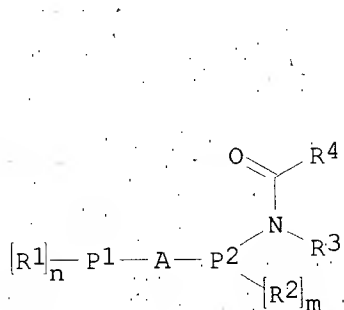
US 5990133
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A 19991123
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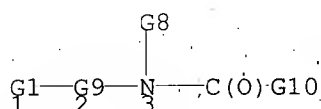
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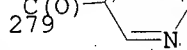
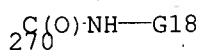
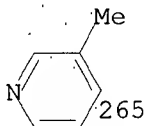
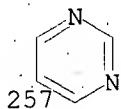
AB The title compds. [I; P1, P2 = Ph, arom. or partially satd. monocyclic or bicyclic heterocyclic ring; A = bond, (substituted) C1-5 alkylene, etc.; R1, R2 = H, (substituted) C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, etc.; R3 = H, C1-6 alkyl; R4 = 1-indolinyl, etc.; n, m = 0-2], useful in the treatment of CNS disorders such as anxiety, were prepd. Thus, treatment of 3-(3-pyridyl)aniline with 1,1-dicarbonyldiimidazole in CH2Cl2 followed by reaction of the intermediate with 5-methoxy-6-trifluoromethylindoline in DMF afforded 85% the indoline II which showed pKi of 5.8-9.7 against [3H]-mesulergine binding to rat or human 5-HT2C clones expressed in 293 cells in vitro.

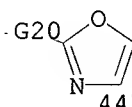
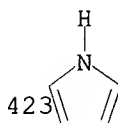
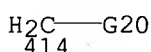
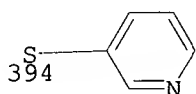
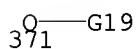
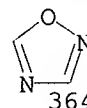
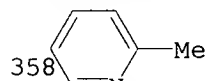
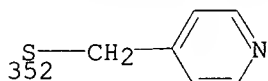
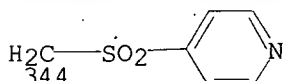
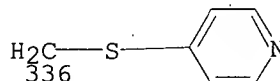
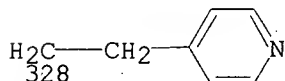
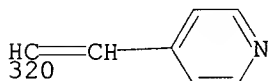
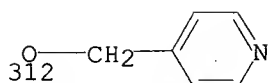
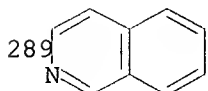
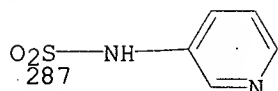
MSTR 1



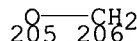
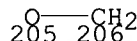
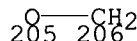
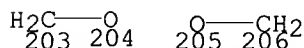
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S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (-2) G4) / 6 / (SC pyridyl /
257 / 265 / 270 / 279 / 287 / 289 / 312 / 320 / 328 / 336 /
344 / 352 / 358 / 364 / 371 / 394 / pyrazinyl / 414 /
thienyl / 423 / 2-furyl / 447)

G3-G2
6

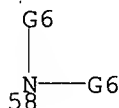
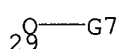
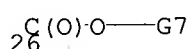
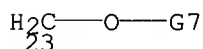
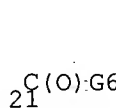
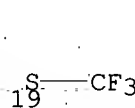
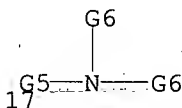
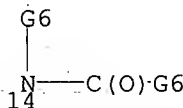
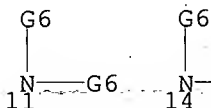
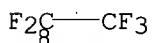




G2 = Ph (SO (-2) G4) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (-2) G4)
G3 = R<TX "chain of 1 to 5 atoms"> (SO alkyl<(1-6)>) /
phenylene (SO) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7> (SO) / (SC 203-2 204-7 /
205-2 206-7 / O)

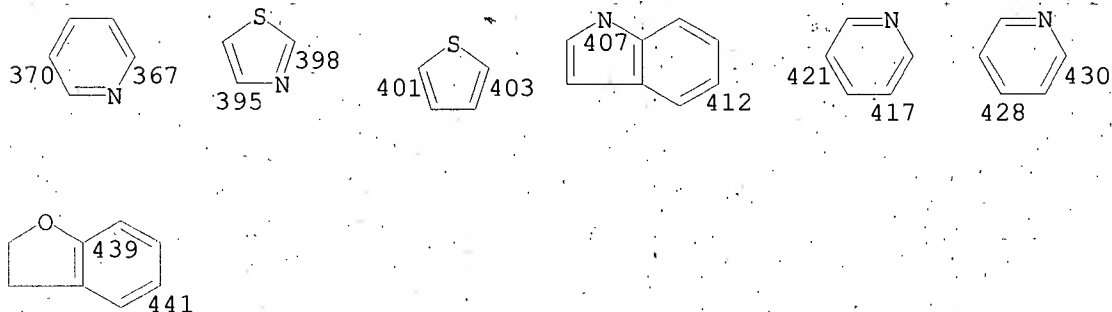


G4 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO 58) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkynyl<(2-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> / CN / NO2 / F / Cl / Br / I /
CF3 / 8 / 11 / 14 / 17 / CHO / OCF3 / 19 / 21 / CH2OH / 23 /
CO2H / 26 / OH / 29 / (SC Me)

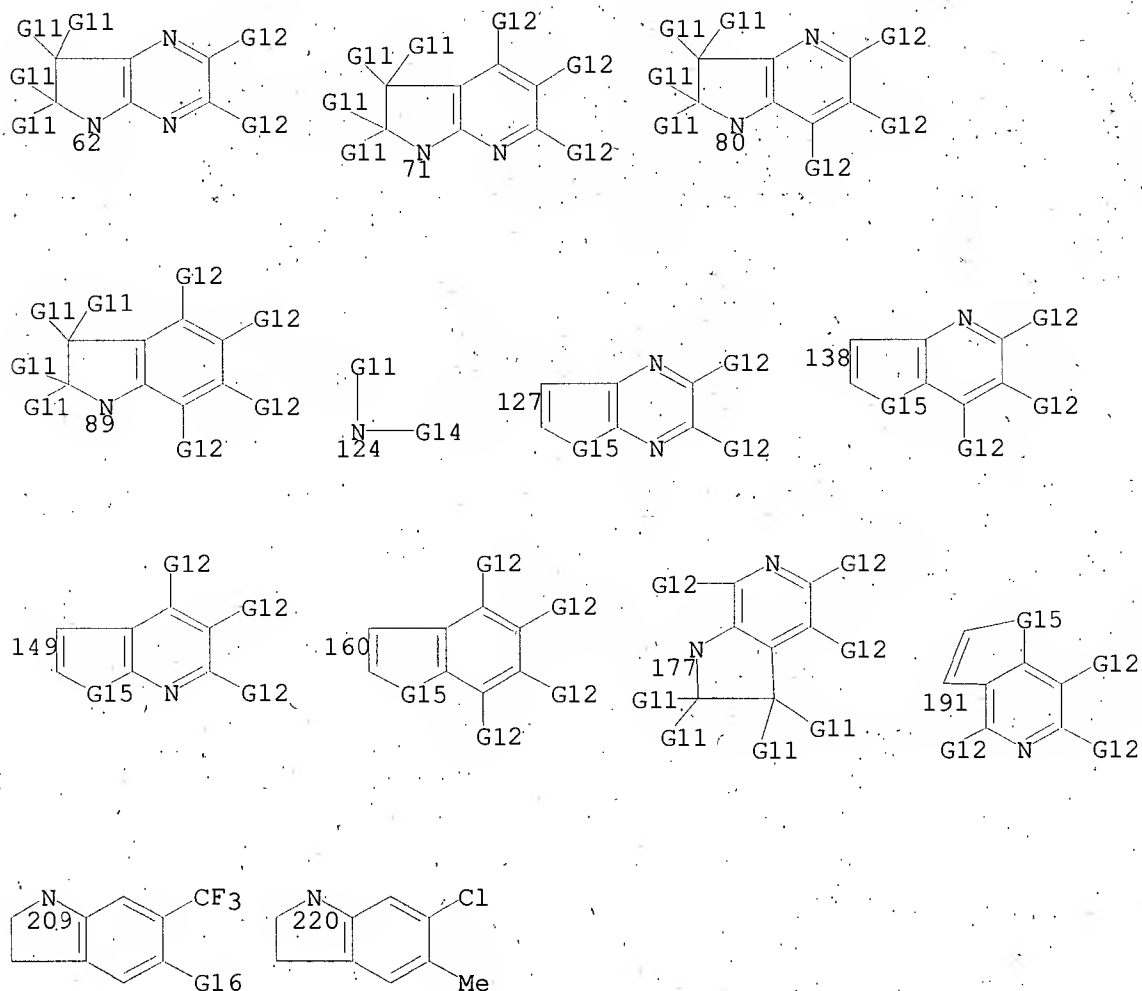


G5 = S / S(O) / SO2
G6 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / aryl (SO) /
alkyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl)
G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> / aryl (SO) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl)
G8 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
G9 = phenylene (SO (-2) G17) /

Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)>
 (SO (-2) G17) / (SC 370-3 367-1 / 395-3 398-1 / 401-3 403-1 /
 412-3 407-1 / 421-3 417-1 / 428-3 430-1 / 441-3 439-1)

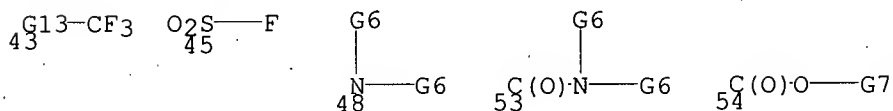


G10 = 62 / 71 / 80 / 89 / 177 / 124 / 127 / 138 / 149 /
 160 / 191 / (SC 209 / 220)



G11 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G12 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) F) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SR cycloalkyl<(3-6)>) /
 alkynyl<(2-6)> / cycloalkyloxy<(3-6)> /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR cycloalkyl<(3-6)>) / alkylthio<(1-6)> /
 cycloalkylthio<(3-6)> / alkylthio<(1-6)>

(SR cycloalkyl<(3-6)>) / alkoxy<(1-6)> / OH / X / NO₂ / 43 /
 45 / CHO / alkylcarbonyl<(1-5)> / CN / Ph (SO) /
 thienyl (SO) / 48 / 53 / CO₂H / 54



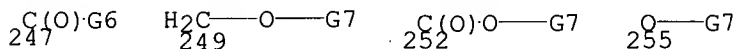
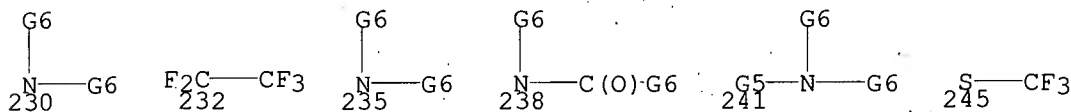
G13 = O / S / SO₂

G14 = pyrazinyl (SR (-3) G12) / 2-pyridyl (SR (-4) G12) /
 3-pyridyl (SR (-4) G12) / Ph (SR (-5) G12)

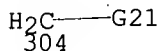
G15 = O / S / CH₂

G16 = OMe / SMe

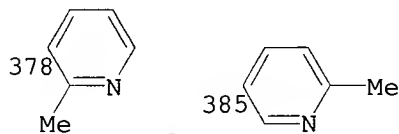
G17 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO 230) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl<(2-6)> / alkyl<(1-6)> / CN / NO₂ / F / Cl / Br / I /
 CF₃ / 232 / 235 / 238 / 241 / CHO / OCF₃ / 245 / 247 /
 CH₂OH / 249 / CO₂H / 252 / OH / 255 / (SC Me / Et / Bu-t /
 OMe)



G18 = 4-pyridyl / 3-pyridyl / 304



G19 = 3-pyridyl / Ph / 378 / 385



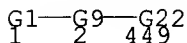
G20 = 3-pyridyl / 4-pyridyl

G21 = pyridyl

DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts

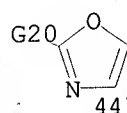
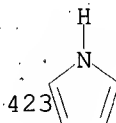
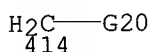
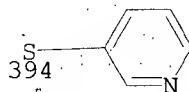
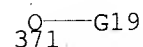
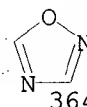
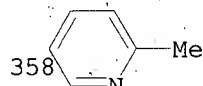
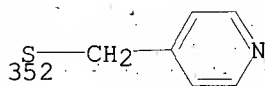
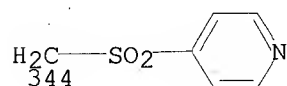
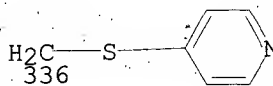
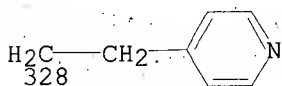
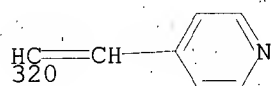
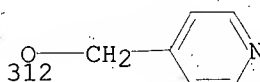
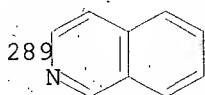
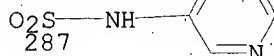
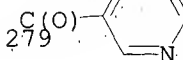
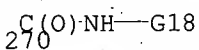
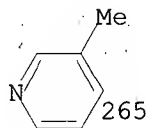
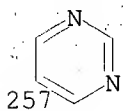
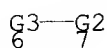
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MSTR 2



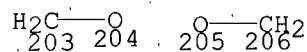
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 S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (-1) G4) / 6 / (SC pyridyl /
 257 / 265 / 270 / 279 / 287 / 289 / 312 / 320 / 328 / 336 /

344 / 352 / 358 / 364 / 371 / 394 / pyrazinyl / 414 /
thienyl / 423 / 2-furyl / 447)

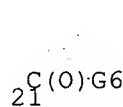
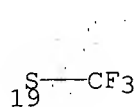
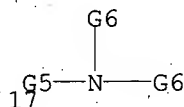
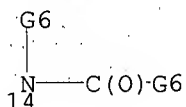
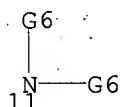
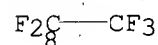


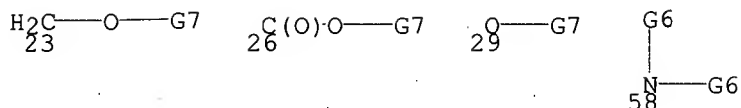
G2 = Ph (SO (-1) G4) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-)
S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO (-1) G4)

G3 = R<TX "chain of 1 to 5 atoms"> (SO alkyl<(1-6)>) /
phenylene (SO) / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1), RS (1) M5 (1) X7> (SO) / (SC 203-2 204-7 /
205-2 206-7 / O)

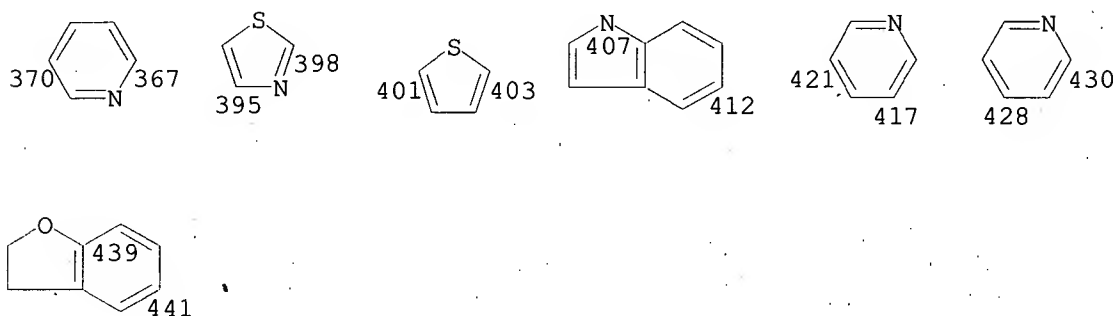


G4 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO 58) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkynyl<(2-26)> / alkyl<(1-6)> / CN / NO2 / F / Cl / Br / I /
CF3 / 8 / 11 / 14 / 17 / CHO / OCF3 / 19 / 21 / CH2OH / 23 /
CO2H / 26 / OH / 29 / (SC Me)

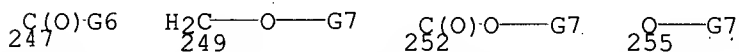
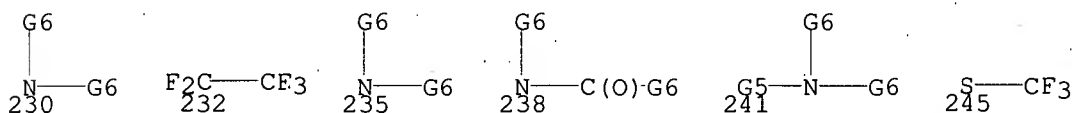




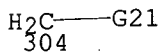
G5 = S / S(O) / SO2
 G6 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / aryl (SO) /
 alkyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl)
 G7 = alkyl<(1-6)> / aryl (SO) / alkyl<(1-6)> (SR aryl)
 G8 = H / alkyl<(1-6)>
 G9 = phenylene (SO (-1) G17) /
 Hy<EC (1-3) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)>
 (SO (-1) G17) / (SC 370-449 367-1 / 395-449 398-1 /
 401-449 403-1 / 412-449 407-1 / 421-449 417-1 /
 428-449 430-1 / 441-449 439-1)



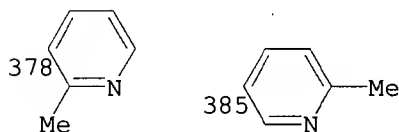
G17 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO 230) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl<(2-26)> / alkyl<(1-6)> / CN / NO2 / F / Cl / Br / I /
 CF3 / 232 / 235 / 238 / 241 / CHO / OCF3 / 245 / 247 /
 CH2OH / 249 / CO2H / 252 / OH / 255 / (SC Me / Et / Bu-t /
 OMe)



G18 = 4-pyridyl / 3-pyridyl / 304



G19 = 3-pyridyl / Ph / 378 / 385



G20 = 3-pyridyl / 4-pyridyl
G21 = pyridyl
G22 = R<TX "functional group"> / (EX NCO / 3 / NH2 /
alkylamino<(1-6)> / X / NO2 / CO2H)

G8

N—C(O)—G23
3

G23 = R<TX "leaving group"> / (EX X / Cl / Br /
imidazolyl / OPh (SO) / SPh (SO))
DER: or convertible groups
DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 10

L3 ANSWER 44 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 125:195447 MARPAT

TITLE: Preparation of bicyclic aryl and heteroaryl compounds
as glycoprotein IIb/IIIa antagonistsINVENTOR(S): Fisher, Matthew Joseph; Jakubowski, Joseph Anthony;
Martinelli, Michael John; Morin, John Michael, Jr.;
Paal, Michael; Ruhter, Gerd; Ruterbories, Kenneth
James; Schotten, Theo; Stenzel, Wolfgang; Vasileff,
Robert Theodore

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lilly, Eli, and Co., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 310 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

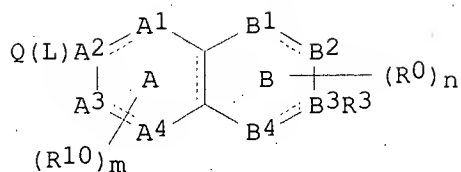
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

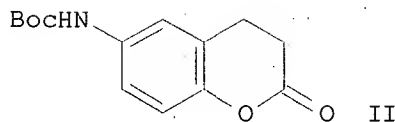
PATENT INFORMATION:

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WO 9622288	A1	19960725	WO 1996-US586	19960118
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RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE			
US 5731324	A	19980324	US 1995-376191	19950119
AU 9647580	A1	19960807	AU 1996-47580	19960118
AU 706278	B2	19990610		
EP 804431	A1	19971105	EP 1996-903516	19960118
EP 804431	B1	20020724		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE			
JP 11502194	T2	19990223	JP 1996-522354	19960118
BR 9607570	A	19990908	BR 1996-7570	19960118
RU 2169146	C2	20010620	RU 1997-113756	19960118
AT 220903	E	20020815	AT 1996-903516	19960118
FI 9702951	A	19970821	FI 1997-2951	19970711
NO 9703304	A	19970910	NO 1997-3304	19970717
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-376191	19950119
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			US 1994-255821	19940708
			WO 1996-US586	19960118

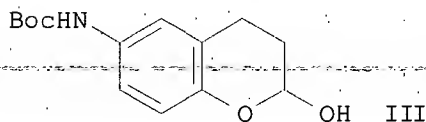
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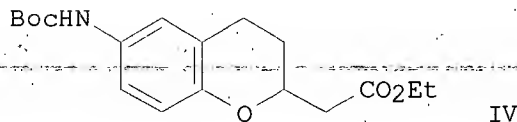
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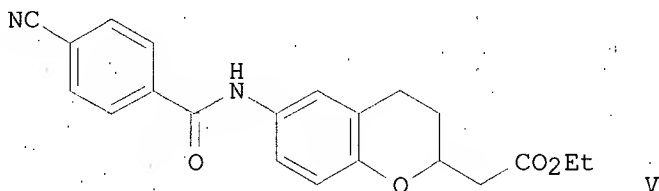
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III



IV



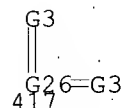
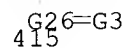
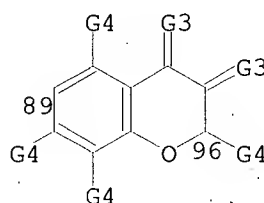
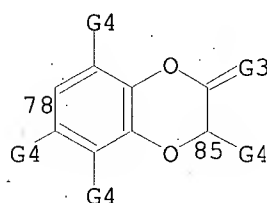
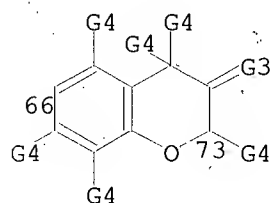
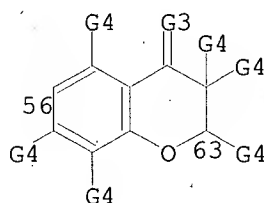
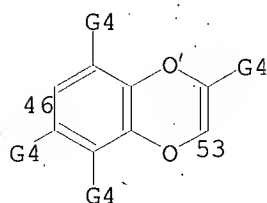
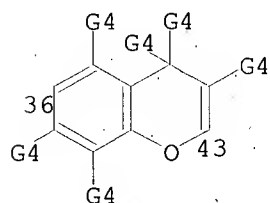
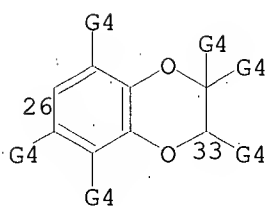
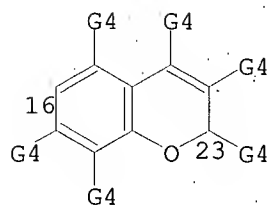
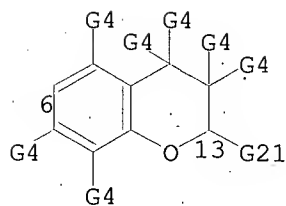
V

AB The title compds. [I; R0 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R3 = acidic group contg. one or more acid radicals; R10 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; Q = basic group contg. one or more basic radicals; L = bond, (substituted) chain; n, m = 0-6; AB = benzopyran, isoquinoline, isoquinolone, tetrahydronaphthalene, dihydronaphthalene, tetralone], platelet aggregation inhibitors useful in alleviating the effects of atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis, acute myocardial infarction, stable and unstable angina, transient ischemic attacks and strokes, arterial thrombosis, preeclampsia, embolism and restenosis, were prep'd. and formulated. Thus, redn. of lactone II with DIBAL-H in CH2Cl2/PhMe followed by reaction of the intermediate III with EtOCOCH:PPh3 in PhMe, deprotection of acetate IV with TFA, reaction of unprotected acetate IV with 4-NCC6H4COCl treatment of the intermediate V with gaseous HCl in EtOH and subsequently with NH3/EtOH afforded the desired product I [AB = benzopyran; B4 = O; R1, R10 = H; R3 = CH2COOEt; QL = 4-NH:C(NH2)C6H4CONH; dotted bonds in ring A = unsatd.; dotted bonds B1B2 and B3B4 = satd.] which showed IC50 of 0.77 .mu.M against GPIIb-IIIa.

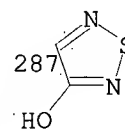
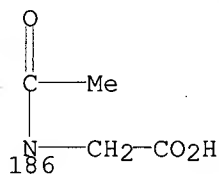
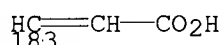
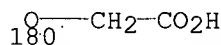
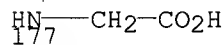
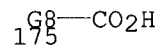
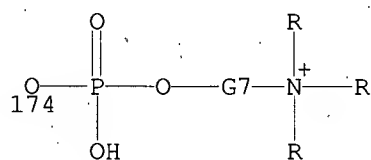
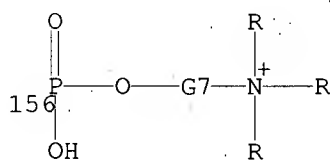
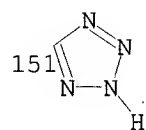
MSTR 1

G6—G5—G23
1 2 292

G1 = 6-2 13-4 / 16-2 23-4 / 26-2 33-4 / 36-2 43-4 /
46-2 53-4 / 56-2 63-4 / 66-2 73-4 / 78-2 85-4 / 89-2 96-4 /
(EX Cb<EC (10) C, BD (0-) D, FA (2) C, RC (2),
RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G27) /
Hy<EC (10) A (1-6) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (4-) C,
FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G27) / 415 /
417)



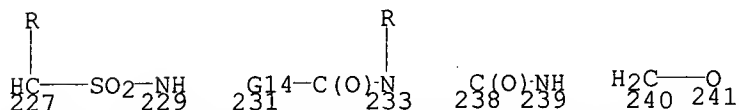
G2 = R<TX "acidic group"> / (SC SO3H / 151 / PO3H2 / OPO3H2 / 156 / 174 / 175 / CO2H / CH2CO2H / 177 / 180 / CH2CH2CO2H / 183 / 186) / (EX 287)



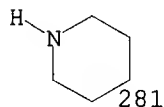
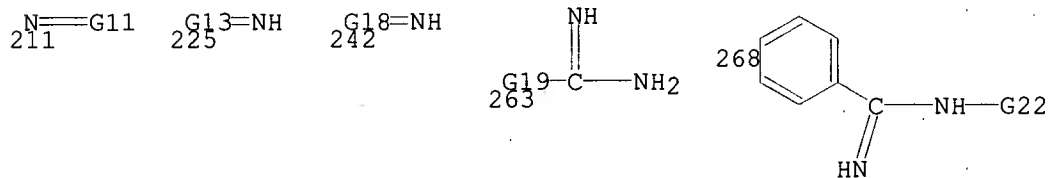
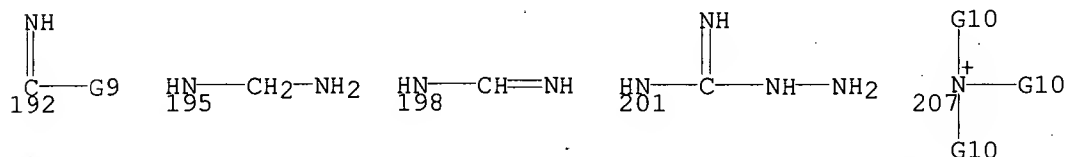
G3 = O / S

G4 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G15) / alkenyl<(2-6)> / alkynyl / cycloalkyl / aryl / alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) / OH / alkoxy<(1-10)> / alkoxy<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) /

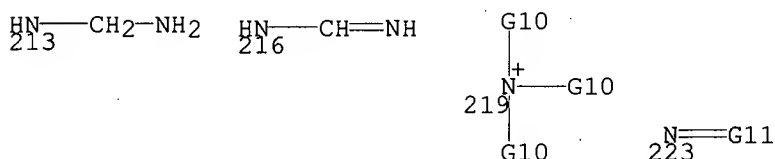
```
G5      = NULL / R<TX "optionally substituted linking group",
        EC (1-10) A (0-) Q (0-) N (0-) S (0-) O (0) OTHERQ (0-) C> /
        (SC 227-1 229-292 / 231-1 233-292 / ethynylene / CH=CH /
        CH2CH2 / 238-1 239-292 / 240-1 241-292 )
```



```
G6      = R<TX "basic group"> / (SC NH2 / 192 / 195 / 198 /
      NHC(NH)NH2 / 201 / alkylamino<(1-10)> /
      dialkylamino<(1-10)> / 207 / 211 /
      Hy<EC (1-4) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0-) As (0) OTHERQ,
      RC (1-3), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO G12) / CONH2 /
      CSNH2 / 225 / Hy<EC (5-8) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ>
      (SR (1-) G16) / 242 / 263 / 268 / 281)
```



```
G7      = alkylene<DC (0) M3>
G8      = phenylene
G9      = NH2 / alkylamino<(1-10)> / dialkylamino<(1-10)> /
        arylamino
G10     = alkyl<(1-10)>
G11     = alkylidene<(1-10)>
G12     = NH2 / C(NH)NH2 / 213 / 216 / NHC(NH)NH2 /
        alkylamino<(1-10)> / dialkylamino<(1-10)> / 219 / 223
```



G13 = Hy<EC (1-4) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0-) As (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-3), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO)
G14 = 236 / O / S

$\text{N} \text{---} \text{R}$
236

G15 = F / Cl / Br / I
G16 = (1-3) G17 / (-3) G4
G17 = R<TX "basic group"> / NH2 / C(NH)NH2 / 244 / 247 /
NHC(NH)NH2 / 250 / alkylamino<(1-10)> /
dialkylamino<(1-10)> / 255 / 259 /
Hy<EC (1-4) Q (1-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0-) As (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-3), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO) / 261

$\text{HN} \text{---} \text{CH}_2 \text{---} \text{NH}_2$
244

$\text{HN} \text{---} \text{CH} \text{---} \text{NH}$
247

$\text{HN} \text{---} \text{C} \text{---} \text{NH} \text{---} \text{NH}_2$
250

G10
 $\text{N}^+ \text{---} \text{G10}$
255
 G10

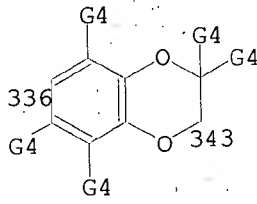
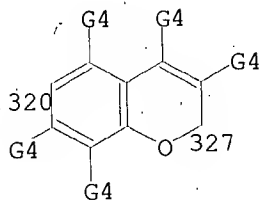
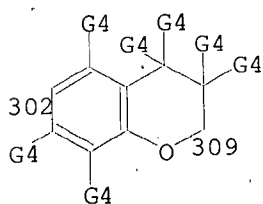
$\text{N} \text{---} \text{G11}$
259

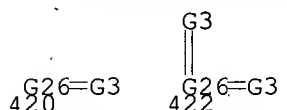
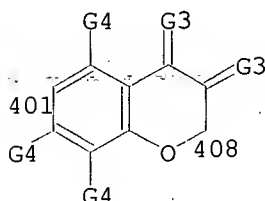
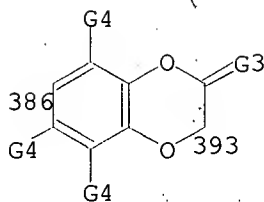
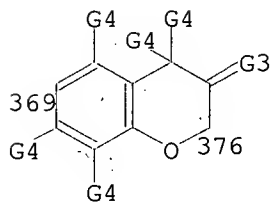
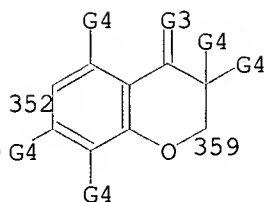
$\text{G13} \text{---} \text{NH}$
261

G18 = Hy<EC (5-8) A (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ> (SO)
G19 = p-C6H4 (SO (1-) G20)
G20 = R / F / Cl
G21 = H / alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G15) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkynyl / cycloalkyl / aryl / alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) /
OH / alkoxy<(1-10)> / alkoxy<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) /
NH2 (SO) / CONH2 / CO2H / acyl / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / NO2 /
SO3H / (SC Me)
G22 = Me / Et / Pr-n / CH2Ph
G23 = 3 / 293

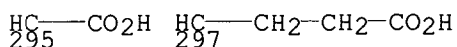
$\text{G1} \text{---} \text{G2}$ $\text{G24} \text{---} \text{G25}$
3 4 293 294

G24 = 302-2 309-294 / 320-2 327-294 / 336-2 343-294 /
352-2 359-294 / 369-2 376-294 / 386-2 393-294 /
401-2 408-294 / (EX Cb<EC (10) C, BD (0-) D, FA (2) C,
RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G27) /
Hy<EC (10) A (1-6) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (4-) C,
FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G27) / 420 /
422)





G25 = R<TX "acidic group"> / (SC 295 / 297)



G26 = Cb<EC (10) C, BD (0-) D, FA (2) C, RC (2),
 RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G27) /
 Hy<EC (10) A (1-6) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ (4-) C,
 FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G27)
 G27 = alkyl<(1-10)> (SO (1-) G15) / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
 alkynyl / cycloalkyl / aryl / alkyl<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) /
 OH / alkoxy<(1-10)> / alkoxy<(1-10)> (SR (1-3) aryl) /
 NH2 (SO) / CONH2 / CO2H / acyl / CN / F / Cl / Br / I / NO2
 /
 SO3H
 DER: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or prodrugs
 MPL: claim 1
 NTE: also incorporates broader disclosure
 NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 45 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:325016 MARPAT

TITLE: Skin-lightening cosmetics containing benzoic acid derivatives as melanin formation inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Suzuki, Yasuto; Oohashi, Yukihiro; Nishizawa, Yoshinori; Kimura, Mitsutoshi; Morizaki, Naoko; Yada, Yukihiro; Imokawa, Genji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corp, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08048621	A2	19960220	JP 1995-126842	19950525
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-120370	19940601

AB Skin-lightening cosmetics contain benzoic acid derivs. such as Me 4-benzyloxy-2-hydroxybenzoate and 4-benzyloxy-2-hydroxybenzoic acid as

melanin formation inhibitors. 4-Benzyloxy-2-hydroxybenzoic acid was prepd. by the hydrolysis of Me 4-benzyloxy-2-hydroxybenzoate. A skin-lightening lotion contained 4-benzyloxy-2-hydroxybenzoic acid 0.5, ethoxylated hardened castor oil 1.5, glycerin 4.0, ethanol 10.0, sodium pyrrolidonecarboxylate 2.0, perfumes, and purified water to 100 wt.%. The preps. were safe and effective.

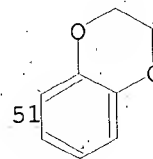
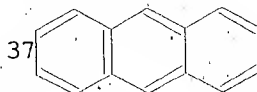
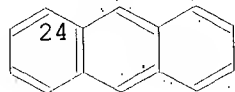
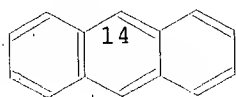
MSTR 1

G4—C(O)—G2—G1

G1 = H / OH / CO₂H / loweralkoxy / loweralkoxycarbonyl / (EX OMe)
 G2 = o-C₆H₄ (SR (1) G3)
 G3 = aralkyloxy (SO G7) / aryloxy (SO G8) / alkoxy (SR heteroaryl (SO G8)) / heteroaryloxy / (SC 5)

O—G5—G6

G4 = OH / loweralkoxy / (EX OMe)
 G5 = (1-6) CH₂
 G6 = naphthyl / 14 / 24 / 37 / Ph (SR (1) CO₂H) / Ph (SR (1-2) OH) / pyridyl / 51



G7 = R / (EX Me / OH / OMe)
 G8 = R / (EX OH / Bu-t / OMe)
 DER: or salts
 MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 46 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:261073 MARPAT

TITLE: Bis mono- and bicyclic aryl and heteroaryl compounds which inhibit EGF and/or PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase
 INVENTOR(S): Spada, Alfred P.; Myers, Michael R.; Maguire, Martin P.; Persons, Paul E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone-Poulenc Rorer Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 33 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 988,515, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5480883	A	19960102	US 1993-166199	19931210
US 5710158	A	19980120	US 1994-229886	19940419
WO 9515758	A1	19950615	WO 1994-US14180	19941208

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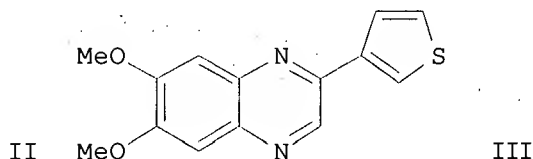
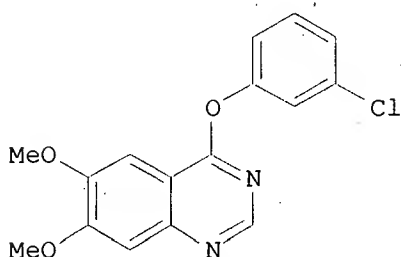
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 TD, TG

AU 9513050	A1	19950627	AU 1995-13050	19941208
EP 871448	A1	19981021	EP 1995-904308	19941208
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US 5656643	A	19970812	US 1995-385258	19950208
US 5795889	A	19980818	US 1995-386271	19950209
US 5646153	A	19970708	US 1995-439027	19950511
US 5721237	A	19980224	US 1995-469147	19950606
US 5714493	A	19980203	US 1996-652444	19960604
US 6057320	A	20000502	US 1997-881991	19970625
US 36256	E	19990720	US 1997-988005	19971210
AU 739382	B2	20011011	AU 1999-65543	19991230
AU 9965543	A1	20000323		
US 37650	E	20020409	US 2000-496399	20000202

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1991-698420 19910510
 US 1992-988515 19921210
 WO 1992-US3736 19920506
 US 1993-146072 19931108
 US 1993-166199 19931210
 US 1994-229886 19940419
 WO 1994-US14180 19941208
 US 1995-439027 19950511
 US 1996-652444 19960604

GI



AB The invention relates to bis mono- and/or bicyclic aryl and/or heteroaryl compds. Ar1XAr2 [I; Ar1, Ar2 = (un)substituted mono- or bicyclic rings with 0-3 substituents; X = (CHR1)0-4 or (CHR1)mZ(CHR1)n; Z = O, NR2, S, SO, SO2; m, n = 0-3; R1, R2 = H, alkyl] exhibiting protein tyrosine kinase inhibition activity. I inhibit abnormal cell proliferation in proliferative disorders by selectively inhibiting EGF and/or PDGF receptor. Approx. 300 compds. I are listed with characterizing data, and biol. data for selected compds. are given. For example, m-ClC6H4OH was treated with NaH in THF, followed by 4-chloro-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline, to give title compd. II. The claimed quinoxaline deriv. III inhibited PDGF-R cell-free autophosphorylation with an IC50 of 0.02-0.05 .mu.M.

MSTR 2A

G15-G2-G1
 9 12

G1 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO (1-3) G9) ./
 aryl<EC (6-12) C, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) /

Hy<EC (5-12) A (-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / 73 / (EX Ph (SO) / quinolinyl /
thienyl (SO))

G16=O
73

G2 = alkylene / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2 / 13-9 15-12 /
O / NH / S / S(O) / SO2 / 56 / 58-9 59-12 / 60-9 61-12

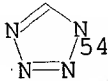
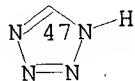
G3—G4—G10 N—G5 G11—G4 G4—G12
13 15 56 58 59 60 61

G3 = alkylene / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2
G4 = O / NH / S / S(O) / SO2 / 16

N—G5
16

G5 = alkyl
G7 = F / Cl / Br / I
G8 = cycloalkyl
G9 = alkyl / alkenyl / aralkyl / alkenyl (SR (1-) aryl) /
OH / alkyl (SR OH) / alkoxy / alkyl (SR alkoxy) /
aralkyloxy / acyloxy / F / Cl / Br / I / alkyl (SR (1-) G7) /
NO2 / NH2 / alkylamino / dialkylamino / acylamino / CO2H /
alkyl (SR CO2H) / alkoxycarbonyl / aralkyloxycarbonyl /
alkyl (SR alkoxycarbonyl) / alkenyl (SR alkoxycarbonyl) /
alkoxy (SR NH2) / 39 / alkylamino / dialkylamino / 42 /
Ph (SO (1-) G7) / Hy<EC (1) S (0) OTHERQ (4) C, RC (1),
BD (2) D, RS (1) E5 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-) G7) /
Hy<EC (1) N (5) C (0) OTHERQ, RC (1), AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
RS (1) E6 (0) OTHER> / 47 / 54 / 71

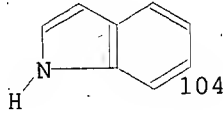
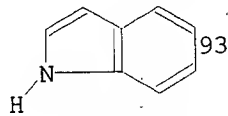
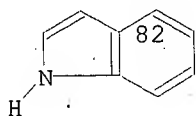
HN—C(O)R
39

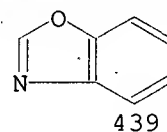
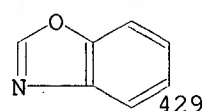
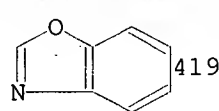
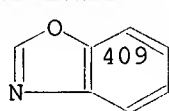
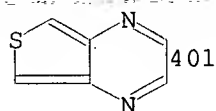
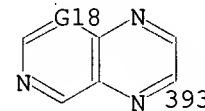
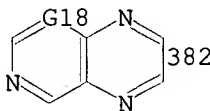
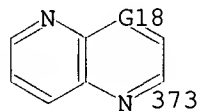
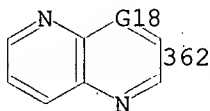
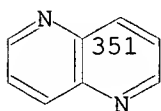
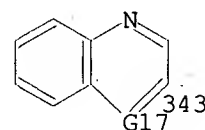
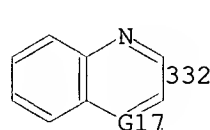
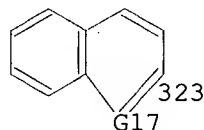
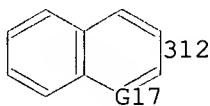
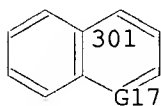
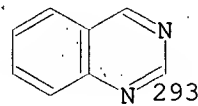
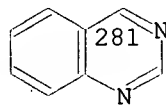
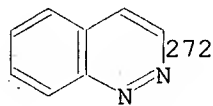
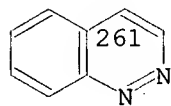
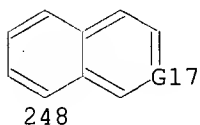
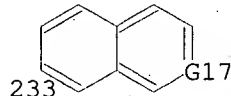
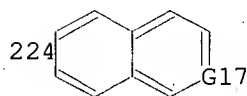
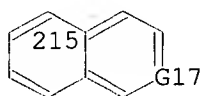
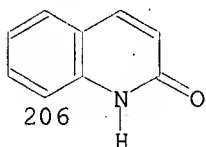
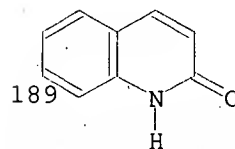
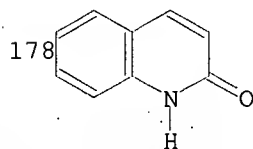
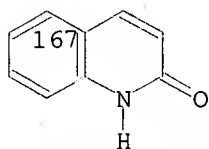
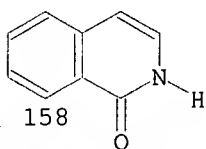
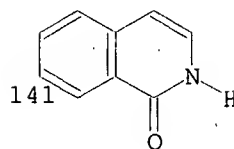
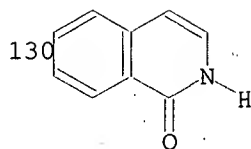
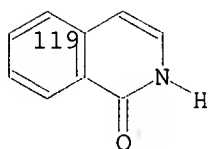
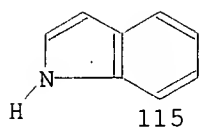


C(O)G14
71

G10 = alkylene / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2
G11 = alkylene / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2
G12 = alkylene / CH2 / CH2CH2 / CH2CH2CH2
G14 = Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
G15 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
aryl<EC (6-12) C, RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) /
Hy<EC (5-12) A (-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G9) / 75 / (EX pyridyl / Ph / naphthyl /
82 / 93 / 104 / 115 / pyrimidinyl / 119 / 130 / 141 / 158 /
167 / 178 / 189 / 206 / 215 / 224 / 233 / 248 / 261 / 272 /
281 / 293 / 301 / 312 / 323 / 332 / 343 / 351 / 362 / 373 /
382 / 393 / 401 / 409 / 419 / 429 / 439)

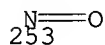
G16=O
75





G16 = Cb<AR (0)> (SO) / Cb<EC (6-12) C, AR (1-), RC (1-2)>
(SO) / Hy<EC (5-12) A (-4) Q (0-) O (0-) S (0-) N (0)
OTHERQ, RC (1-2)> (SO)

G17 = N / 253



G18 = N / CH
DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: disclosure

L3 ANSWER 47 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:202284 MARPAT

TITLE: Benzene derivatives [(tetrazolylbiphenyl)-
substituted benzoic acid morpholides and analogs] for
treatment of kidney disease, and pharmaceutical
compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Yanaka, Mikiro; Nishijima, Fuyuhiko; Enari, Hiroyuki;
Dewa, Toshikazu; Yamazaki, Toru; Ise, Michihito

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kureha Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 78 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

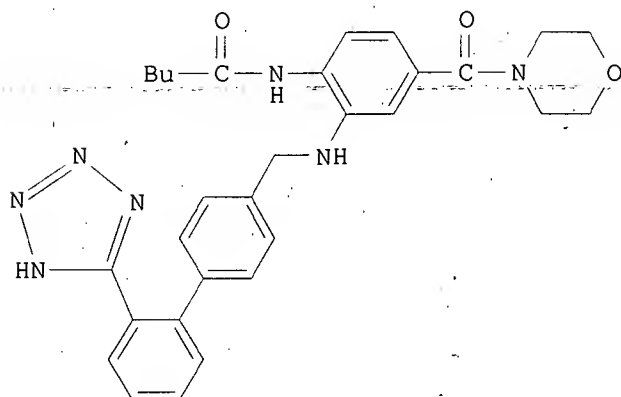
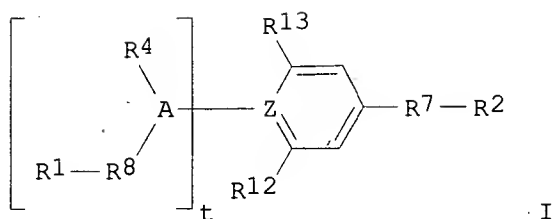
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

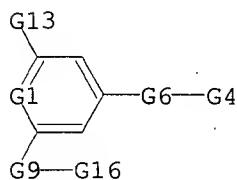
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EP 685470	A2	19951206	EP 1995-108406	19950601
EP 685470	A3	19960207		
EP 685470	B1	20020911		
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AU 675035	B2	19970116		
JP 08048651	A2	19960220	JP 1995-158659	19950601
JP 2796265	B2	19980910		
US 5696118	A	19971209	US 1995-457147	19950601
AT 223908	E	20020915	AT 1995-108406	19950601
US 5731310	A	19980324	US 1996-702116	19960823
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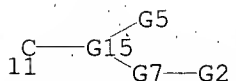


AB Title compds. I [R1 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, NH₂, NHR₂₁; R₂ = OH, OR₂₂, 3- to 7-membered satd. cycloaliph. amino optionally interrupted by N, O, or S atom(s), NHR₂₃, N(R₂₄)₂, NH₂; R₄ = H, alkyl, or COR₂₅; R₇ = CO, SO₂; R₈ = CO, bond; R₁₂ = R₁₁-R₅; R₁₁ = N(R₅), NH, O, N(R₂₆), N(COR₂₇), N(CONH₂), N(CONHR₂₈); R₁₃ = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, NHCO(CH₂)_mPh, NHCOR₂₉, NHCOR₂₉Ph₂, NH₂, NHR₃₀, (CH₂)_nPh; Z = C, CH, N; A = CH, N; R₅ = H, CH₂C₆H₄COOH, CH₂C₆H₄COOR₃₁, CH₂C₆H₄OH, CH₂C₆H₄OR₃₂, CH₂C₆H₄NH₂, CH₂C₆H₄N(R₃₃)₂, CH₂C₆H₄-azole, CH₂C₆H₄NHR₃₄, CH₂C₆H₄C₆H₄R₁₄; R₁₄ = azole, COOH; R₂₁-R₃₄ = alkyl or haloalkyl; m = 0-6; n = 0-6; t = 0 or 1, with the proviso that when Z = N, R₅ = H, CH₂C₆H₄COOH, CH₂C₆H₄NHR₃₄], and salts thereof are disclosed, as well as pharmaceutical compns. comprising I or salts and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. I are effective for treating renal dysfunction without affecting blood pressure. For example, 3-nitro-4-valeramidobenzoic acid underwent conversion to the morpholide using DCC and HOBT, redn. of the nitro group by hydrazine and Pd/C, alkylation of the resulting amino group with N-(triphenylmethyl)-5-[4'-(bromomethyl)biphenyl-2-yl]tetrazole, and finally deprotection with concd. HCl in MeOH-THF, to give title compd. II. In a rat kidney disease model, II at 20 mg/kg/day increased av. survival time from 5.0 wk (control) to 7.3 wk, whereas the known compd. DuP753 increased survival time to 6.9 wk. I did not show angiotensin II receptor antagonism or hypotensive activity, and were nonlethal at 500 mg/kg orally in mice.

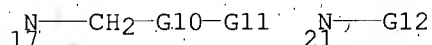
MSTR 1



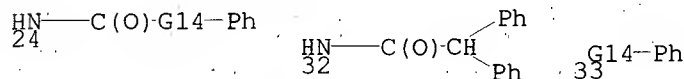
G1 = N / 11 / CH



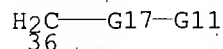
G2 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / NH2 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3)
 G3 = F / Cl / Br / I
 G4 = OH / alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) Q (1-2) N (-1) O (-1) S (0) OTHERQ, BD (ALL) SE,
 AN (1) N, RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X7> /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / NH2 / (EX azetidino /
 pyrrolidino / piperidino / morpholino / thiomorpholino /
 piperazino)
 G5 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3)
 G6 = C(O) / SO2
 G7 = NULL / C(O)
 G9 = NH / 17 / O / 21



G10 = phenylene
 G11 = CO2H / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / NH2 /
 dialkylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) /
 Hy<EC (2-4) Q (1-3) C (0-) O (0-) N (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1), RS (1) E5> / alkylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) /
 (SC tetrazolyl)
 G12 = alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) /
 alkylcarbonyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / CONH2 /
 alkylaminocarbonyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3)
 G13 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / 24 /
 alkylcarbonylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / 32 / NH2 /
 alkylamino<(1-6)> (SO (1-) G3) / 33



G14 = (0-6) CH2
 G15 = CH / N
 G16 = H / 36



G17 = phenylene
 DER: or salts
 MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 48 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 123:198609 MARPAT
 TITLE: Synthesis of diarylmethanols by rearrangement of aryl
 arylmethyl ethers in presence of alkali metal amide or
 alkali metal alkoxide
 INVENTOR(S): Fang, Francis G.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5426196	A	19950620	US 1993-173289	19931222
WO 9517408	A1	19950629	WO 1994-US14327	19941220
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9514348	A1	19950710	AU 1995-14348	19941220
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-173289	19931222
			WO 1994-US14327	19941220
OTHER SOURCE(S):		CASREACT 123:198609		
GI				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

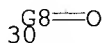
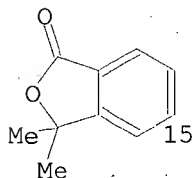
AB A method is claimed for synthesizing a diarylmethane I wherein: Y is oxygen or sulfur; A, B, C, D, and E are carbon or 1, 2 or 3 of A, B, C, D, and E are independently nitrogen, and the others are carbon; and wherein R1 through R10 are selected independently from the group consisting of: hydrogen, hydroxy, alkyl, C3-C8 cycloalkyl, C3-C8 cycloalkyl alkyl, alkenyl, hydroxy alkyl, alkoxy alkyl, perhalo-alkyl, amino, nitro, nitrile, halo oxo, carboxyl, sulfonyl, acyl, formyl, carbamoyl, trifluoromethyl, aminomethyl, azido, amido, hydrazino, aryl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, or aryl or heteroaryl (mono, di, or tri substituted) and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof; and wherein; adjacent substituents on either the "a" ring or "b" ring may be joined together to form a fused ancillary 5 or 6 atom carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring structure wherein substituents on the ancillary ring structure may each independently be as represented for R1 through R10 above and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof; comprising reacting: (i) an ether II wherein R1 through R10 are as described above; and (ii) alkali metal amide base or alkali metal alkoxy base. Thus, e.g, rearrangement of 5-(2,6-difluoro-4-nitrophenoxyethyl)-3,3-dimethyl-3H-isobenzofuran-1-one (III) in presence of sodium hexamethyldisilazide in THF afforded 5-[(2,6-difluoro-4-nitrophenyl)hydroxymethyl]-3,3-dimethyl-3H-isobenzofuran-1-one (IV) in 76.3% yield.

MSTR 1

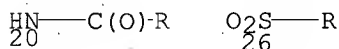
G2—G5—G2
 1 3

G1 = OH / SH
 G2 = Ph (SO (1-) G3) / pyridyl / pyridazinyl / pyrimidinyl / pyrazinyl / triazinyl / Hy<EC (1-3) Q (1-3) N (0) OTHERQ (3-5) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (6) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G3) / 30 /

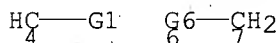
Cy<EC (0-) Q (-3) N, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (6-) N, RC (2),
RS (0-) E5 (1-) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-), G3) / (EX 15)



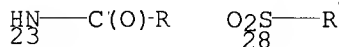
G3 = OH / alkyl<(1-15)> (SO cycloalkyl<(3-8)>) /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / alkenyl<(2-15)> / alkyl<(1-15)> (SR OH) /
alkyl<(1-15)> (SR alkoxy<(1-15)>) /
alkyl<EC (1-15) C (0) H> (SR (3-) G4) / NH2 / NO2 / CN / F /
Cl / Br / I / CO2H / 26 / acyl / CONH2 / CF3 / CH2NH2 / N3 /
20 / NHHH2 / aryl (SO (1-3) G7) / aryloxy /
heteroaryl (SO (1-3) G7)



G4 = F / Cl / Br / I
G5 = 4 / 6-1 7-3



G6 = O / S
G7 = OH / alkyl<(1-15)> (SO cycloalkyl<(3-8)>) /
cycloalkyl<(3-8)> / alkenyl<(2-15)> / alkyl<(1-15)> (SR OH) /
alkyl<(1-15)> (SR alkoxy<(1-15)>) /
alkyl<EC (1-15) C (0) H> (SR (3-) G4) / NH2 / NO2 / CN / F /
Cl / Br / I / CO2H / 28 / acyl / CONH2 / CF3 / CH2NH2 / N3 /
23 / NHHH2 / aryl / aryloxy / heteroaryl



G8 = Cy<EC (0-3) Q (0-3) N (0) OTHERQ (3-6) C,
AN (2-) C, AR (0), BD (2) D, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G3)
DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates
MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 49 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 122:214087 MARPAT

TITLE: 5-Member heterocyclic antithrombotics and blood
platelet aggregation inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Linz, Guenter; Himmelsbach, Frank; Austel, Volkhard;
Pieper, Helmut; Mueller, Thomas; Weisenberger,
Johannes; Guth, Brian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Thomae, Dr. Karl, G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 35 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

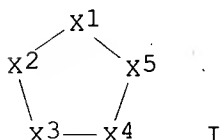
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

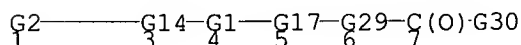
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 4302051	A1	19940728	DE 1993-4302051	19930126
CA 2114178	AA	19940727	CA 1994-2114178	19940125
NO 9400261	A	19940727	NO 1994-261	19940125
JP 07002851	A2	19950106	JP 1994-6295	19940125
CN 1097753	A	19950125	CN 1994-100575	19940125
ZA 9400495	A	19950725	ZA 1994-495	19940125
FI 9400378	A	19940727	FI 1994-378	19940126
EP 608858	A1	19940803	EP 1994-101125	19940126
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
AU 9453984	A1	19940804	AU 1994-53984	19940127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1993-4302051	19930126
GI				

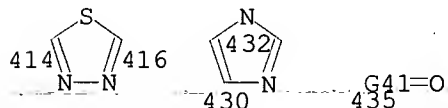


AB The title compds. [I; X1-X5 = C- or heteroatom-contg. (heteroatom substituents)], useful as antithrombotics and blood platelet aggregation inhibitors (no data), are prepd. and I-contg. formulations presented. Thus, 1-[6-(4-amidinophenyl)-3-pyridazinyl]-4-[2-(n-butanesulfonylamino)-2-carboxyethyl]imidazole hydrochloride was prepd. and demonstrated an ED50 of 40 nM in a collagen-induced blood platelet aggregation assay.

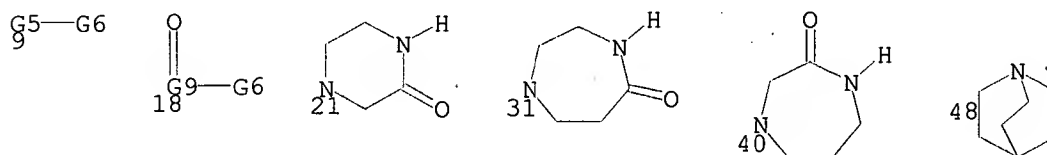
MSTR 1B

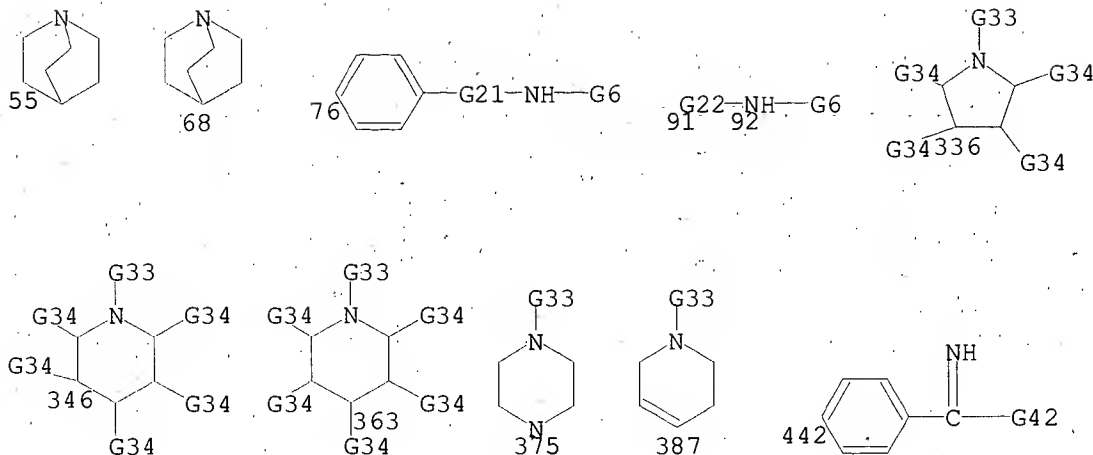


G1 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1), RS (1) E5> (SO (1-3) G32) /
 Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-),
 BD (6) N, RC (2), RS (1) E5 (1) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO) / 435 /
 (SC 414-3 416-5 / 432-3 430-5)



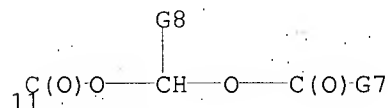
G2 = cycloalkyl<(5-7)> (SO (1-) G3) / 9 / 18 / 21 / 31 /
 40 / pyridyl / 48 / 55 / 68 / 76 / 91 / 442 / 446 / (SC 336 /
 346 / 363 / 375 / 387)





p-C₆H₄CN
 446

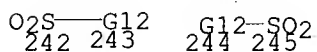
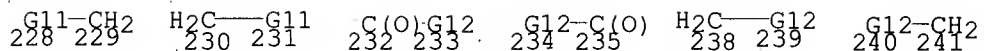
- G3 = (-4) alkyl<(1-3)> / (-1) G4
 G4 = OH / alkoxy<(1-3)> (SO Ph) / CN / CONH2 / CO2H /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-3)> (SO Ph)
 G5 = Hy<EC (4-6) C (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ,
 AN (1-) C (1-) N, AR (0), BD (-1) DE (0) T> (SO (1-) G3)
 G6 = H / alkyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy carbonyl<(1-5)> /
 alkoxy carbonyl<(1-3)> (SR Ph) / alkenyloxy carbonyl<(3-5)> /
 cycloalkyloxy carbonyl<(5-7)> / 11



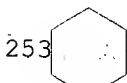
- G7 = alkyl<(1-5)> / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> /
 alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) Ph) / alkoxy<(1-5)> /
 cycloalkyloxy<(5-7)> / Ph
 G8 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> / Ph
 G9 = Hy<EC (4-6) C (2) Q (2) N, AN (1-) C (2) N, AR (0),
 BD (-1) DE (0) T> (SO (1-) G3)
 G11 = O / S
 G12 = NH / 236

N—G13
 236

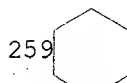
- G13 = alkyl<(1-3)> (SO (1-) Ph)
 G14 = phenylene / Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-2) G15) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO G16) / 248-1 251-4 /
 257-1 253-4 / 263-4 259-1 / 269-1 266-4 / 272-1 275-4 /
 278-1 281-4 / alkylene / 228-1 229-4 / 230-1 231-4 /
 232-1 233-4 / 234-1 235-4 / 238-1 239-4 / 240-1 241-4 /
 242-1 243-4 / 244-1 245-4 / (SC 424-1 427-4 / CH2CH2)



251



257



263



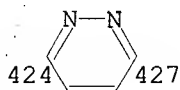
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275

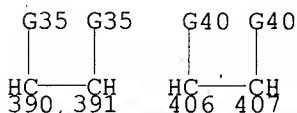
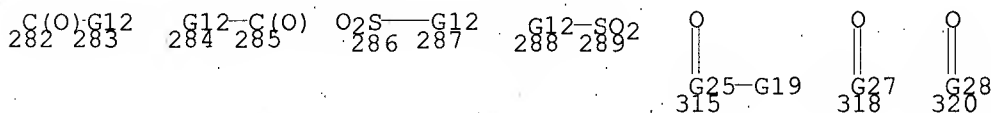


281

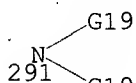


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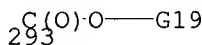
G15 = F / Cl / Br / alkyl<(1-3)> / CF3 / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-3)> / alkylthio<(1-3)> / alkylsulfinyl<(1-3)> /
 alkylsulfonyl<(1-3)> / (SC Me)
 G16 = Cl / alkyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy<(1-3)>
 G17 = 282-4 283-6 / 284-4 285-6 / 286-4 287-6 /
 288-4 289-6 / Ak<EC (-8) C, BD (0-) D (0) T> (SO (1-) G18) /
 phenylene / Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-2) G23) /
 Hy<EC (1-3) Q (1-3) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO G24) / 315 /
 cycloalkylene<(4-7)> (SO G20) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE,
 RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X7> (SO G20) / 318 / 320 /
 (SC cyclohexylene / 390-4 391-6 / 406-4 407-6)



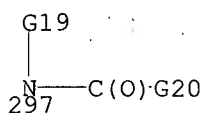
G18 = OH / alkoxy<(1-3)> / alkylthio<(1-3)> / 291 / 293 /
 297 / 301 / 306 / 310



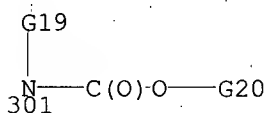
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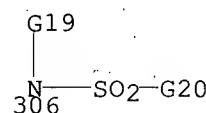
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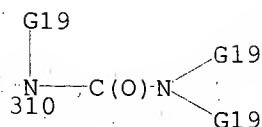
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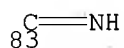
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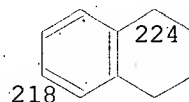
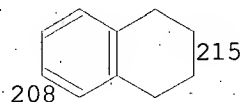
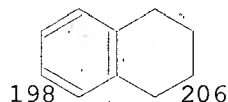
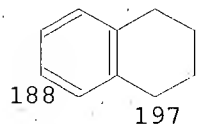
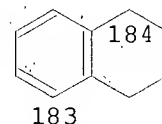
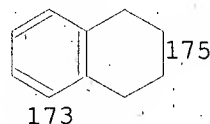
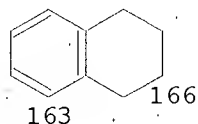
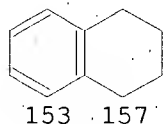
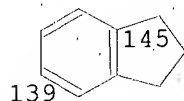
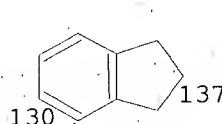
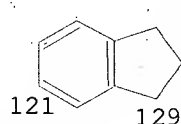
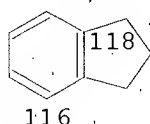
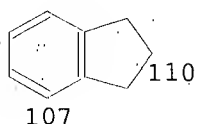
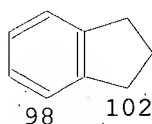
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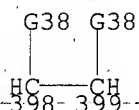
G19 = H / alkyl<(1-3)> (SO (1-) Ph)
 G20 = alkyl<(1-5)> / alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) Ph) / Ph
 G21 = CH₂ / 83



G22 = 102-92 98-3 / 110-92 107-3 / 118-92 116-3 /
 129-92 121-3 / 137-92 130-3 / 145-92 139-3 / 157-92 153-3 /
 166-92 163-3 / 175-92 173-3 / 184-92 183-3 / 197-92 188-3 /
 206-92 198-3 / 215-92 208-3 / 224-92 218-3



G23 = F / Cl / Br / alkyl<(1-3)> / CF₃ / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-3)> / alkylthio<(1-3)> / alkylsulfinyl<(1-3)> /
 alkylsulfonyl<(1-3)> / (SC Me)
 G24 = Cl / alkyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy<(1-3)>
 G25 = Hy<EC (1-3) Q (1-3) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N,
 AR (0), BD (2) D, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO G24)
 G27 = Hy<EC (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (0), BD (ALL) SE,
 RC (1), RS (1) M4 (1) X5> (SO G20)
 G28 = Hy<EC (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ, AR (0),
 BD (ALL) SE, RC (1), RS (1) M6 (1) X7> (SO G20)
 G29 = NULL / Ak<EC (-5) C, BD (0-) DE (0) T>
 (SO (1-) G18) / (SC 398-5 399-7)



G30 = OH / 322 / (SC OMe)

$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ | \\ \text{322} \end{array} \text{---G31}$

G31 = alkyl<(1-5)> / alkenyl<(3-5)> /
alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) Ph) / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> /
alkyl<(1-3)> (SR cycloalkyl<(5-7)>) / 325

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G8} \\ | \\ \text{HC} \\ | \\ \text{325} \end{array} \text{---O---C(O)---G7}$

G32 = alkyl<(1-5)> / alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) Ph) / Ph /
alkoxy<(1-3)> / 330 / CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)>
(SO (1-) Ph) / 335 / (SC Me / Et)

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G19} \\ \diagup \\ \text{N} \\ \diagdown \\ \text{330} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{G19} \\ \diagup \\ \text{C(O)N} \\ \diagdown \\ \text{335} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{G19} \\ \diagup \\ \text{N} \\ \diagdown \\ \text{335} \end{array}$

G33 = H / Me / Et / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-5)>
G34 = Me / OH / OMe / CN / CONH₂ / H
G35 = (1) 394 / H

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G36} \\ | \\ \text{N} \\ | \\ \text{394} \end{array} \text{---SO}_2\text{---G37}$

G36 = H / Me / Et
G37 = alkyl<(1-5)> / Ph / (SC Bu-n)
G38 = (1-) H / NH₂ / 401 / OH

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G19} \\ | \\ \text{N} \\ | \\ \text{401} \end{array} \text{---G39---G20}$

G39 = C(O) / SO₂
G40 = (-1) 409 / H

$\begin{array}{c} \text{G19} \\ | \\ \text{N} \\ | \\ \text{409} \end{array} \text{---G39---G20}$

G41 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1), RS (1) E5> (SO) / Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1)
O (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-), BD (6) N, RC (2),
RS (1) E5 (1) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO)

G42 = alkoxy<(1-3)> (SO (1-) aryl) /
alkylthio<(1-3)> (SO (1-) aryl) / NH₂

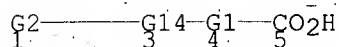
DER: and tautomers and salts

MPL: claim 1

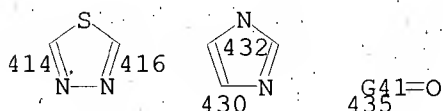
NTE: substitution is restricted

NTE: additional ring formation specified
 NTE: also incorporates claim 10
 STE: and stereoisomers

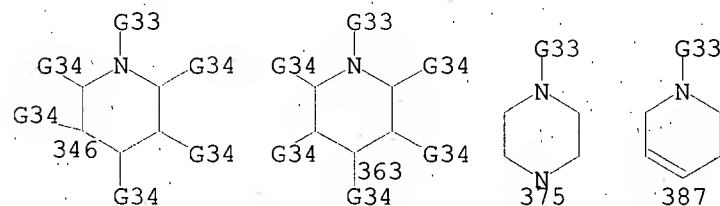
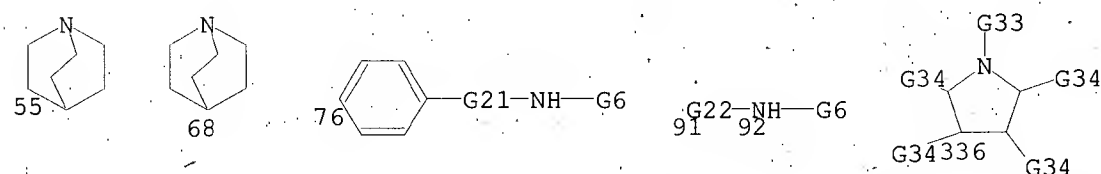
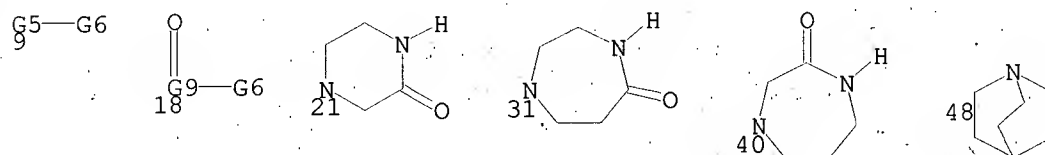
MSTR 2B



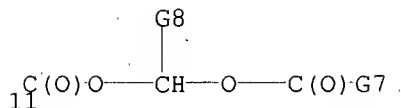
G1 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ,
 RC (1), RS (1) E5> (SO (1-3) G32) /
 Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-),
 BD (6) N, RC (2), RS (1) E5 (1) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO) / 435 /
 (SC 414-3 416-5 / 432-3 430-5)



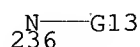
G2 = cycloalkyl<(5-7)> (SO (1-) G3) / 9 / 18 / 21 / 31 /
 40 / pyridyl / 48 / 55 / 68 / 76 / 91 / (SC 336 / 346 / 363 /
 375 / 387).



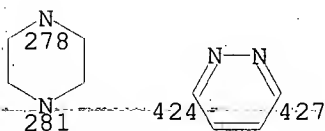
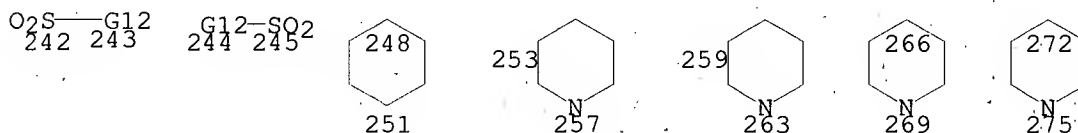
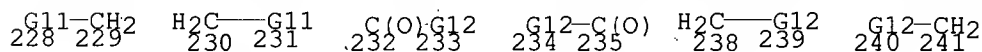
G3 = (-4) alkyl<(1-3)> / (-1) G4
 G4 = OH / alkoxy<(1-3)> (SO Ph) / CN / CONH2 / CO2H /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> (SO Ph)
 G5 = Hy<EC (4-6) C (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ,
 AN (1-) C (1-) N, AR (0), BD (-1) DE (0) T> (SO (1-) G3)
 G6 = H / alkyl<(1-3)> / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-5)> /
 alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)> (SR Ph) / alkenyloxycarbonyl<(3-5)> /
 cycloalkyloxycarbonyl<(5-7)> / 11



G7 = alkyl<(1-5)> / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> /
 alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) Ph) / alkoxy<(1-5)> /
 cycloalkyloxy<(5-7)> / Ph
 G8 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / cycloalkyl<(5-7)> / Ph
 G9 = Hy<EC (4-6) C (2) Q (2) N, AN (1-) C (2) N, AR (0),
 BD (-1) DE (0) T> (SO (1-) G3)
 G11 = O / S
 G12 = NH / 236



G13 = alkyl<(1-3)> (SO (1-) Ph)
 G14 = phenylene / Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-2) G15) /
 Hy<EC (1-2) Q (1-2) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C (0) N, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO G16) / 248-1 251-4 /
 257-1 253-4 / 263-4 259-1 / 269-1 266-4 / 272-1 275-4 /
 278-1 281-4 / alkylene / 228-1 229-4 / **230-1 231-4** /
 232-1 233-4 / 234-1 235-4 / 238-1 239-4 / 240-1 241-4 /
 242-1 243-4 / 244-1 245-4 / (SC 424-1 427-4 / CH2CH2)

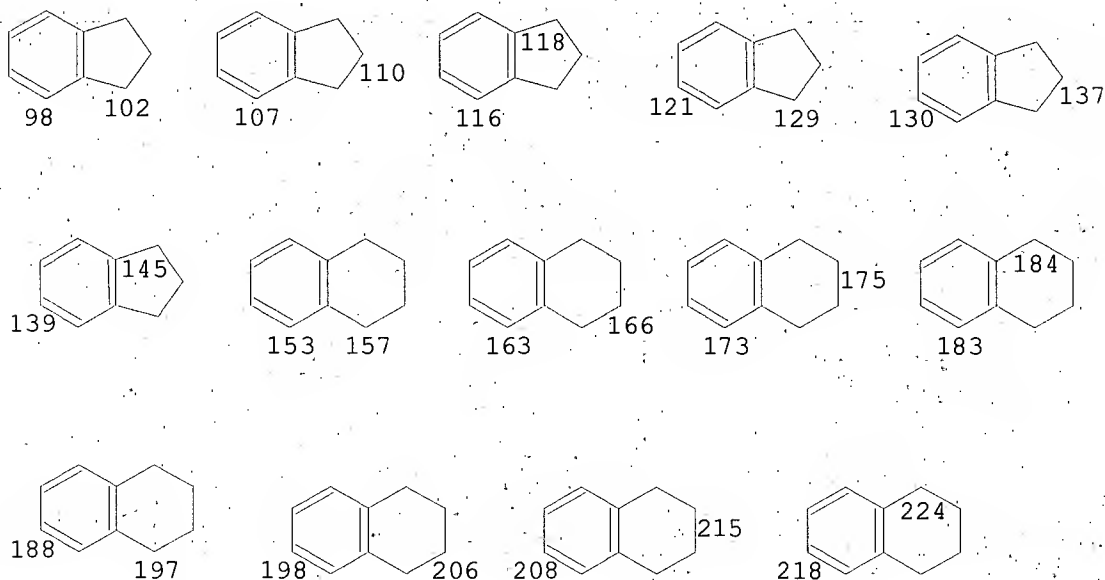


G15 = F / Cl / Br / alkyl<(1-3)> / CF3 / OH /
 alkoxy<(1-3)> / alkylthio<(1-3)> / alkylsulfinyl<(1-3)> /
 alkylsulfonyl<(1-3)> / (SC Me)
 G16 = Cl / alkyl<(1-3)> / alkoxy<(1-3)>
 G19 = H / alkyl<(1-3)> (SO (1-) Ph)
 G21 = CH2 / 83

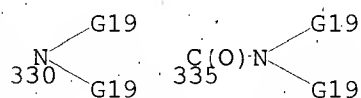


G22 = 102-92 98-3 / 110-92 107-3 / 118-92 116-3 /
 129-92 121-3 / 137-92 130-3 / 145-92 139-3 / 157-92 153-3 /

166-92 163-3 / 175-92 173-3 / 184-92 183-3 / 197-92 188-3 /
206-92 198-3 / 215-92 208-3 / 224-92 218-3



G32 = alkyl<(1-5)> / alkyl<(1-3)> (SR (1-) Ph) / Ph /
alkoxy<(1-3)> / 330 / CO2H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)>
(SO (1-) Ph) / 335 / (SC Me / Et)

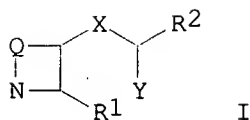


G33 = H / Me / Et / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-5)>
G34 = Me / OH / OMe / CN / CONH2 / H
G41 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1) O (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1), RS (1) E5> (SO) / Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (-2) S (-1)
O (0) OTHERQ, AR (1-), BD (6) N, RC (2),
RS (1) E5 (1) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO)
DER: or reactive derivatives
MPL: claim 10
NTE: substitution is restricted
NTE: additional ring formation specified

L3 ANSWER 50 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 121:83070 MARPAT
TITLE: Azabicyclic tachykinin receptor antagonists
INVENTOR(S): Swain, Christopher John
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Sharp and Dohme Ltd., UK
SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 25 pp.
CODEN: BAXXDU
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

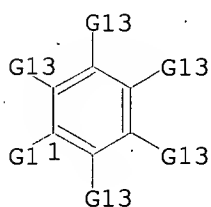
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 2268931	A1	19940126	GB 1992-15527	19920722
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1992-15527	19920722

GI

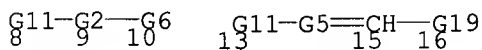


AB Title compds. [I; O = residue of an azabicyclic ring system; R1 = (halo)phenyl, trifluoromethylphenyl; R2 = (substituted)phenyl; X = O, S, CH₂, etc.; Y = H, OH, halo, etc.] are claimed as tachykinin receptor antagonists (no data). No prepd. I are reported.

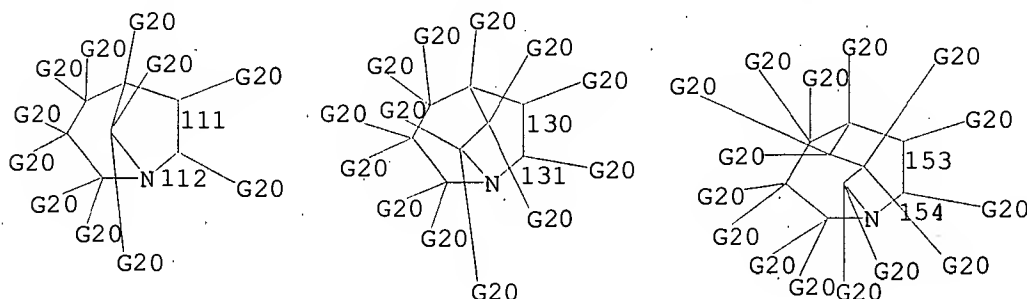
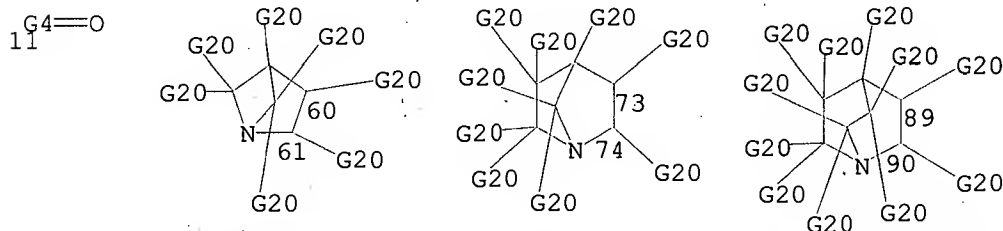
MSTR 1



G1 = 10 / 16



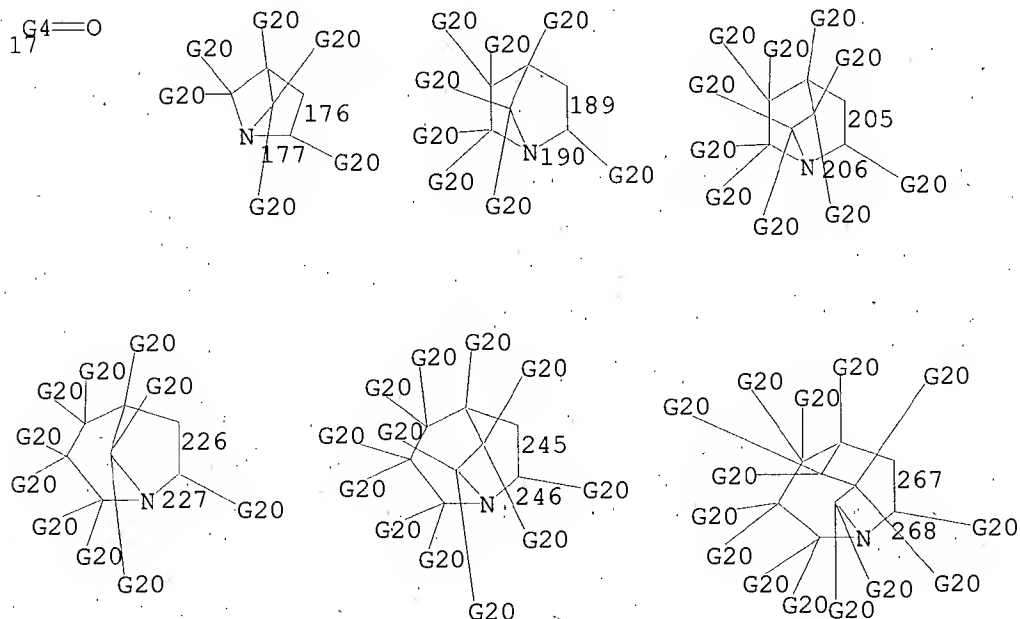
G2 = Hy<EC (2-) C (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C, AR (0), RC (2)> (SO (1-) G3) / 11 / (EX 60-10 61-8 / 73-10 74-8 / 89-10 90-8 / 111-10 112-8 / 130-10 131-8 / 153-10 154-8)



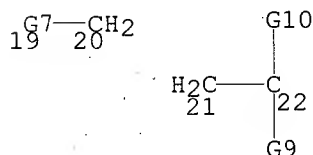
G3 = R / (EX alkyl<(1-4)> / alkenyl<(2-4)> /

alkynyl<(2-4)> / F / Cl / Br / I / OH / alkoxy<(1-4)> /
CO₂H / alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)>

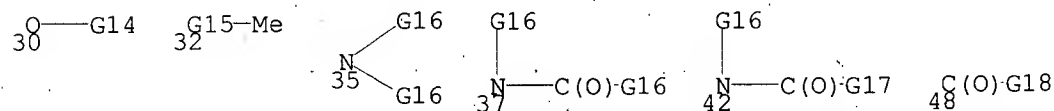
G4 = Hy<EC (3-) C (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (3-) C,
AR (0), RC (2)> (SO (1-) G3)
G5 = Hy<EC (2-) C (1) Q (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2-) C,
AR (0), RC (2)> (SO (1-) G3) / 17 / (EX 176-15 177-13 /
189-15 190-13 / 205-15 206-13 / 226-15 227-13 /
245-15 246-13 / 267-15 268-13)



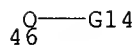
G6 = 20-1 19-9 / 22-1 21-9



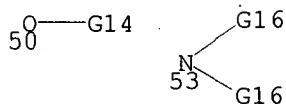
G7 = O / S
G8 = H / OH / F / Cl / Br / I
G9 = H / OH / F / Cl / Br / I
G10 = H
G11 = Ph (SO (1-) G12)
G12 = F / Cl / Br / I / CF₃
G13 = (2-) H / alkyl<(1-6)> / alkenyl<(2-6)> /
alkynyl<(2-6)> / F / Cl / Br / I / CN / NO₂ / CF₃ / SiMe₃ /
OH / 30 / 32 / 35 / 37 / 42 / 48



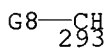
G14 = alkyl<(1-6)> / Ph / CF₃
G15 = S / S(O) / SO₂
G16 = H / alkyl<(1-6)> / Ph / CF₃
G17 = OH / 46



G18 = OH / 50 / 53



G19 = 293 / C(O)



G20 = H / alkyl<(1-4)> / alkenyl<(2-4)> / alkynyl<(2-4)> /
F / Cl / Br / I / OH / alkoxy<(1-4)> / CO₂H /
alkoxycarbonyl<(1-3)>

G9 + G10 = O

DER: or salts or prodrugs.

MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 51 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 118:233895 MARPAT

TITLE: 2-quinolinyl methoxy compounds, medical uses and intermediates therefor

INVENTOR(S): Nielsen, Ole Bent T.; Ahfelt-Ronne, Ian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Leo Pharmaceutical Products Ltd., Den.

SOURCE: U.S., 23 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,109,009.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

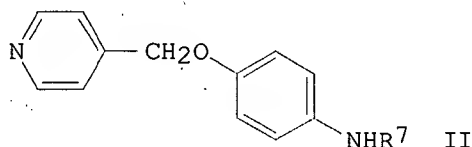
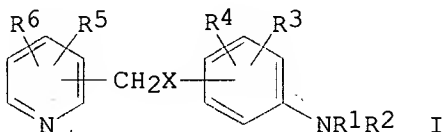
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5157039	A	19921020	US 1990-633390	19901231
US 4826987	A	19890502	US 1986-834542	19860228
US 5109009	A	19920428	US 1990-581121	19900910
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1985-6094	19850308
			GB 1985-25153	19851011
			US 1986-834542	19860228
			US 1987-140277	19871231
			US 1990-581121	19900910

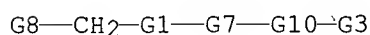
GI



AB The title compds. [I; R₁, R₂ = H, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl, aralkyl;
R₃-R₆ = H, halo, pseudohalo, cyano, NO₂, amino, CO₂H, OH, alkyl, alkoxy;

R5R6 = atoms required to form condensed, (un)substituted arom. ring; X = O, S, SO, SO2] were prepd. as arachidonic acid and histamine inhibitors, and drugs. Thus, 4-AcNHC6H4OH was condensed with 4-(chloromethyl)pyridine-HCl to give acetanilide II (R7 = Ac). This was deacetylated and methylated to give II (R7 = Me). At 10 .mu.M selected I gave 51-100% inhibition of antigen-induced histamine release from rat peritoneal mast cells.

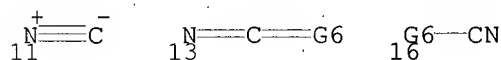
MSTR 2B



G1 = O / S / S(O) / SO2

G3 = Ak<(1-8)> (SO (1-) G4) / Ph (SO) /
Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
(SO (1-) G4) / Ak<(1-4)> (SR (1-) G5)

G4 = X / N3 / CN / 11 / 13 / 16 / CF3 / NO2 / NH2 /
CO2H / OH / alkyl / alkoxy

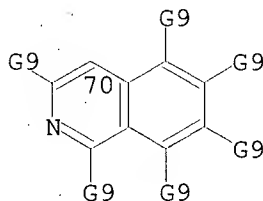
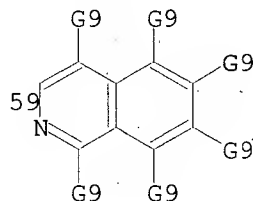
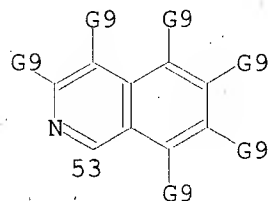
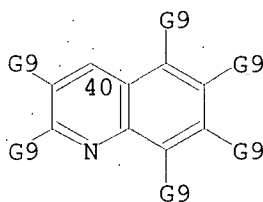
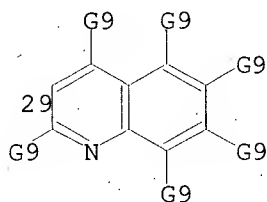
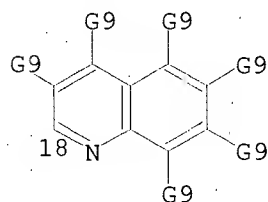


G5 = Ph (SO) / Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1),
RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4)

G6 = O / S / Se / Te

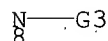
G7 = phenylene (SO) / Cb<EC (6-10) C, AR (1-),
BD (ALL) N, RC (1-2), RS (1-2) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO (1-2) G11)

G8 = 4-pyridyl (SO (1-2) G11) /
Hy<EC (1-) Q (1-) N, AR (1-), BD (6-) N, RC (2), RS (1-) E6>
(SO (1-2) G11) / (EX 18 / 29 / 40 / 53 / 59 / 70)

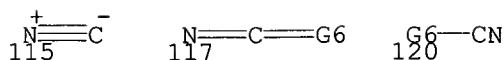


G9 = H / R

G10 = NH / 8



G11 = X / N3 / CN / 115 / 117 / 120 / NO2 / NH2 / CO2H /
OH / alkyl / alkoxy



MPL: disclosure
NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 52 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 118:191764 MARPAT

TITLE: Bis mono- and bicyclic aryl and heteroaryl compounds (e.g., quinolines) which inhibit EGF and/or PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase

INVENTOR(S): Spada, Alfred P.; Maguire, Martin P.; Persons, Paul E.; Myers, Michael R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone-Poulenc Rorer International (Holdings) Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

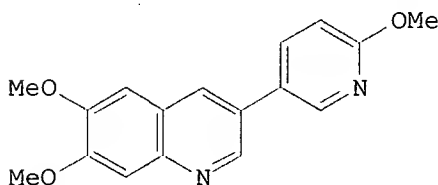
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9220642	A1	19921126	WO 1992-US3736	19920506
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, US				
RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9219934	A1	19921230	AU 1992-19934	19920506
AU 658646	B2	19950427		
EP 584222	A1	19940302	EP 1992-912051	19920506
EP 584222	B1	19971008		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 06507643	T2	19940901	JP 1992-500068	19920506
AT 159009	E	19971015	AT 1992-912051	19920506
ES 2108120	T3	19971216	ES 1992-912051	19920506
US 5409930	A	19950425	US 1993-146072	19931108
US 5656643	A	19970812	US 1995-385258	19950208
CN 1187129	A	19980708	CN 1996-194512	19960606
US 36256	E	19990720	US 1997-988005	19971210
US 37650	E	20020409	US 2000-496399	20000202
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-698420	19910510
			WO 1992-US3736	19920506
			US 1992-988515	19921210
			US 1993-146072	19931108
			US 1993-166199	19931210
			US 1994-229886	19940419
			WO 1994-US14180	19941208
			US 1996-652444	19960604

GI



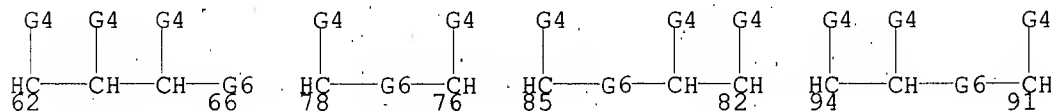
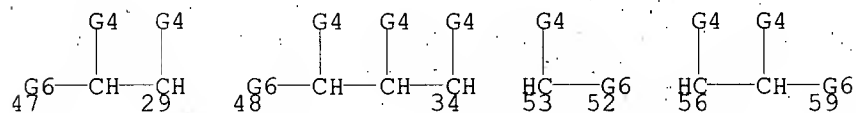
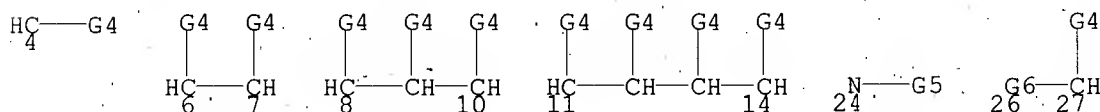
I

AB A method of using the title compds. in which a 1st ring system is (hetero)aryl, a 2nd ring system is (hetero)aryl or (hetero)carboxylic, and both ring systems are either (un)substituted monocyclic with 0-2 heteroatoms, or bicyclic with 0-4 heteroatoms, is claimed, along with pharmaceutical compns. and selected compds. Most of the prepd. and claimed compds. are quinolines and quinoxalines. The compds. are designed to inhibit abnormal cell proliferation, and their use for treating psoriasis, atherosclerosis, and vascular reocclusion is claimed. For example, coupling of 2-methoxy-5-(trimethylstannyl)pyridine with 6,7-dimethoxyquinolin-3-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (preps. given) in refluxing dioxane contg: Pd(PPh₃)₄ and LiCl gave pyridylquinoline deriv. I. The IC₅₀ of I for inhibiting PDGF-R cell-free autophosphorylation was 0.030-0.070 .mu.M.

MSTR 1A

G1—G3—G2
1 3

G1 = Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
AR (1-), RC (1-2), RS (0-) E5 (0-) E6 (0) OTHER>
(SO (1-3) G7)
G2 = Cb<RC (1-2)> (SO (1-3) G7) /
Hy<EC (1-) Q (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ, RC (1-2)>
(SO (1-3) G7)
G3 = 4 / 6-1 7-3 / 8-1 10-3 / 11-1 14-3 / O / NH / 24 /
S / S(O) / SO2 / 26-1 27-3 / 47-1 29-3 / 48-1 34-3 /
53-1 52-3 / 56-1 59-3 / 62-1 66-3 / 78-1 76-3 / 85-1 82-3 /
94-1 91-3

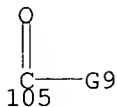


G4 = H / alkyl
G5 = alkyl
G6 = O / NH / 50 / S / S(O) / SO2



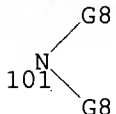
G7 = alkyl (SO (1-) aryl) / alkenyl (SO aryl) / Ph / OH /
alkoxy (SO (1-) aryl) / acyloxy / X / alkyl (SR (1-) X) /

NH₂ / alkylamino / dialkylamino / acylamino / 105 /
alkyl (SR alkoxy carbonyl) / alkenyl (SR alkoxy carbonyl)



G8 = cycloalkyl

G9 = OH / alkoxy (SO (1-) aryl) / NH₂ / alkylamino /
dialkylamino / 101



DER: and pharmaceutically acceptable salts
MPL: claim 3

L3 ANSWER 53 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 115:130038 MARPAT

TITLE: Microbicidal deodorizing sprays containing silane
compositions for domestic uses

INVENTOR(S): Mizuki, Fujio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dow Corning K. K., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

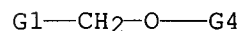
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03043483	A2	19910225	JP 1989-179641	19890712
JP 07068506	B4	19950726		

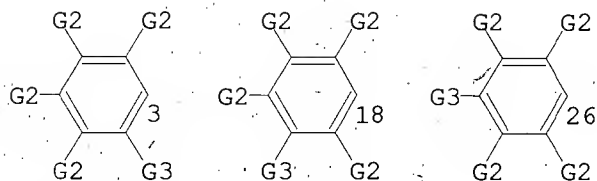
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1989-179641 19890712

AB An antimicrobial deodorant spray contains (1) silane derivs. R₁R₂R₃N+R₄S;
X₂X.Y- where X = alkoxy; Y = Br, Cl; R₁, R₂, R₃ = C₁-22 aliph.
hydrocarbyl, one of which is C₃-22 alkyl; R₄ = C₂-4 alkylene,
CH₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂CH₂, (2) MeOH or EtOH, and (3) water. This compn. is stable
for a prolonged period and does not produce gel during storage. A spray
consisted of (MeO)₃Si(CH₂)₃N+(CH₃)₂(C₁₈H₃₇)Cl-/MeOH mixt. (42:58% by wt.)
1.0, EtOH-70, and H₂O 29% by wt. The spray may be used in bathroom and
kitchen.

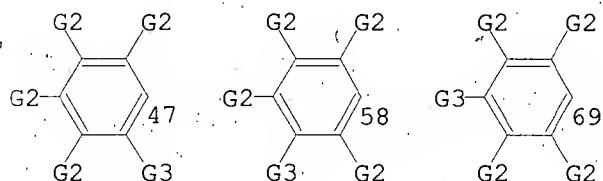
MSTR 1



G1 = 3 / 18 / 26



G2 = H / X
 G3 = H / alkyl / NH2 / alkylamino / CO2H /
 alkoxy carbonyl / OH / alkoxy / NHCOMe
 G4 = 47 / 58 / 69



MPL: claim 1

L3 ANSWER 54 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 113:241606 MARPAT

TITLE: Urethane derivatives and liquid-crystal phases and display devices containing them

INVENTOR(S): Eidenschink, Rudolf; Prass, Ellen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 14 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

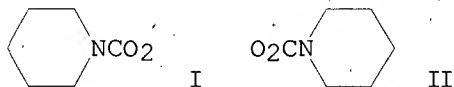
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

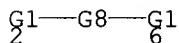
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3837663	A1	19900510	DE 1988-3837663	19881105
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			DE 1988-3837663	19881105

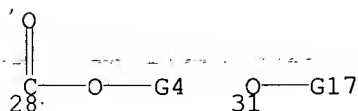


AB The urethane derivs. have the general formula R1Q1(A1Z1)nA2Q2R2, where R1, R2 = C1-18 alkyl or alkenyl, optionally substituted with CN or .gtoreq.1 halogen, in which .gtoreq.1 CH2 group may be replaced by O, S, CO, OCO, COO, OCOO, or C.tplbond.C, R1 or R2 may be H, or 1 of the groups R1Q1 and Q2R2 may be F, Cl, CN, OCF3, or CF3; Q1, Q2 = COO, OCO, or a single bond; A1, A2 = (a) 1,4-phenylene in which 1 or 2 CH groups can be replaced by N, (b) 1,4-cyclohexylene in which 1 or 2 nonadjacent CH groups can be replaced by O or S, or (c) 1,4-cyclohexylene, 1,4-bicyclo[2.2.2]octylene, or piperidin-1,4-diyl, and (a) and (b) may be singly or multiply substituted with halogen, CN, and/or Me; Z1 = COO, OCO, CH2CH2, OCH2, CH2O, or a single bond; n = 1-3; .gtoreq.1 of the groups A1Z1 and A2Q2 = I; and/or .gtoreq.1 of the groups Q1A1 and Z1A2 = II.

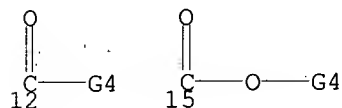
MSTR 1A



G1 = Ak (SO (1-) G2) / F / Cl / CN / OCF3 / CF3 / 28 /
31 / H / CO2H / OCHO / R



G2 = CN / R / 12 / 15

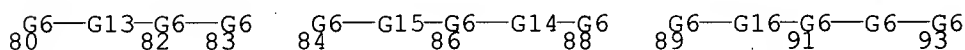
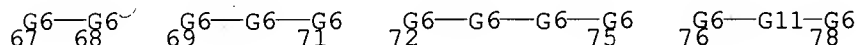


G4 = Ak (SO (1-) G5)

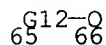
G5 = CN / X / R

G6 = Cb<EC (6) C, RC (1), RS (1) E6 (0) OTHER> (SO) /
Hy<EC (1-2) Q (4-5) C (0-) N (0-) O (0-) S (0) OTHERQ,
RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO) / Cb<EC (8) C, BD (ALL) SE,
FA (2) C, RC (2), RS (2) E6>

G8 = 67-2 68-6 / 69-2 71-6 / 72-2 75-6 / 76-2 78-6 /
80-2 83-6 / 84-2 88-6 / 89-2 93-6

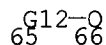


G11 = 65-76 66-78 / 66-76 65-78 / CH2CH2

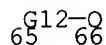


G12 = C(O) / CH2

G13 = 65-80 66-82 / 66-80 65-82 / CH2CH2



G14 = 65-86 66-88 / 66-86 65-88 / CH2CH2



G15 = 65-84 66-86 / 66-84 65-86 / CH2CH2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{G12-Q} \\ 65 \quad 66 \end{array}$$

G16 = 65-89 66-91 / 66-89 65-91 / CH2CH2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{G12-Q} \\ 65 \quad 66 \end{array}$$

G17 = Ak (SO (1-) G5) / 32

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{C} - \text{G4} \\ 32 \end{array}$$

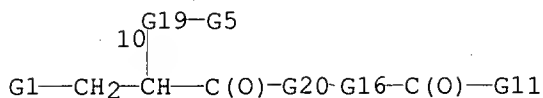
MPL: claim 1
NTE: substitution is restricted

L3 ANSWER 55 OF 55 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 112:234995 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation of (mercaptoacylamino)arylcarboxylates as antihypertensives and enkephalinase inhibitors
INVENTOR(S): Doll, Ronald J.; Neustädt, Bernard R.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Corp., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 15 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 250,035, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

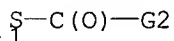
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4879309	A	19891107	US 1989-304881	19890130
WO 9003364	A1	19900405	WO 1989-US4068	19890925
W: AU, BB, BG, BR, DK, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, MC, MG, MW, NO, RO, SD, SU, US, US				
RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CM, DE, FR, GA, GB, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 8943429	A1	19900418	AU 1989-43429	19890925
EP 364767	A1	19900425	EP 1989-117684	19890925
R: ES, GR				
US 4879309	B1	19920714	US 1991-90002263	19910130
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 1988-250035	19880927
			US 1989-304881	19890130
			WO 1989-US4068	19890925

AB R1SCH2CH[(CH2)mR2]CONR4ACOR3 [I; A = pyridinediyl, (un)substituted phenylene; R1 = H, acyl; R2 = naphthyl, Ph2CH, (un)substituted Ph, PhO, PhCH2O, etc.; R3 = OH, (un)substituted NH2, alkoxy; R4 = H, alkyl, aralkyl; n = 0-3] were prepd. as antihypertensives and enkephalinase inhibitors (no data). Thus, BzSCH2CH(CH2Ph)COCl (prepn. given) was stirred 10 h with 3-H2NC6H4CO2H in pyridine to give BzSCH2CN(CH2Ph)CONHC6H4CO2H-3.

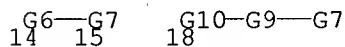
MSTR 1A



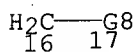
G1 = SH / 1



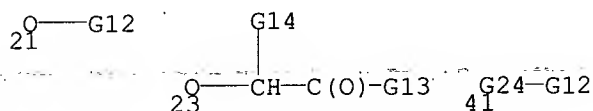
G2 = loweralkyl (SO (1-) G3) / alkoxy /
 Cb<EC (6) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4) / Ph / Cb<EC (10) C, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (2), RS (2) E6>
 G3 = OH / loweralkoxy / loweralkylamino /
 diloweralkylamino / Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO)
 G4 = loweralkyl / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / loweralkoxy / OH /
 F / Cl / Br / I / CN / CO₂H / loweralkoxycarbonyl / CH₂NH₂ /
 CONH₂ / aryl
 G5 = Cb<EC (6) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4) / 14 /
 Cb<EC (10) C, AN (1) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, FA (2) C,
 RC (2), RS (2) E6> / CHPh₂ / 18 / Ph



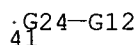
G6 = S / O / 16-15 17-10



G7 = Cb<EC (6) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4)
 G8 = O / S
 G9 = O / S / CH₂
 G10 = Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4)
 G11 = OH / 21 / NH₂ / 41 / 23



G12 = loweralkyl (SO (1-) G22)
 G13 = NH₂ / 41



G14 = H / alkyl (SO (1-) G15)
 G15 = 28 / SH / alkylthio / NH₂ / Ph /
 Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
 (SR (1-) OH) / NHC(NH)NH₂

²⁸
C(O)-G25

G16 = Cb<EC (6-10) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1-2), RS (1-2) E6> (SO (1-) G4) /
Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SR (1) 36) / phenylene /
(EX Hy<EC (1) Q (5) C (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>)

³⁶
G17-G18-G7

G17 = O / S
G18 = NULL / CH2
G19 = alkylene<(1-3)>
G20 = NH / 39

³⁹
N-G21

G21 = loweralkyl (SO (1-) aryl)
G22 = OH / loweralkoxy (SO (1-) loweralkoxy) / X /
loweralkoxy (SR (1-) X) / NH2 / loweralkylamino /
diloweralkylamino / aryl (SO)
G24 = NH / 43

⁴³
N-G12

G25 = OH / NH2
DER: or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
MPL: claim 1

MSTR 1B

⁴
G1-CH2-CH-C(O)-G20-G16-C(O)-G11
 |
 G5

G1 = SH / 1

¹
S-C(O)-G2

G2 = loweralkyl (SO (1-) G3) / alkoxy /
Cb<EC (6) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4) / Ph / Cb<EC (10) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (2), RS (2) E6>
G3 = OH / loweralkoxy / loweralkylamino /
diloweralkylamino / Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO) / Ph
G4 = loweralkyl / cycloalkyl<(3-6)> / loweralkoxy / OH /
F / Cl / Br / I / CN / CO2H / loweralkoxycarbonyl / CH2NH2 /

CONH2 / aryl
 G5 = Cb<EC (6) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4) / 14 /
 Cb<EC (10) C, AN (1) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, FA (2) C,
 RC (2), RS (2) E6> / CHPh2 / 18 / Ph

$\begin{array}{c} G6-G7 \\ 14-15 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} G10-G9-G7 \\ 18 \end{array}$

G6 = S / O / 16-15 17-4

$\begin{array}{c} H_2C-G8 \\ 16-17 \end{array}$

G7 = Cb<EC (6) C, AN (1-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4)
 G8 = O / S
 G9 = O / S / CH2
 G10 = Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1), RS (1) E6> (SO (1-) G4)
 G11 = OH / 21 / NH2 / 41 / 23

$\begin{array}{c} O-G12 \\ 21 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} G14 \\ | \\ O-CH-C(O)-G13 \\ 23 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} G24-G12 \\ 41 \end{array}$

G12 = loweralkyl (SO (1-) G22)
 G13 = NH2 / 41

$\begin{array}{c} G24-G12 \\ 41 \end{array}$

G14 = H / alkyl (SO (1-) G15)
 G15 = 28 / SH / alkylthio / NH2 / Ph /
 Cb<EC (6) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>
 (SR (1-) OH) / NHC(NH)NH2

$\begin{array}{c} C(O)-G25 \\ 28 \end{array}$

G16, = Cb<EC (6-10) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N,
 RC (1-2), RS (1-2) E6> (SO (1-) G4) /
 Cb<EC (6) C, AN (2-) C, AR (1-), BD (ALL) N, RC (1),
 RS (1) E6> (SR (1) 36) / phenylene /
 (EX Hy<EC (1) Q (5) C (1) N (0) OTHERQ, AN (2) C, AR (1-),
 BD (ALL) N, RC (1), RS (1) E6>)

$\begin{array}{c} G17-G18-G7 \\ 36 \end{array}$

G17 = O / S
 G18 = NULL / CH2
 G20 = NH / 39

N—G21
39

G21 = loweralkyl (SO (1-) aryl)
G22 = OH / loweralkoxy (SO (1-) loweralkoxy) / X /
loweralkoxy (SR (1-) X) / NH2 / loweralkylamino /
diloweralkylamino / aryl (SO)
G24 = NH / 43

N—G12
43

G25 = OH / -NH2
DER: or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
MPL: claim 1

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L12 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1989:593845 HCAPLUS

DN 111:193845

TI Kinetics and mechanism of the reaction of sodium hydroxide on 4-(halomethyl)-3-nitrobenzoic acids and the corresponding non-nitro derivatives in aqueous dioxane

AU Riad, Y.; El-Bardan, A.; Gundermann, K. D.

CS Fac. Sci., Alexandria Univ., Alexandria, Egypt

SO J. Chem. Res., Synop. (1989), (3), 78-9

CODEN: JRPSDC; ISSN: 0308-2342

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 111:193845

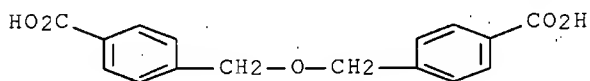
AB The relative rates for the hydrolysis [to give 3,4-R(HOCH₂)C₆H₃CO₂H (R = H, NO₂)] and etherification [to give (2,4-R(HO₂C)C₆H₃CH₂)₂O (R = H, NO₂)] were detd. for 3,4-R(R₁CH₂)C₆H₃CO₂H (R = H, NO₂; R₁ = halo) under the title conditions. The mechanism of the reactions are discussed. No ortho-effect is obsd.

IT 55255-64-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

RN 55255-64-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d bib abs hitstr 2

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1987:176477 HCAPLUS

DN 106:176477

TI Reagents and synthetic methods. 57. Reduction of carbonyl compounds promoted by silicon hydrides under the influence of trimethylsilyl-based reagents

AU Aizpurua, Jesus M.; Lecea, Begona; Palomo, Claudio

CS Fac. Quim., Univ. Pais Vasco, San Sebastian, 20080, Spain

SO Can. J. Chem. (1986), 64(12), 2342-7

CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042

DT Journal

LA English

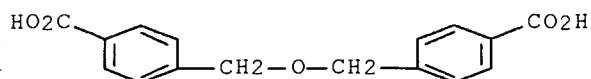
OS CASREACT 106:176477

AB 1,1,3,3-Tetramethyldisiloxane (I) in combination with iodotrimethylsilane or bromotrimethylsilane produces alkyl halides from aldehydes in good to excellent yields. Polymethylhydrosilane (II) in the presence of iodotrimethylsilane also produces benzyl iodides in excellent yields. On the contrary, II was unsuitable for the synthesis of benzyl bromides. Similarly, I in combination with trimethylsilyl triflate produces sym. ethers from aldehydes without concomitant formation of competitive products. Under similar conditions, II failed to provide the expected sym. ethers and Friedel-Crafts products were formed. Redn. of quinones to hydroquinones is also described.

IT 55255-64-6P

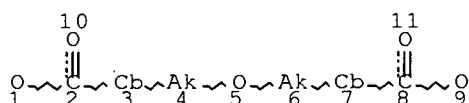
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, by redn. of aldehyde by silicon hydride)
 RN 55255-64-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> d.que

L3 2905828 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON NR=2 AND NRS=2
 L4 700673 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND O>4
 L7 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 1
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 3
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 4
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 6
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 7
 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 9
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT 3
 GGCAT IS LIN LOC SAT AT 4
 GGCAT IS LIN LOC SAT AT 6
 GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT 7
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
 ECOUNT IS E6 C AT 3
 ECOUNT IS E6 C AT 7

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L10 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L4 SSS FUL L7
 L12 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10

